Morning Oregonian.

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suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion will do well to avail ... this, the greatest boon ever laid ... suffering humanity. Dr. SPINNEY guarantees to forfeit $500 for every ... weakness or private disease of ... character which he undertakes ... cure. He would therefore say to ... sufferer who may read this ... are treading upon dangerous ... you longer delay in seeking the ... for your complaint. You may ... stage, remember you are approaching ... last. If you are bordering upon ... suffering some or all its ... that if you persist in ... must come when the most ... can render you no assistance ... of hope will be closed against ... angel of mercy can bring you relief ... The Doctor failed of success ... not despair work upon your ... avail yourself of the beneficial ... treatment before your case is beyond ... medical skill, or before grim ... you to a premature grave. Full ... treatment $25.00. Send money by ... order or Express with full description ... Call or address

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... the consequence of self abuse ... or depraved sexual indulgence ... youth of both sexes to an alarming ... producing with unerring certainty ... train of morbid symptoms ... scientific medical measures ... dark spots under the eyes, pain in ... in the ears, noise like the rustling ... of chariots, uneasiness about ... of the limbs, confused vision ... loss of confidence, diffidence ... strangers, a dislike to form new ... disposition to shun society, loss of ... flushes, pimples and various eruptions ... furred tongue, fetid breath ... night sweats, monomania and ...

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... WILL BE PUBLISHED ON OR ... 1st, the PORTLAND CITY ... for 1876 embracing a General Directory ... Portland ... a Directory of ... and other ... Business Directory and Present Condition ... the Progress and ...

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE ... the publisher will spare no ... to render it FULLY RELIABLE and AC... ... to make the DIRECTORY ... every citizen in Portland as a ... and index of the commercial condition ...

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Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F. ... every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock ... Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and ... streets. Members of the Order are invited ... By order of N. G.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Sensible Card.

New York, Dec. 10.—John H. Vincent, corresponding secretary of the Sunday School Union and [illegible] of the Methodist Episcopal Church, publishes a card in relation to the remarks in the [illegible] Preachers' meeting, on Monday, by Bishop [illegible] Haven. The secretary says the representatives of the Sunday School Union and Tract Society present at the Preachers' meeting had nothing whatever to do with the invitation to the bishop [illegible] sentiments he advanced, or the vote of welcome [illegible] him. The societies are entirely devoted [illegible] Christian work for which they were organized and have not the slightest interest either in [illegible] or candidates of political parties.

[illegible] of Railways and Telegraphs.

[illegible], O., Dec. 10.—Gov. Allen to day appointed [illegible] of Chillicothe commissioner of railways and telegraphs. Delano is a wealthy [illegible] and has been prominently [illegible] the State board of agriculture for [illegible] years.

[illegible] in Mississippi.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—The Times' Vicksburg special [illegible] has just reached that city of a bad state of affairs at Rolling Fork, 30 miles above Vicksburg. [illegible] a personal difficulty between a white man and a negro resulted in the latter's [illegible]. Shortly after a body of negroes [illegible] where the white man had concealed [illegible] knocking down the doors shot [illegible] immediately afterwards. Several negroes [illegible] in this outrage were arrested, when [illegible] the wounding of a number [illegible] and blacks. The community [illegible] of an outbreak [illegible], when information was received [illegible] were arming in large force to [illegible] the whites, who were unprepared, the [illegible] being largely in excess of the [illegible] Sheriff Scott, also notified the [illegible] of the intended insurrection and authorized [illegible] to act as a posse comitatus [illegible] the armed bands of negroes, numbering 75, under the command [illegible] met the negroes numbering [illegible] led by Noah Parker, near Hunt's place, [illegible] in which the colored commander and one of his captains, Arthur McBrooks, [illegible] were killed. The [illegible] wild confusion after the first [illegible] of the whites were seriously hurt. [illegible] quiet now, but the whites are still [illegible] negroes are reported organizing [illegible] conflict is expected.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—A special from Vicksburg says [illegible] Rolling Fork, 25 miles above [illegible] between the whites and blacks. Seven negroes, including their leaders, were killed. No [illegible] A later from there says all quiet [illegible] The negroes fled to the woods in fright. The [illegible] of the attempt of the negroes to rescue [illegible] friends arrested on account of a [illegible] difficulty with whites.

[illegible] Conference in Virginia.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—A conference of the [illegible] of the legislature was held to [illegible] a United States Senator vice [illegible]. Five ballots were taken. The fifth [illegible] Johnston, 40; Goode, 35; Smith, 3; A. H. [illegible] then put in nomination. [illegible] resulted—Johnston 42, Goode 47. [illegible] dropped. Adjourned.

[illegible] of a Murderer.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—A dispatch from Mineola says Wm. Delaney, who murdered [illegible] on board a schooner in Cow Bay [illegible] was hanged to-day. His bravado [illegible]. He made a speech confessing [illegible]. He died in seven minutes.

[illegible] Court of Inquiry.

[illegible] Dec. 10.—The Babcock court of inquiry [illegible]. Gen. Hancock said that this [illegible] to believe in the innocence of [illegible] until the facts proving his guilt were [illegible]. His reputation had been assailed [illegible] made in the St. Louis whisky [illegible] telegraphed asking a hearing [illegible] the same had called for a mili[illegible] was granted. Col. Babcock has [illegible] by the grand jury at St. Louis, and [illegible] out in a fair and legal trial. It [illegible] for Babcock to have a trial in [illegible] at St. Louis. After showing [illegible] only a limited jurisdiction and [illegible] civil court in the matter of [illegible] papers and records and that [illegible] not and could not influence the [illegible] before whom the civil case shall [illegible]. Hancock suggested that this court adjourn [illegible] to day, until a communication [illegible] from President Grant to whom [illegible] be stated. Judge Advocate Gardiner [illegible] from Babcock requesting his trial [illegible] military tribunal to be postponed until [illegible] St. Louis was concluded. The court adjourned to meet at noon to-morrow [illegible] further notice.

[illegible] the Panama Railway Steamship Cases.

New York, Dec. 10.—Judge Donohue to day [illegible] in chambers continuing the in[illegible] against the Panama Railway Steamship [illegible]. Judge Donohue in his opinion in the [illegible] Freeman, a stockholder of the Panama [illegible] Company, restraining the company [illegible] lines of ocean steamers, says, as to [illegible] was about the small amount of stock. It [illegible] by the plaintiff's counsel in their argument [illegible] under the constitution the defendants [illegible] is for a railroad cannot embrace a [illegible] on its title, namely steamship lines [illegible] they might run lines to all parts of the [illegible] that the legislature could charter no [illegible] lines, and that the legislature [illegible] the railroad company as a favor [illegible] the steamers needed for the rail[illegible] continued.

Money and Stocks.

New York, Dec. 10.—Gold, 114⅞; money, 4@[illegible] dull and strong; stocks dull and [illegible] W. U., 76⅝; Quicksilver, 18⅜; Pacific Mail, 38⅜; Wells, Fargo & Co., 82½; N. Y. [illegible] Erie, 16⅞; Panama, 125; Union Pacific, [illegible] 104⅞; C. P., 106⅞.

[illegible] Failure.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—E. D. Peters & Co., the oldest [illegible] lumber commission firm in this [illegible] failed. Large losses by shrinkage in [illegible] business depression are the causes assigned. [illegible] meeting of creditors is soon to be held.

Molly Maguire Murders.

[illegible] Dec. 10.—Dispatches from Mahoney [illegible] state there is much excitement [illegible] of two murders committed at [illegible] by masked men, who en[illegible] of Charles O'Donnell, seizing and [illegible] and carrying him back of the house, [illegible]. A man named McAllister [illegible] his house and shot. A sister of [illegible] also murdered. The murderers are [illegible] be Molly Maguires. No reason was [illegible] people in the neighborhood for the [illegible]

[illegible] Firm in Erie Canal.

[illegible], N. J., Dec. 10.—The ice in the canal [illegible] thick. There is no prospect of moving [illegible]

England [illegible] to America for Calico.

[illegible], Mass., Dec. 10.—An order has been [illegible] from Manchester, England, for 25,000 [illegible] printing cloth.

Committed for Contempt.

[illegible] Dec. 10.—Louis Rindskopf, [illegible] has been in jail a week for contempt of [illegible] refusing to answer the Supervisor as to the [illegible] for which he had paid a check of $200 to [illegible] Revenue Agent, last April, was [illegible] from jail by the Marshal and brought [illegible] Supervisor. The examination lasted two [illegible]. The result is unknown except that Rind[illegible] cleared himself of contempt by answer[illegible]. District Attorney refuses further infor[illegible]

WASHINGTON CITY.

Interoceanic Canal.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—A Washington special says [illegible] Williamson, U. S. minister to the [illegible] of Central America, is in the city. He is [illegible] in the success of the interoceanic [illegible] and with the supports of the board of [illegible] the Nicaragua route is the only feasible [illegible]. He answers the criticisms on this route. [illegible] It has been said by some critics that [illegible] the connection with the two oceans [illegible] cut through the isthmus of Darien so [illegible] of the two oceans could meet. He [illegible] thinks is utterly impracticable as [illegible] of the two oceans are very differ[illegible] tide at Aspinwall amounts to almost [illegible] while at Panama it comes in with the [illegible] force. Should a wide channel be cut [illegible] the waters of the Pacific to pass [illegible] Atlantic the immense pressure fr[illegible] would wash in enough sand to soon utterly [illegible] the channel. This is shown by the [illegible] from Panama a long way out the water [illegible] as it is all along the west coast [illegible] the Nicaragua route is used the canal [illegible] reaches the western shore will have to be [illegible] the sea for some distance, in order to per[illegible] of ships.

Protracted Cabinet Session.

[illegible], Dec. 10.—The Cabinet session [illegible] of unusual length and the attention of [illegible] President and Cabinet officers was directed [illegible] wholly to the subject of whisky frauds trials.

General Henderson Discharged.

[illegible] Attorney-General, who received in the noon [illegible] sworn statement of special counsel Henderson [illegible] presented them to the meeting and carefully [illegible] was given to the reading. There was [illegible] conversation afterwards on the contents [illegible] and on the remarks of the counsel as to [illegible] by him for the approval or disapproval of [illegible] Department of Justice, but nothing in the na[illegible] discussion and it is fully agreed that [illegible] were in no regard justifiable, the members of the Cabinet expressing themselves without reserve. The result was that it was determined to have a change made in the special counsel, and the Attorney General prepared the following dispatch, which was sent to U. S. Attorney Dyer late this afternoon:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10, 1875.

To Hon. D. P. Dyer, U. S. Attorney, St. Louis: The sworn report of Henderson's speech forwarded by Mr. Eaton and referred to by both you and Henderson in your dispatch yesterday as a correct report was read in a full cabinet meeting to day and was regarded by every member as an outrage on professional propriety thus to reflect, without a shadow of reason, upon the President by whom his employment by this department was sanctioned in order that no impediment might be placed in the way of bringing to a speedy punishment every defrauder of the revenue. You will advise Gen. Henderson of his discharge from further service and secure in his place the aid of the most able and efficient counsel you can find without regard to his politics.

(Signed) EDWARDS PIERREPONT,
Attorney General.

The United States Appeal.

The Attorney General directed an appeal to be taken from a decree of Judge Jackson in the Harpers Ferry case, which was recently decided against the Government in favor of the B. and O. R. R.

Removal and Appointment of Officers.

C. W. Clisbee, of Michigan, one of the reading clerks of the House, has been removed by the clerk, and Neil S. Brown, of Tennessee, appointed. J. W. Barclay, who was clerk at the Speaker's table, was also removed, and J. Scudder of Indiana appointed. Other changes are to be made to-morrow.

Fraud Foiled—Swindler Fled.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—A telegram has been received from Yokohama stating that a Portuguese having been detected in trying to negotiate false letters of credit purporting to be issued by Japan for $300,000, fled to America or to Europe.

Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The Agricultural Reports for November indicate that the corn crop of 1875 was one of the largest ever grown in the country. It is probably equal to the very large crops of 1870 and 1872. It is at least one fourth greater than the crop of 1874 and about one third larger than the crop of 1869. Every section of the Union reports some increase.

Gen. Babcock's Indictment Found.

The indictment against General Babcock by the grand jury at St. Louis has been officially communicated to the Attorney General. Special Counsel Henderson has telegraphed to the Attorney General that a sworn statement of the remarks he made on the Avery trial has been forwarded to the department of Justice.

CONGRESSIONAL.

House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—In the House after the reading of the journal, the oath was administered to Chaplain and Egbert, who were absent on Monday.

On motion of Gibson, a resolution was adopted adding to the committees of the House a committee of 11 to be known as the committee on Mississippi levees.

Hopkins offered a resolution that so much of the message of the President as related to the Centennial be referred to a select committee of 13.

A point of order having been made that the message had already been referred to committee of the whole and was not in the possession of the House the resolution, by unanimous consent was finally adopted.

Holman moved an adjournment but yielded to McDougall who asked leave to introduce and put upon its final passage, a bill repealing so much of the act of 3d of March 1875 as has been construed to cover postage on printed matter.

Starkweather said he had a bill, prepared by the Postoffice Department which he desired to offer as a substitute which provides that from 1st January 1876 postage shall be charged on pamphlets, transient newspapers, periodicals, magazines, hand bills, posters, unsealed circulars, prospectuses, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets at the rate of one cent for every two ounces or fraction thereof, and that postage on all other mailable matter of third class, shall remain as now provided by law.

Holman said he had no doubt the measure was exactly correct but it was a very important measure and should receive due consideration.

McDougall said he would accept Starkweather's bill as a substitute for his own.

Holman thought the bill was too broad in its provisions, and that proper time should be taken for consideration.

Starkweather said his bill had been prepared at the Postoffice Department, and ought to be considered immediately.

Cox—You committed a blunder last session about this matter, do not hurry us now.

Starkweather—I did not blunder.

Cox—Your side of the house did and we will rectify the blunder. If you will give us time Holman's bill will be printed in to-morrow's record so members can read it and be prepared to act at the next meeting.

Starkweather—Do I understand the gentleman from Indiana to object to the reduction of postage.

Holman—I do not. I have said frequently I thought the measure right. You passed the bill last session, and I am anxious to have it corrected.

Starkweather—You voted for it yourself and made the mistake. We want the mistake corrected.

Randall—Great numbers of mistakes were made in the bill last year and it seems to me they should be corrected after proper consideration.

Burchardt asked the Speaker whether McDougall's proposition was pending, as it had only been read to the House for information.

Motion to adjourn was then put and carried and the House adjourned until Tuesday next.

It was announced that the Democratic caucus would be held in the hall of the House next Monday.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Reform in Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 10.—The execution of the imperial decree reforming and reorganizing the tribunals has been officially announced.

VIENNA, Dec. 10.—The proposals of the three northern powers in regard to reforms in Turkey were definitely agreed to after an amendment in accordance with the views of the Porte.

LONDON, Dec. 11—6 A. M.—A Berlin dispatch to the *Times* says the Austrian and Russian negotiations as to Turkey contemplate a perfect equality between the Christians and Turks. The ambassadors of the powers are to be granted information in regard to any measure projected by the Porte so as to be able to advise and influence the decisions. Russia will no longer object to the plan of reform if the Porte consents.

Russia and Prussia Agreed about Turkey.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—It is stated that a recent conference between Prince Bismarck and Prince Gortschakoff resulted in an agreement for the peaceful solution of the Turkish difficulty. They will not raise the Eastern question nor are they in favor of an international conference on the Suez canal question.

Wreck of the Deutschland—Unnecessary Delay in Sending Aid.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Dispatches from London state that when the *Deutschland* left Bremen she had 101 adults, 11 children and 2 infants on board. Of these 58 were saved and 56 are missing, together with a few of the crew. Mr. Meyers, a Brunswick merchant who was a passenger, censures the people of Harwich for not sending aid on Monday. He says the sea was rough but not dangerous, and thinks the captain might safely have launched the boats during the day, some of which were only swept away Tuesday night. The tug boat brought in yesterday six additional corpses, two females and four males. One was identified as [illegible] passenger. The identification of the corpses is difficult. A Franciscan monk conveyed the bodies of five nuns to the monastery at Stratford, near London, for interment. Other bodies among them a babe, were buried at Harwich. No arrangements were made for recovering the cargo, and a fleet of fishing smacks is around the vessel carrying away everything portable. The scene of ruin and plunder is awful. The captain was on deck at the time of the disaster.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The steamer *Deutschland* is hopelessly wrecked. The Board of Trade will institute an inquiry into the disaster.

Another inquest was opened at Harwich on the second group of bodies brought from the *Deutschland*. Capt. King, master of the tug *Liverpool*, was examined, testified that the coastguard notified him Monday evening of signals of distress, but on account of the storm, it was not thought prudent to put out to sea until day. He did not believe if he had reached the wreck sooner he could have [illegible] saving the lives earlier than he did, as the sea was so high during the night. Adjourned until Tuesday.

Khokand.

A dispatch from Vienna says advices have been received from Khokand that Gen. Kauffman is [illegible] which has an effective force of [illegible] men [illegible] still number 2,000.

French Assembly Compromise between the Right and Left.

A Paris dispatch says in consequence of the [illegible] of balloting for senators in the Assembly [illegible] with the [illegible] to draw up a compromise list of candidates.

Parliament to Assemble February 8, 1876.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The official *Gazette* [illegible] Parliament [illegible] February 8, 1876, for dispatch of [illegible] urgent and important affairs.

$1,000 for the Statue of Liberty.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The municipality of Paris voted to subscribe 5,000 f. to the fund for the centennial statue of liberty in New York harbor.

Assembly Voting for Life Senators.

In the Assembly to-day the balloting for life senators was resumed. The following were elected by the Right: Generals d'Aurelle de Paladines and Changarnier. By the Left: Generals Treybault and Chanzy, Admirals Jothuan and Fourichon and MM. Krantz, Duclerc, Delasteyrie, Corne, Tabouly, Roger, Foubert, Wolowski, St. Hilaire, Casimer Perrier, Cordier, Picard and Moville. The success of the Left is attributed to the support given it by the Legitimists and Bonapartists.

Spanish Soldiers for Cuba.

MADRID, Dec. 10.—Fifteen hundred soldiers left Cadiz for Cuba.

Information Wanted.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—A telegram from Berlin says all the members of the Liberal party in the Reichstag have signed an interpellation asking the government for information in regard to the loss of the *Deutschland*. In addition to this a motion was made in the Reichstag for the introduction of a measure providing for official inquiries into casualties to German shipping.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Wrecks.

HALIFAX, Dec. 10.—The schooner *Hopewell* and *Waterwitch* were wrecked on the 29th. The former on Biscayan Rock and the latter at Pouch Cove. Nineteen men were drowned.

CANADA.

Welland Canal Closed.

TORONTO, Ontario, Dec. 10.—The Welland Canal closes for the season on the 14th.

SECRETARY BRISTOW AND THE WHISKY RING.

It is one of the most encouraging signs of the times that while the Governor of New York is fighting the canal thieves, the Secretary of the Treasury is grappling with the powerful and wily whisky ring. This contest is quite as significant and important as that in New York, although it has been conducted with less regard to public display and party advantage. Those who know the Secretary of the Treasury are aware that he is not a man to compromise or relax such a task as that to which he has set his hand, but the extent and the intricacy of which are not properly understood by the country. The most comprehensive and instructive article upon the subject, prepared evidently with entire familiarity with its details and interior history, appeared in a late number of the *Financier*, which is of opinion that the whisky ring and its enormous frauds and the immense official demoralization produced by it are due primarily to the present system of the civil service.

The State of Missouri and the city of St. Louis were in the hands of the Democrats, and to recover power it was proposed by certain Republican politicians that a campaign fund should be raised by the revenue officers among the distillers who found that those who gave liberally were suitably considered by those officers. The fund was raised, but the party was not successful, and the influences that had suggested the fund now proposed a newspaper organ. For some time about a thousand dollars was raised weekly for this purpose, and as this went on the officers naturally thought that they might raise money in the same way for themselves. In 1872 a regular division of the spoils was arranged. Then it became necessary to protect the system from observation and exposure. Agents were found in Washington. Intimates and branch rings were established elsewhere, newspapers were retained, and gradually the profits of the ring reached the sum of $1,200,000 in St. Louis alone.

The President was made to believe that the money raised was entirely for party objects. He maintained intimate relations, unconsciously, with leaders of the ring who were revenue officers. Their power seemed to be absolute. The ring was apparently omnipotent in Washington, and many thought that the President could not be innocent. But the positive support of the Secretary in his contest shows that he was wholly wronged by such suspicions, as has, indeed, always proved to be the fact under similar circumstances. Distillers and rectifiers were forced to abet the ring by an ingenious foisting of apparent frauds upon them, and they could save themselves from prosecution and ruin only by acquiescing in the conspiracy. Complaints were made in vain to ears that were stopped by the ring. Proofs fell into its concealed hands. One or two persons peculiarly persistent against it were assaulted at night and left for dead. The ring packed caucuses and conventions. It bought and bribed newspapers. It dictated appointments to minor offices. It had a revenue of a million of dollars a year, and apparently reposed under the highest protection. It stole like Tweed, and, like him defied justice. It cheated like the canal ring and like that, bribed the officers of the law.

This was the insolent and powerful public enemy intrenched within its own party which Secretary Bristow attacked, and with such sagacity, vigor, and resources that he is already virtually the victor. Many of the distillers and rectifiers have pleaded guilty and thrown themselves upon the mercy of the government. Two of the officers have been convicted. Two have pleaded guilty. Many more are upon trial, and half a million dollars have already been recovered to the Treasury. A former deputy collector has turned state's evidence and confessing his own guilt has given such testimony that Constantine Maguire, former collector and last spring the Republican candidate for mayor of St. Louis, has been indicted, and with him Wm. McKee, the principal proprietor of the *Globe Democrat*, who states however that he will fully establish his innocence. The report that the President's brother and his private secretary has been indicted probably arose from some desperate declaration of implicated persons that they would make startling revelations. So far as such threats were meant to deter the Secretary or the President they are futile. President Grant, in his decisive note of last summer to Secretary Bristow, exhorted him to push inflexibly forward, and Mr. Bristow has not faltered.

He has been doing an immense and heroic public service, but so quietly and unostentatiously that the country has not been fully aware of its importance and extent. Nor has Mr. Bristow sought in any way to turn it to partisan or personal advantage. But of course, like all vigorous and efficient service, it has had that effect. It has shown the Secretary's purpose and ability to secure administrative reform, and it has most conspicuously illustrated the possibility of reform within the party. Meanwhile, as the *Financier* truly remarks, the system of which this gigantic conspiracy was a natural growth still remains absolute, and is approved by both parties. It is the system which treats the civil service as party spoils and not as a public business. A reform of this system upon principles vindicated by experience and common sense would not indeed make bribery and collusion impossible. But because sanitary regulations can not abolish disease and death, it is not argued that men may as well breathe the fumes of a cesspool. Because a reform of the civil service would not abolish dishonesty, it is not necessary to encourage stealing.—*Harper's Weekly*, Nov. 27.

THE TERRITORIES.

Among the six Mormons in Oneida county, Idaho, indicted for polygamy, is George Stu[illegible], a telegraph operator, whose two wives are sisters and both beautiful.

Centerville, Idaho, once a prosperous mining town, is likely to be in a place of desolation soon. A letter from there says: "Several of our citizens talk of going to the Centennial next summer, some others are going to [illegible] some one place and some another, but all of them are going away from here, so that if [illegible] up on their calculations there will soon be nothing left to write about."

Peter Mott [illegible] short time ago [illegible] arrest by shooting the sheriff of M[illegible] county, Montana, afterward crossed the British line in company with two men who were driving a band of cattle, from whom he stole two horses, and succeeded in making his escape, although hotly pursued. He traded the horses to Piegan Indians. Emboldened by his success he subsequently went to Sun river, where he stole five horses from Held Mann, with which he returned to the neighborhood of Fort Macleod. During his absence at Sun river a warrant was issued for his arrest, and on his reappearance he was seized, and is now imprisoned in Fort Macleod awaiting a requisition to deliver him to American authorities.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—Ophir, 44; Mexican, 18½; G. & C., 18½; B. & B., 54; Savage, 14½; H. & N., 41; Point, 30; Jacket, 85; Imperial, 9; Empire Mill, 5½; Kentuck, 13½; Belcher, 32½; Confidence, 17; Con. Virginia, 367½; S. Nevada, 18½; California, 63½; Bullion, 42; Exchequer, 12; Overman, 55; Justice, 31½; Succor, 75c; Union Con., 9½; Buckeye, 2½; Lady Bryan, 2½; Julia, 14½; Caledonia, 22; Baltimore, 2½; Utah, 13½; S. Hill, 7½; Eclipse, 6; R. Island, 2½.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley, 5; Lily, 19½; Eureka Con., 16½; Eldorado South, 1½; Leopard, 9½; Gila, 2½; Panther, 1½; Mansfield, 1½; Advance, 4½; Chariot, 62c; Occidental, 3¼; American Flat, 2; Alta, 2½; Lady Washington, 3; Woodville, 3½; Andes, 2½; Modes, 7¼; Wells Fargo, 25c; Cosmopolitan, 35c; Leviathan, 2½; Con. Va., 370; Amazon, 1¾; S. California, 22; Monumental, 75c; Choonta, [illegible] B. & B., 56½; Point, 30½; S. Nevada, 19½; Justice, 31½; Belcher, 33½; H. & N., 41; G. & C., 19½; California, 66½; Julia, 14½; Chollar, 83; Ophir, 46½; Kentuck, 14½; Overman, 56½.

Greenbacks—87 buying, 87½ selling.

L. H. Gaskill Recovering.

SAN DIEGO, Dec. 10.—L. H. Gaskill, of Campo, who was severely wounded on Saturday, is improving, and there is every prospect of his recovery.

Petition for Steamers to Stop at Santa Monica.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 10.—A petition is being extensively signed by business men demanding that all steamers of Goodall, N. & P. shall stop at Santa Monica, our new seaport.

San Fernando refined petroleum finds ready sale at 30 cents per gallon. The Star Oil Co. have made a success in refining the crude product.

Weather fine. No signs of rain.

UTAH.

Strong Charge to the Jury Against Polygamy.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 10.—Chief Justice White delivered a strong charge to the jury to day in the Geo. Reynolds polygamy case, calling for the enforcement of the law of Congress as regards polygamy in this Territory before further injury is done to innocent women and children. The jury, this evening, brought in a verdict of guilty, with recommendation to mercy.

ARIZONA.

Indian Depredations in Arizona.

PRESCOTT, Dec. 10.—The Indians have stolen 11 head of cattle from Geo. Hance & Bro. and shot four more near Verde river, also robbed the camp of Mr. Brahms. The scouts are in pursuit.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Convicted and Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 10.—Daniel Doty was convicted of assault with intent to kill, and was sentenced to-day by Judge Prim, to four years' imprisonment in the penitentiary and to pay the costs of prosecution.

THE COST OF AN EXPOSITION WEDDING.

The Executive Committee of the Exposition, lately held at Pittsburg, Pa., advertised for a couple to be married in public in the hall of the Exposition. The Executive Committee offered, as an inducement, to provide the wedding outfit. In response to the advertisement, the following letter was received, which we clip from the Pittsburg *Leader*:

OAKDALE, Pa., Nov. 3, 1875.

A. J. Nellis, Esq., President [illegible]

DEAR SIR—We have made an estimate of the entire outfit for wedding in the Exposition building, and think the estimate of articles are *low*, but if your committee think they are *overestimated* we may be willing to do it for *less*. Yet it may be to the interest of the management to give us a *good outfit* as the dress may be *criticised*. If you can afford to do *more* add the sum to the *traveling fee*. If less erase the articles you think too expensive and we will do the best we can.

Our greatest trouble will be the criticism of parties who know we have been fitted out by the Exposition of Pittsburgh.

Of course you will use your judgment in regard to this matter and as the intended bride was once a dressmaker, I suppose her outfit is not too expensive.

We will be satisfied with the amount named if check is given but would rather have more for bridal tour if committee could afford it, and we request Rev. J. Vannote to perform the ceremony.

Hoping our bill will not be beyond the boundary line of any of your committee, we remain very respectfully, yours,

EMMA L. PIERCE,
GEORGE A. McBRIDE.

BRIDE'S OUTFIT.

1 dress (silk)	$ 50 00
Trimmings	[illegible] 00
1 traveling dress and cloak	[illegible] 00
1 bridal dress	[illegible] 00
1 wrapper	10 00
1 pair boots	[illegible] 00
1 pair slippers	[illegible] 00
1 hat	10 00
Gloves	5 00
Underwear	10 00
Lining for dresses	5 00
Sacque	20 00
Total	$[illegible] 00

ARTICLES FOR WEDDING OUTFIT—GROOM'S OUTFIT.

1 suit	$ [illegible] 00
1 vest (white, extra)	6 00
1 overcoat	[illegible] 00
1 silk hat	[illegible] 00
1 pair boots	[illegible] 00
1 pair gloves	[illegible] 00
Underwear	6 00
Bell's outfit	[illegible] 00
Expenses of the ceremony	[illegible] 00
Wedding tour	100 00
Total	$[illegible]

TURKEY.—The Turkish Government has since 1855 contracted an enormous foreign debt, which saddles the taxpayer with a yearly payment of £15,000,000 in the shape of interest. There is small prospect of this ever being cleared off, as the whole revenue amounts to but $18,000,000, of which the Sultan takes two for his civil list. Meanwhile the productive forces of the Empire have not been developed by productive outlay. There are no roads, and the miserable inhabitants of a province afflicted by famine starve because there are no communications while perhaps fifty miles off plenty reigns. Indeed so low has the spirit of the Mohammedan populations of Asia Minor sunk through continuous misgovernment that it is probable that a Russian army advancing on Constantinople from the Caucasus would encounter but small resistance from the natives. The only chance of the real regeneration of Turkey appears to be in a timely retreat into Asia and in devoting herself honestly to the development of the resources of that magnificent quarter of the globe. A similar line of conduct has afforded Austria whatever prospects she may still possess of staving off her ultimate extinction as an empire.—[illegible] *Magazine*.

A PENNILESS KING.—There is living now in Milan a man without a roof to cover his head, who only a few years ago was a king. The London *Echo* tells his story as follows: [illegible] VII of [illegible] Prince of [illegible], whose father was in the year 1841 dispossessed by the Russians. Shortly after [illegible] the inhabitants of [illegible] called his son to the throne by the name of Leo VII, but a simple command from St. Petersburg [illegible] the only result of his brief elevation being the loss of all his property and the withdrawal of a pension of 1,000 francs which had been allowed him by the Russian Government. The landless monarch had indeed some capital in England and American banks but this he lost in consequence of engaging in rash speculations. He then sold his jewels and other valuables and soon had absolutely nothing left. He is now living with his wife and six children in the bitterest poverty.

SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENCE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The gamblers here have a nice little game they call "bunko," which captures not only the Oregon flat and other greenies but occasionally takes in some of the city sharps. One of Oregon's sharpest youths, one who thinks he is up to all the little games of the city, recently fell an easy prey to the snare skillfully laid for him by Tebbeth Marion, the bunko sharp. Sauntering along Montgomery street one day last week, a stylish, but plainly dressed gentleman, stepped up to him and said:

"How do you do, Mr. B.? When did you come down from Oregon?" He then proceeded to inform Mr. B. that he had just returned from the East and said that he had met several Oregonians on the street, mentioning their names and conversed about things and people in Oregon so familiarly that no doubt was entertained by our friend B. that the party was an Oregonian, and as no Oregonian away from home gives a brother Webfoot the cold shoulder, he chatted familiarly with the stranger while walking several blocks. Finally the stranger said, "I must go and get a lottery ticket cashed, won't you go around to the office?" They went to an office on Post street, and the stranger in a business-like way presented the ticket. He was paid $150 by a clerk, who told him that there was $1 still coming to him and that the office paid no amounts in odd dollars in coin but that he would give him a ticket which would give him a chance in the next lottery, or he could draw it then. The stranger concluded to draw then. He was taken to a table on which certain numbers were painted, and was furnished with a number of cards on which duplicate numbers were painted to draw from. On the first draw he was told that he was entitled to another ticket, which was given to him. This he kindly gave to our friend B——. Both drawing, B—— was told that he had drawn $150, but it was in chancery. The "manager" then took a book, which was handed to him by a second clerk and read the rules governing the drawing from which it appeared that the amount "in chancery" required a deposit of $10, which entitled the party to another draw, etc. The thing looked business-like, and so B—— pungled his $10 and drew and won, but it seemed the more he won the more he had to pay for this time it was a $20 piece that was required. He had put up fifty or sixty dollars before it dawned upon him that it was the queerest lottery he had ever come across, and he told them, which was a fact, that he had no more money with him. They told him it was a pity for him to lose all the money he had won, for all the money he had won was his, but whenever he wanted to draw it the manager would show the rules, which showed that he had to put more money down before he could take any up. He was told that he could deposit any check, draft, or other security which he might have about him, but our friend thought there was something loose, but could not tell exactly what, and though he had a draft for a considerable amount in his pocket, he told them that he had nothing that he could use, with him. He departed a poorer and a wiser man, and if you want to have your coat tails elevated, just ask B—— when he gets home, if he has got that money out of chancery yet. B—— feels somewhat consoled for the loss of his money by having had the satisfaction of gazing upon the gentlemanly Oregonian, the manager and the first clerk, as they have successively stood in the prisoner's dock at the police court, within the past few days.

The inspectors of steam vessels are holding a private investigation of the *Pacific* disaster. The public want to know why such an investigation should be held with closed doors, and some of the papers do not hesitate to say that it is done to whitewash the steamship company.

The papers every day are full of highway robberies, hoodlum outrages, and daring burglaries.

The city is full of thieves, and hoodlums can be found on every corner. The police have just succeeded in capturing a gang of burglars, who it is supposed have committed at least twenty three burglaries in less than two months. A large amount of plunder was recovered.

The daily press of the city can't afford to send their papers out at an early hour by lightning express train, as they do in the East, but are showing a commendable enterprise in running a steamer to Oakland for their own accommodation, leaving the wharf long before the ferryboat has made her first trip. The *Chronicle* and *Call* still continue the game of brag. The *Call* got the better of its lively rival last week, and a good joke on it at the same time. The *Chronicle* announced with great flourish of trumpets, big posters, etc., that they would in a few days commence the publication of a translation from the French of a popular story by a celebrated French author, from advance sheets procured at great expense. A couple of days after the first announcement the *Call* commenced the publication of the same story, and had concluded it before the *Chronicle* had commenced. Yesterday the *Chronicle* published the entire story, but the glory was off, they had been advertising and puffing the thing for the benefit of their rivals.

Money still continues tight and it is necessary to pin a United States bond to gilt edged paper to get accommodation at the bank.

Stocks are slowly advancing and there will probably be a strong market before long. Justice, which was selling at $23 ten days ago, is now selling at $41. One broker came to grief shorting it, and it is reported that one or two others are shaky. It is understood the cause of the rise is that they have struck it rich in the 800-foot level, but in stocks you can't most always tell sometimes.

Rents in San Francisco are very high, and people of moderate income are forced to live in boarding houses, or, as a large percentage of the population do, rent rooms and take their meals at restaurants. Fortunately good restaurants are to be found all over the city and it is astonishing how cheaply a person can live, if bent on economy, after getting posted. There are, of course, all grades, but there is probably no place where a person can live so well on a small amount as here. As it may be a matter of interest to your readers I will give you prices given to me by a fellow Oregonian who went through against Ophir, and is now economizing so as to have another whack at it. He says the food is well cooked, of excellent quality, and the restaurant located on a good street in the best part of the city. If not very hungry, or your purse is lean, you can have any kind of roast meat, cup of coffee, potatoes, hot roll, cold bread and butter, for 10 cents. To be a little aristocratic you can add 5 cents for any kind of soup and any kind of pie or pudding will add only 5 cents more to the bill. Oysters in every style, 15 cents. A mutton chop or beef steak cooked to order with potatoes, bread and coffee or tea will cost 15 cents. Three ten cent dishes can be had for 20 cents. If you want a high toned dinner at a small expense pass by Swain's and drop into Campi's Italian Restaurant, where you can get a dinner of seven courses served in excellent style, with a bottle of claret, for 50 cents.

We have had rain nearly every day for several weeks and the prospect for good crops next season is as good as can be desired. Why is there no supply of pamphlets here to give to immigrants coming here to seek homes. There is a great demand for information in relation to Oregon and every dollar expended in advertising the country will pay thousands of dollars profit. The people of Oregon are behind the times on the immigration question. Outside of a very few persons they don't seem to realize the importance of publishing information in regard to the country.

If we get that little slice of land from Mexico, Oregon will have to stir herself, or the population for some time will decrease instead of increasing as the tide will set strong that way.

X.

The Odd Fellows Lodge at Cornelius contains 40 members and is very prosperous.

OREGON.

There is a pool of 11,000 bushels of wheat at Peoria.

A steam flouring mill is talked of at Peoria, Linn county.

The Coos county *Record* came out enlarged and much improved in general appearance last week.

The good people of North Yamhill are preparing for a festive time on the evening of Dec. 25th.

A large shark was seen in the slough at Utter City last week, apparently looking for some one.

Rev. J. F. Ellis has been engaged to preach at the Forest Grove Congregational Church for another year.

The vote at the municipal election was larger, by 75 votes, than at any previous election in Albany.

The epizootic is again prevalent in Jackson county, and a large number of horses have it, though in a very mild form.

A. S. Mercer's connection with the *Granger* has ceased. Hon. N. W. Garretson, a writer of reputed ability, takes his place.

The Golden Rule at Cornelius was resuscitated last week, and the propositions of 11 ladies and 10 gentlemen were read.

Harrisburg [illegible] vote, out of a possible 100, at her recent city election. Last year her vote was 35. Harrisburg is growing.

A pot of boiling meat turned over on the foot of Mr. Louis Garrison, of McMinnville, recently and burned it very severely.

A man in Jefferson, last week, pawned his suspenders for whisky, remarking at the time that he would trust in Providence to keep his trowsers on.

Articles of incorporation were to have been filed at Albany, on the 9th, incorporating the Subscribers' Association and Reading Room. Capital stock, $500; shares $5 each.

The stockholders of the Linn County Agricultural Society are notified to meet at their office, in Albany, on the 8th day of January, at 2 o'clock P. M., to elect seven directors.

Some sheep-raisers in Farmington precinct, Washington county, turned out one morning recently and killed four dogs before breakfast, since which their flocks have depleted less rapidly.

The Yamhill *Reporter* learns that the Railroad Company have raised freight charges again, at North Yamhill to a rate that is two cents higher per bushel from that point than it is from St. Joseph.

The Albany *Register* has a correspondent who is inclined to believe that some of the original subscribers to the Harrisburg bridge fund have "resigned," as it appears there is a deficiency somewhere.

The Grangers of Columbia Academy celebrated the anniversary of their order Saturday. The Hillsboro Grange participated with the Columbia Academy Grange in the celebration. House was crowded.

A correspondent of the *Independent* writing of the quarterly examinations at Forest Grove, says the Japanese students excelled most of the American boys, showing what close application and studious habits will accomplish.

Nine marriage licenses were issued by the county clerk of Washington county, in the month of November—an unusually large number for that month, as they generally wait until the holidays, when they have nothing else to do.

Robert Halld, accused of stealing a horse in Wasco county, and who was brought from Walla Walla on a requisition from Governor Grover, has been tried at the Dalles, and two juries disagreeing in the case, the prisoner was discharged.

Our Hillsboro correspondent, under date of the 9th, writes: "The west half of the Davis creek bridge fell yesterday. Luckily there was no team on it at the time, though a team was standing at the further end, just ready to cross when it fell."

The *Democrat* says: "It is rumored that the city election in Albany on Monday was irregular, and in consequence the successful candidates of that day are waltzing around on their left ears. The unsuccessful candidates are using soothing syrup to quiet them."

The Coos Bay *News* says: "Frank Geary, the night watchman at North Bend, was missing last Sunday morning. About half of his night's work was done. It is feared he is drowned. Parties were searching for his body on Sunday, but it has not been discovered."

The schooner *Sparrow* capsized one day last week while sailing in over the bar at the mouth of the Umpqua river. One of the wheel ropes parted in consequence of which she became unmanageable. Three men were drowned. The body of one was found entangled in the rigging as the vessel righted up again. The captain, mate and three others were saved.

Three average sized turnips from a patch raised this year by Miles Davis, in Beaverton precinct, Washington county, weighed all together 55½ pounds. The first one was 3 feet and 3 inches in circumference and 1 foot in diameter and weighed 23 pounds; the second 10½, the third 15 pounds. They were raised on up-land and the seed was sown about the 1st of July.

The Jacksonville *Times* says: "The ore from the Emoline mine of Beaver creek, owned by Messrs. Klippel, Turner, Cornell and Miller, offers a favorable contrast in comparing it with California specimens. Some of the poorest of the Emoline rock gives evidence of being in every way equal to that of the best afforded by many of the mines now worked with profit in our neighboring State."

On Thursday of last week, as Mr. T. L. Nichols on the Logan farm was engaged in pulling oak grubs with a lever, some part of the apparatus gave way causing the lever to spring out of place with great force, striking Mr. Nichols across the abdomen. It was thought he had received internal injuries, and a physician was immediately summoned who after considerable labor with the patient administered relief to him.

THE TYRANNY OF SHAKESPEARE.—Perhaps the attacks upon the literary and moral record of Shakespeare are partly owing to a sense of oppression suffered by mankind under the weight of so tremendous an intellect. It is an unendurable tyranny. There is no escape from it. No matter in what new direction a new writer sallies forth, almost always he discovers that this indomitable mind has pushed its way before him. Imagine for instance, the effect of a consciousness of this upon our nineteenth century writers of tragedies. Tennyson knew well before essaying his latest work, that the highest praise he could hope to win was the praise of even remote association with that high and sacred name. A critic dares to suggest such an association and the world rises up in rebuke. In vain The Spectator reviews one of Shakespeare's tragedies, points out its weaknesses, and shows how much more severe we are upon the contemporary poet than upon the author of Henry VIII. What does the world care for Shakespeare's faults? It is *Shakespeare* that it wants.—*The Old Cabinet*, *Scribner for December*.

The movement for the establishment of foreign markets for our domestic manufactures to whose incipiency we lately referred is extending and broadening. The Boston *Advertiser* says that the experiment of sending our cotton goods to England for sale in competition with English fabrics has been so far successful that an order has been received by Boston manufacturers for more goods to the value of about $150,000, and that this order will doubtless be followed by others. The exports of dry goods from New York the past week also were very considerable. The exportation of sugar has been renewed since the suspension of the recent Treasury order concerning the drawback, the shipments from New York last week exceeding $200,000 in value. Leather to the value of $146,000 was also exported. These goods were shipped to every part of the globe.

WAR'S HORRORS.

BRUTALITY WITH WHICH THE WAR IN HERZEGOVINA IS CONDUCTED.

[From the Levant Herald, Constantinople.]

From a Ragusa letter, published by a Croatian journal in a recent number, we translate the following passages. The narrative proceeds from a slave source.

The battle in the valley of Glavskol-Dol is, without a doubt, the most bloody that has been fought in these regions since the engagement which took place at Grahovo early in 1860, at the beginning of the Turko-Montenegrin war. At 8 o'clock in the evening, after four hours' march, we reached the advanced guard of the insurgent cohort (drujina) of Banians in the valley. A picket of soldiers escorted us to the bivouac of the insurgent leaders. Under two large trees squatting round a blazing fire were Maximo Batchevitch, hereditary voivode of Banians; Peko Pavlovitch, the leader of the Montenegrin volunteers, Pope Milo Ivoichitch, the soldier priest, and four insurgent captains of [illegible] mark.

The letters I had brought having informed the chiefs of the object of my visit, Pavlovitch gave me some particulars of the [illegible] day's battle, which were followed by a detailed narrative from Pope Milo. But when I inquired wherefore, in defiance of the [illegible] of civilized warfare, the insurgents cut off the heads of fallen enemies, Pope Milo said that no certainty could exist as to the death of an enemy save when his head was off. I then asked why, after decapitating an enemy, they likewise cut off his nose, and was told that the man who had killed the greatest number of foes was regarded as the bravest, and has a right to become a captain or even a voivode, but that he requires some trophy by which to prove his prowess. Therefore as he cannot carry the heads of slain enemies about with him, he contents himself with their noses, which he treasures up in a bag and exhibits whenever occasion may require.

While listening to this explanation I could hardly help fancying myself again at Buenos Ayres, where I once had the privilege of seeing on the piano of Rosita, daughter of the Dictator Rosas, then at war with Uruguay, a tray-ful of ears that had belonged to the Montevideans slain in the last battle. I was up before daylight the next morning, and after taking leave of Liubobratich, I turned my steps, under the guidance of Christo Pavlovitch, toward the field of battle. The vale of Glavskol Döl can only be entered by narrow defiles, and, encircled completely by high mountains, it may be likened to a gigantic cauldron.

On the 18th of September the Turks resolved to effect a reconnoissance in this direction, and when the Turkish force had thoroughly buried itself in the labyrinth, the insurgents opened a brisk fire and after firing one or two volleys with deadly execution, they charged the nizams with sabre and yataghan, each band precipitating itself upon the nearest Turkish detachment. The impetuosity with which the rebels charged, and the immense advantage their position gave them, showed the Turks that they could expect nothing short of annihilation unless they succeeded in regaining the open ground. The order was accordingly given to the troops to retrace their steps. On the scene of the engagement there was a sight hideously suggestive of the carnage. On the summit of a projecting rock were ranged in a row a number of human heads, objects which were rendered unmistakably ghastly by the gashes that remained in the place of noses, while at every step we encountered the decapitated bodies of Turkish soldiers. I counted upward of a hundred of these mutilated corpses.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LOWE, Portland, Ogn.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. C. 1

Old BOURBON WHISKY

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

431 Jackson St., San Francisco,

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BOTTLED ALE.

JUST RECEIVED EX "CARN TUAL" FROM Liverpool, a Choice Assortment of

TENNENT'S ALE, in pints and quarts;
Do. do. BLOOD, WOLFE & CO.'s ALE STOUT, in pints and quarts;
Do. do. McEWAN'S ALE;
R. YOUNGER & CO.'S ALE,

On sale in lots to suit buyers.

ALSO

RED CASE GIN, (S. Rynbende & Sons brand.)
Hennessy, Martell, Renault and Jules Robin & Co.'s FINE BRANDIES,

In Case or bulk—Bond or Duty paid.

Particular attention is called to our special Importation ex "Carn Tual," of

CARTE BLANCHE CHAMPAGNE!

Apply to R. C. JAMISON & CO.

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDWD CHATAIN, Commissioner for Or. and Wn.

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(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

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REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS.

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Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. je19d4m1pw6m

AGAIN VICTORIOUS!

Mechanics' Fair, 1875.

First Premium and Medal

For

Best Billiards and Cushions,

AWARDED TO

P. LIESENFELD,

531 MARKET STREET.

Also Highest Medal at the International Exhibition of

SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA, 1875.

N. B.—I beg to call the attention of the public to my highly improved Bevel Billiard Tables, California Eliptic Pool Tables, Caromettes, Monitors, Pigeon Holes, and other Bagatelles. n18d1m1p

East Portland—Assessment Roll.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASSESSMENT Roll for the City of East Portland for the year 1876 has been returned to the Board of Trustees, and will remain open for inspection until the first day of January at the office of the Recorder and Auditor. Application for the correction of errors in the valuation or listing of property must be made to the Board of Trustees prior to the first day of January.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

I. N. SAUNDERS,
Recorder and Auditor.

East Portland, Dec. 6, 1875. d8d10t

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.—There is unquestionably no other remedy so certain in its effects. ASTHMA, WINTER COUGH, BRONCHITIS and DISORDERS OF THE THROAT alike yield to its influence. The highest medical testimony states no better cure for these complaints exists (now proved by over half a century's experience). They contain no opium, morphia or any violent drug. KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES, prepared by THOMAS KEATING, London, Britain, are sold by all Druggists. Agents for the Pacific Coast, REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco. s21d1pw3pm

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 11, 1875.

THE FINANCES.

It is likely that the largest portion of the time and attention of Congress will be given to the discussion of the national finances. The President has already intimated what, in his judgment, are the necessary steps to be taken, and the Democrats are, one and all, prepared with other plans for the happy adjustment of our monetary difficulties. The professed object of all parties is to devise some means for obtaining a good kind of money, either coin or something equal in value to, and exchangeable for coin.

The present condition of affairs does not please any one. One party of politicians, headed by the venerable William Allen, who, considering his age and ideas, may have studied finance under Law, desire unlimited quantities of paper money. Another party, disgusted with the rustling of paper, sigh for the cheering chink of coin. Let us inquire why paper money is objected to before we reject a currency so portable and so convenient.

The requisites of paper promises to pay, in order to make them valuable, are that the maker of them shall be both able and willing to perform his written promise, and that a time shall be stated in his note when the holder may call for his money. If the holder of a promissory note is satisfied that it will be paid at maturity, he will not exchange it, except for the full value expressed on its face; and if his neighbors share his confidence concerning its prompt redemption, he can dispose of it to them, without discount, in exchange for such things as he may desire to buy. But if the maker has expressed no time of payment, or, if by reason of a great number of his notes being on the market, or if for any other reason, the holder fears the note may not be paid according to its tenor and effect, he will be anxious to get rid of it and will sell it for less than its face, the more he fears this, the less he will accept for his note. In such case the best way for the maker to do in order that confidence in his own honesty and uprightness, and in the ultimate payment of his note may be restored, is to supply the deficiency. If the defect in the note is that no time of payment is expressed, then a time should be named in it; or if the holder is alarmed by the reckless waste of his estate by the maker, and fears lest he may bankrupt himself and not be able to pay; or that he is careless and does not seem to be trying to make provision for paying it, then the right thing for the maker to do, is to be economical and take care of his money and put it away so that he can pay his debt when it comes due. The holder, and all his neighbors, will then be assured that the money will be ready when required, the value of the note will become equal, or nearly so, to gold, and it will be received by everybody in exchange for the various commodities of merchandise.

When the United States issued its notes, no time was fixed for the payment of them, and no measures have been taken to provide a fund for that payment. The first thing, therefore, to do is to fix a time when the legal tenders shall be redeemed and next to provide means for so doing.

The plan suggested by the President seems a good one. By it the holders of the legal tenders would be enabled to exchange them for gold. But the process would necessarily be a protracted one, and, therefore, not liable to embarrass the government or disturb trade. As the legal tenders disappear in the bonds, gold would take their place. The first effect of the adoption of this plan would be to raise the value of legal tenders, and that, too, more and more, as they became scarce, until they would be quite, or very nearly on a par with gold.

To require all debts to be paid in gold at any early day, would be to ruin all holders of legal tenders at that date. The question is by no means simple, and no perfectly satisfactory plan has yet been devised; but that of the President's is perhaps the best yet suggested.

COAL.

Coal is a compound substance, consisting of carbon, bitumen and earthy matter. Its properties depend on the proportions in which these ingredients are combined. When the proportions of bitumen is small the coal is hard and burns with very little flame, but gives out intense heat. Coal of this kind is called anthracite. It contains from sixty to seventy per cent of carbon, little bitumen and a small quantity of earthy matter, which remains in the grate after the coal is consumed in the form of ashes. It does not coke. When the proportion of bitumen is large the coal is soft, its color is black like that of anthracite coal, but not so brilliant. This coal has the property of coking, that is if exposed to a red heat, it blazes, swells and finally bakes together, forming a spongy mass called coke. Bituminous coal contains a large quantity of hydrogen gas, or inflammable air, which gas in combination with carbon forms bitumen. This gas can be extracted by distillation in iron retorts, and used for lighting, and those coals which contain the most bitumen, yield the largest quantity of gas.

There is a third kind of coal called lignite. This coal is widely distributed, but its character is not very well defined. It partakes of the properties peculiar to both anthracite and bituminous coals, and might seem to be a sort of mean between the two, were it not for objections which cause it to be denied even the name of coal by many. Some of it will coke, but only imperfectly, and the coke formed is unfit for smelting iron. It contains a great deal of sulphur, and gives trouble to the firemen by the formation of clinkers on the grates in which it is burned.

In the opinion of most geologists, coal has been produced by vast quantities of plants carried down from the land and accumulated at the bottom of the sea during a long succession of ages. When wood has been a long time soaked in water all the air contained in its cells is forced out, and the wood, destitute of air, being heavier than water sinks to the bottom. Drift wood, leaves and plants carried down to the sea by rivers soon find their final resting place at the bottom of the ocean. Once there, they remain until the action of the water converts them into coal. That the action of the water will effect this has been proved by the observations and experiments of Dr. McCulloch. Coal freed from adventitious earthy matter is resolvable into the same elements as wood; and Dr. McCulloch ascertained that the action of water on submerged wood is sufficient to convert it into a substance capable of yielding bitumen, and black and brittle-like lignite. To this action of the water must be added the modifications caused by great and long-continued pressure. To produce anthracite coal in this way, a duration of time is required which we have no means of measuring with certainty. Numberless conjectures are made as to how many thousand years it has been since the coal we are now using was a living tree, or plant, but like all such guesses at truth, they are just as likely to be all wrong as all right, and *vice versa*. In estimating the value of these different kinds of coal, consideration must be paid to the use intended to be made of them.

If gas-making is intended, the value of anthracite coal would be very small indeed, that of bituminous coal would be very great, and that of lignite would be greater, possibly, than that of anthracite, but much less than that of bituminous. For heating dwelling houses, anthracite, where it can easily be had, is preferred, on account of the intense heat given out by it and its comparative cleanliness. For the purpose of raising steam, bituminous coal is best, because it burns freely and gives out great heat. Anthracite is not so good for steam purposes, because of the comparative difficulty of keeping up its combustion. Lignite is inferior to both the others.

As to the places where these coals are found, we may say that coal is found in all parts of the world—anthracite in various parts of Europe, Asia and of the eastern side of this continent. Bituminous coal is found in vast quantities in Europe, Asia and in the Mississippi valley. Lignite is very generally distributed over the world. Most of the coals found on the western side of this continent are varieties of lignite, and are more less valuable, according to the proportion of bitumen, sulphur and earthy matter contained in them—a large proportion of bitumen increasing their value and a large proportion of sulphur diminishing it.

Maccaroni is the principal food of the poorer classes of the Neapolitans. It is made of wheaten flour and the small, hard-grained wheat grown on the Black Sea, and shipped from Odessa, is considered to make the best flour for the purpose. The best maccaroni is made entirely of this hard-grained wheat; the inferior sorts are mixed with soft wheat. The wheat is ground into flour rather coarser than that intended for bread, and is kneaded for a long time in water, the object being to make a tough paste of it. After being sufficiently kneaded it is forced through a series of small holes in a plate of iron or tin. A wire passes through these holes, so that when the paste is forced through the holes it comes out in the form of a hollow tube. The kneading having made the paste very tough, the tubes retain their shape until they become dry. Different sizes of tubes are made, the smallest being called vermicelli. The Neapolitans are extremely fond of this food, especially if they can eat it with the addition of grated cheese.

MARRIED.

In Jackson county, Nov. 21, Matthew P. Phipps and Miss A. J. Lowry.

In Canemah, Dec. 2, Geo. M. Lazelle and Miss Mary A. Bingman.

In Albany, Nov 7, W. C. Peters and Miss Aurelia V. Blain.

In Greenville, Washington county, Dec 2, A. C. Hall and Miss Salina Solls.

In Forest Grove, Dec. 1, H. T. Buxton and Miss Mary E. Hyde.

In Washington county, Dec. 1, A. W. Luelling and Mariam M. McLeod.

In North Yamhill, Dec. 1, W. F. Perkins and Miss Ellen J. Johnson.

DIED.

In Jacksonville, Dec. 4, Mrs. Laura C. Hanna, aged 37 years.

On South Umpqua, Nov. 16, Frederick Wesgate, aged 65 years.

NEW TO-DAY,

Drap D'Ete, AND HEAVY BLACK CASHMERES, Just received and for sale at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

Holiday Presents!

LARGEST STOCK!

No Plated Ware!

ONLY ONE PRICE!

GREAT REDUCTION!

B. L. STONE,

103 FRONT STREET.

WHITE LEAD.

ATLANTIC, BARTLETT, JEWETT'S and COMMON BRANDS, in wood and tin—

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

E. MARTIN & CO.

O. S. N. Co. Block, Portland, Ogn. | 408 Front St., San Francisco.

IMPORTERS OF

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

And SOLE AGENTS for the following Celebrated WHISKIES:

J. H. Cutter's Old Bourbon.
J. H. Cutter's Old Rye.
Miller's Extra Old Bourbon.
J. F. Cutter's Old Bourbon.
J. F. Cutter's Old Rye.

TOYS, TOYS & FANCY GOODS!

T. DITTENHOEFER,

S.W. Cor. FRONT and PINE STREETS.

ESPECIALLY INVITES ATTENTION TO HIS Large and well-selected Stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS,

Consisting of

Fancy Goods, Albums,
Writing Desks, Work Boxes,
Baskets, Baby Carriages,
Oak Wagons and Carts,
OF ALL KINDS.

Toys too Numerous to Mention

All of which I am offering to the Trade at

REDUCED RATES.

Country dealers are requested to examine my Stock before purchasing n16d3p

NEW TO-DAY.

FRENCH CHINA!

Dinner & Tea Sets, both plain white and decorated, of the finest quality, imported by us direct from France, and for sale at very low prices.

W. JACKSON & Co.

Importers of French China, Earthen, Glass and Silver Plated Ware,

No. 36 Front st., Cor. Pine, Portland, O.

d11dtjan1

Spiral Spring Mattresses

MADE IN THE MOST THOROUGH MANNER. We use only the Eagleton Manuf'g Co. Steel tempered black Japanned Springs.

Woven Wire Spring Beds.

Summit spring Bed, $5 50. This is a slot Bed with a heavy steel spring under each corner.

The self-fastening Flynn Spring, from two to four dozen to a bed, at $1 50 per doz. Curled Hair Mattresses from 75c to $1 per lb, according to quality. Best black N. O. Moss Mattresses Wool Pulu and Straw Mattresses.

We would call the attention of the public to the fact that we manufacture our own Bedding, of the best material; not an ounce of second-hand stuffing is used, but everything turned out by this Establishment is clean, fresh and new, and at the lowest possible prices. Also for sale, Blankets, Quilts, Comforts, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Feathers, Hair, Moss, and Pulu, Wholesale and Retail.

OREGON FURNITURE MFG CO.

d11dst Cor. Yamhill and First.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of an order of sale issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door in the city of Portland, in said county, at one o'clock P. M. Saturday, January 15, 1876, the following described real property belonging to the estate of Cincinnati Bills, deceased, for the payment of debts, viz: Lot numbered five (5) in block one hundred and fifteen (115), situate at the corner of Clay and First streets in said city. Lot number three (3) in block number one hundred and fifty-seven (157) in Couch's Addition to the city of Portland. Said sale to be for cash in United States gold coin. Deeds to be at the expense of the purchaser.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Administrator of the estate of C. Bills, deceased.
Dec. 10, 1875. d11d4wtd

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of A. Goldsmith. Whereas, the said A. Goldsmith having been adjudged a bankrupt under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1867. Notice is hereby given that the said A. Goldsmith has filed his petition for a discharge from all his debts provable under said Act, and that the 4th day of January, 1876, at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in Portland, District of Oregon, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition, when and where the creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

RALPH WILCOX,
d11dlaw3t Clerk of U. S. District Court.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Sugar Toys, Sugar Hearts,
Crystallized Toys and Hearts,
Glazed Toys and Figures,
Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias.
Wax Candles, Candle-holders,
Christmas Tree Ornaments,
Flower and Dove Baskets,
Gelatin Goods,
French and American Candies,
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, etc.
Plain and Ornamental Cakes.
Lebkuchen and Pfeffernuesse,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION!

At ALISKY & HEGELE'S

Premium Candy Factory,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

We have never yet made a representation to the public that was not a reality, and when we tell them that at this time we are selling from the Largest Wholesale and Retail Stock Stock of CANDIES, TOYS, HEARTS, CORNUCOPIAS, &c., of every description, ever shown in the city, and at Lower Prices than were ever known in Portland. ORNAMENTAL WORK for Christmas, and New Year's CAKES a specialty.

We are treating on facts, and we ask you to call and prove the truth of our statement.

PACIFIC CANDY MANUFACTORY,
A. R. MILLER & CO. PROPRIETORS,
46 First Street.

JUST RECEIVED!

E. ANHEUSER & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

ST. LOUIS LAGER BEER,

In Quarts and Pints.

BEST, PUREST & HEALTHIEST BEER,

Recommended by the Highest Medical Authorities.

A. MOLLER & CO.,
Sole Agents for Oregon.

WHEELER & WILSON

No. 6, Family, and No. 7

SEWING MACHINES,

95 Third Street, Portland.

Does a Greater Range of Work than any Machine in the Market.

NO SHUTTLE! NO NOISE!

n23d&w

WALTER A. WOODS'

REAPERS & MOWERS

FOR SALE AT

EVERDING & FARRELL,
Foot of Alder street,

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC HALL!

MUSICAL & LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT!

Will be given on

SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 11, 1875,

Under the auspices of the

Ladies of the Baptist Society.

PROGRAMME.

Vocal Quartette	Amphion Glee Club.
Reading	Miss Ida Roberts.
Instrumental Quartette	Misses Lamberson, S. Roberts, Blumauer and Shelby.
Vocal Solo	Capt. B. B. Tuttle.
Reading	Mrs. C. A. Dolph.
Vocal Solo	R. G. O'Brien.
Vocal Quartette	Miss Lamberson, Mrs. Dolph, Mr. Franklin and Mr. Struble.
Vocal Solo	Miss Blumauer.
Instrumental Duett—Two Pianos	Miss S. Roberrts and Miss A. Shelby.
Vocal Quartette	Amphion Glee Club.
Vocal Solo	Mrs. C. A. Dolph.
Dumb Orator	
Vocal Solo	R. G. O'Brien.
Vocal Duett	Miss Lambersen and Capt. Tuttle

ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.

Reserved Seats without extra charge.

Box Office open at G. L. De Prans' Music Store.

Doors open at 7, Concert commences at 8 o'clock.

Messrs. G. L. DePRANS & CO. have kindly tendered the use of two fine Pianos for the occasion, free of charge.

ANKENY'S NEW THEATER.

OPENING NIGHT!

Thursday, Dec. 16.

MATINEE SATURDAY!

MR. CORBYN TAKES PLEASURE IN ANnouncing that he has entered into an arrangement with Mr. Thomas Maguire, the Pioneer Caterer of Amusements for California, whereby he will be able to present to the people of the Northern Coast, in rapid succession, all the Dramatic and Musical Stars, supported by full and talented Companies, and surrounded with Scenery and Paraphernalia in every instance suited to the style of entertainment offered. The first of the series will be the introduction of

Prof. HERRMANN

The World-Famed Prestidigitateur,

Who has, by special command, had the honor of appearing at the palaces of the following crowned heads of Europe:

Queen Victoria, of England, Emperor of Russia, Emperor of Prussia, Emperor of Austria.

He has also given Special Entertainments for the gratification of three Presidents of the U. S.:

Abraham Lincoln, Andrew Johnson and U. S. Grant,

Who all pronounce him to be the

GREATEST LIVING MAGICIAN,

EXCELLING, IN HIS

MARVELOUS FEATS OF LEGERDEMAIN,

The Great Hindoo Jugglers.

Prof. Herrmann has successfully performed at Egyptian Hall, London, for 1000 Nights; At the Academy of Music, New York, for 200 Nights; and from 30 to 100 Nights in Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Mobile, New Orleans, and for

48 Performances at Maguire's New Theater, San Francisco,

To delighted and astonished audiences, who crowded this beautiful temple of amusement on each occasion, and it is confidently expected that on his present tour he will be greeted with overflowing houses.

PORTLAND BAND

MUSIC AT

REDUCED RATES!

PARADES, FUNERALS, SERENADES, ETC., at $4 00 per Man.

BRENSER'S QUADRILLE BAND.

Music for Parties	$8 00 per Man.
" " Balls	4 00 " "

Orders left at Gray's Music Store, or S.W. corner First and Yamhill streets.

Dancing Clubs will do well to give us a call.

Best Prompters furnished. n15 d2p

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

FALL STYLES!

1875.

P. van FRIDAGH,

DRESS GOODS AND MILLINERY

Ladies', Misses', and Children's

HATS AND BONNETS!

LADIES' & GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING

New Goods by every Steamer.

70 First St., bet. Washington and Stark.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS!

MRS. E. S. WASS,

50 Morrison St., Butterick Pattern Agency,

OFFERS GREAT INDUCEMENTS FOR THE next 60 days, in consequence of removal.

The finest collection of HUMAN HAIR GOODS in the city.

Price List—Finest Quality Hair Switches:

22 inches,	2½ ounces weight	$ 5 00
24 inches,	3 ounces weight	8 00
26 inches,	3½ ounces weight	10 00
28 inches,	4 ounces weight	12 00
30 inches,	4 ounces weight	15 00

A handsome collection of CURLS, in the rarest shades, at very low prices.

Combings made up at $1 00 per ounce.

n7d1m

HUMAN HAIR FOR SALE,

AT COST.

IN FEBRUARY NEXT I SHALL LEAVE FOR France to purchase a new stock of Human Hair and Hair Goods, and I will therefore dispose of my present stock at Cost. Call early for choice.

Parties who have left hair for manufacture are notified that they must call for their articles before January 1st, or they will be sold to pay charges.

Those indebted to me are requested to call and pay up at once. J. B. A. RIVIERE.

MRS. OGDEN,

Cor. Fourth and A Streets, Portland, Or.

CUTTER AND FITTER OF LADIES' and CHILdren's Suits, (after Mrs Curtis' Models) Also, STAMPING and DESIGNING in all its branches. INITIALS made to order. PATTERNS of all kinds cut by measurement. Persons living at a distance can have the latest style in Suit Material bought and made up on receipt of bust and waist measure. Other shopping done on a reasonable commission. Mourning made up in 24 hours' notice.

MRS. PARSONS,

Fashionable Dressmaker

AND MILLINER.

ALL KINDS OF CUTTING AND FITTING done on short notice and in a satisfactory manner. Place of business,

Third St., bet. Washington and Alder.

All orders addressed to Box 419 will be promptly answered. n29d1m

Special Catalogue Sale of Books

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1875.

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

At Salesroom, cor. First and Pine sts.

1,000 VOLUMES

Direct from the Publishers, comprising

Standard Works in Poetry and Prose;
Gift Books, Albums;
Picture Books for Children;
Elegant Prayer Books and Bibles;
Novels, Historical Works, etc., etc.

This lot of Books contains a large number of suitable Books for Libraries. Parties intending to buy Books for Libraries, Gift Books or Albums for the Holidays should not fail to attend this Sale.

Catalogues now ready.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

CHRISTMAS

IS NEAR AT HAND!

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANcisco with the finest selection of

HOLIDAY GOODS

ever placed before the citizens of Portland, invites the public in general to call and examine his stock of Elegant

Diamond Jewelry, of all descriptions,
Ladies' & Gents' Key and Stem-Winding Watches.
Ladies' and Gents' Watch Chains,
Necklaces, Lockets, Sets, Buttons,
Studs, Cuff Pins, Rings,
Solid Silver Ware,
Opera Glasses, Etc., Etc.,

In too large a variety to be enumerated which are now open to the inspection of all, and are offered at prices lower than the same goods can be purchased of any other house on the coast.

All are cordially invited to call and see for themselves, at

No. 109 First Street.

JEWELRY AND WATCHES

FOR

Holiday Presents!

WITHIN REACH OF EVERYBODY.

Having determined to retire from Business, I offer

MY ENTIRE STOCK

Of Ladies' and Gents'

Gold & Silver Watches,

CLOCKS,

CHAINS, SILVERWARE,

And all other articles to be found in a Jewelry Store, too numerous to mention,

AT COST!

Such an opportunity will not be offered again to purchase articles in my line at as

Low Prices as at Present!

Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled.

JOHN B. MILLER,

97 First st., Portland.

RUBBER PAINT.

Best Paint in the World.

Flows from the Brush freely. Works easily, and will not Wash, Crack or Peel off, and Dries with a Fine Gloss.

"RUBBER PAINT"

Will Cover more Surface; Cover it Better and Last Longer than Lead and Oil, and is Guaranteed to be Superior to any CHEMICAL PAINT of any kind whatsoever.

The Solicitors and Agents of other Paints have represented that our Patents are worthless, and that dealers would lay themselves liable to prosecution and damages. These reports are simply an

UNSCRUPULOUS ADVERTISING DODGE.

In reply, we guarantee all who handle our Goods, to the fullest extent against any trouble or interference. We also guarantee our Paint to be

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. CHEAPER

In covering than the Averill Chemical Paint; and further guarantee that it will

LAST TWICE AS LONG,

Without Chalking, Cracking or Peeling off, of which we have abundant proof. By calling at our Office, we will refer to buildings painted with Averill Chemical Paint within 26 months which are chalking and cracking off—a part of the buildings one color and a part another color, NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROPRIETORS CLAIM IT WILL DO NEITHER.

List of Colors, Prices and Circulars, on application to the SOLE AGENTS,

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS & GLASS,

75 Front and 76 First Streets, Portland.

Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

Office of General Superintendent, and Assistant Land Commissioner,

KALAMA, Washington Territory, Dec. 8, 1875.

THIS COMPANY NOW OFFER FOR SALE Choice

AGRICULTURAL AND TIMBER LANDS,

In quantities to suit purchasers, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

Purchasers can obtain information in relation to all the Company's Lands at the LAND OFFICE, NEW TACOMA, W. T., where all correspondence in relation to land matters should be directed, to

J. W. SPRAGUE,
d7d2m Gen'l Sup't & Ass't Land Com'r.

Soap Stone Stoves & Griddles.

AN INVOICE OF SOAP STONE STOVES JUST received.

100 BBLS. PORTLAND CEMENT;
100 " HOFFMAN'S CEMENT;
SAN JUAN LIME;
LAND AND CALCINED PLASTER,

For sale by

GEO. ABERNETHY,
d5d1w Second st., bet. Taylor & Salmon.

WANTS.

WANTED.

A HOUSE CONTAINING 6 OR 7 ROOMS IN A good locality. Address, stating terms and location, "L." this office.

WANTED.

A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE with 6 OR 8 rooms, bath, &c. (No small children.) Address P. O. Box 510, City. d5d3t

PARTNER WANTED.

A RELIABLE MAN WITH ONE THOUSAND OR $1,500, wanted as partner in a first-class hotel, already furnished and doing a good business, in one of the best localities in the Willamette valley, being on the railroad and in the center of a large and constantly increasing trade. A good pastry cook preferred. For particulars address "C.B.," OREGONIAN office. n17d1m

TO LET.

TO LET.

A NEATLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, southeast cor. Pine and Third streets. Enquire on the premises.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE PACIFIC OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE, three doors below New York Hotel, is offered for sale until the 15th of December.

JOHN MOON, Proprietor.
d2d2w

FOR SALE.

TWO BRUNSWICK CAROM BILLIARD TABLES, nearly new, first-class; all fixtures complete. Inquire at W. S. NEWBURY'S Law Office, Monastes Building, First street, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE.

ONE SECOND HAND WOOD PLANER IN good repair. Enquire at SMITH BROS. IRON WORKS, Portland.
n24d&w1m

Executors' Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned will sell at private sale the South ½ of Lots 4 and 5 in Block No. 40, in the City of Portland, Oregon, known as CREE'S BLOCK.

For terms of sale apply to

JOHN A. CRAWFORD, at Albany,
or JOHN CATLIN, at Portland,
Executors of Last Will and Testament of Wm. Cree, deceased.

Flouring Mill for Sale.

THE STANDARD MILL, HAVING 3 RUNS OF burrs and complete machinery for a first-class flouring mill, all in excellent condition, with fine water-power, twenty acres of land and good dwelling house, situated in the town of Walla Walla, W. T., will be sold low. Title perfect. Apply to J. McCraken & Co., Portland, Or., or on the premises.

[o14d&w2m] A. McCALLEY.

Good Opening for a Business Man!

PARTNER WANTED IN A GENERAL Merchandise Store. The business has been established five years and has a trade of thirty thousand a year, which can be easily increased to fifty thousand. The object is to increase the capital and obtain the services of a good inside man. Capital required, Five Thousand Dollars, at least, in available funds, a fair share of brains and a large amount of energy with adaptation. Inquire of

H. L. PITTOCK,
At the Oregonian Office.

MIXED PAINTS.

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT!

Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL PAINT CO.,

117 Pine St., San Francisco,

Pure White, and any desired Shade or Color,

MIXED READY FOR USE!

Unequaled as a House or Ship Paint!

Will not spoil by standing any length of time.

Most Beautiful and Durable Paint Manufactured.

Any one can apply the [illegible]

Guaranteed to last twice as long as the White Lead, or any other Paint put in the [illegible]

Put up in ¼, ½, 1, 2 and 5 gal packages and in barrels.

N.B.—The Manufacturers of the Averill Chemical Paint—patents dated March 25, 1858, July 16, 1867, Dec. 23, 1873—control the right to manufacture and sell mixed paints on the Pacific Coast, and hereby caution dealers and consumers that certain worthless imitations bearing the name of "mixed," "liquid" and "rubber" paints have already appeared in the market, but all such are infringements of the Averill Patent, and dealers in them are liable to prosecution for violation of the U. S. Patent Laws.

None are genuine save those marked "Averill Chemical Paint," and bearing our Trade Mark—a fac-simile of which will be found on each package, sample card and price list.

For full information, samples, price lists, &c., address

T. A. DAVIS & CO.

Portland, Oregon,
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTICE!

The CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL PAINT CO., Manufacturers of the AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT, would say to the Public, referring to a certain Advertisement published in the "Oregonian," that they hold denials over the signatures of the greater number of the parties whose names appear in said advertisement, which denials they are having printed in pamphlet form, and they ask the Public to suspend any opinion until they have read the same.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15, 1875.

Cloths and Clothing At Cost!

50 Beaver Suits at $12 50 per suit.

Our entire stock must be sold by Feb. 1st, to close business.

CURRIER & CO.

75 First st.

CHARING CROSS SALOON!

First Street, between Main and Madison.

PHIL. KERRIGAN

Has opened in connection with his Saloon,

A CIGAR STAND!

The Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco Constantly on hand

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST purchasing the Fire Kindler that is being offered for sale about the city, as it is an infringement on Smith's Patent Fire Kindler, for which I hold the right for Oregon and Washington Territory.

D. H. HENDEE,
d6d6t

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON REASONABLE TERMS, IN SUMS FROM $100 to $5000. Apply to JOHNSON, McCOWN & MACRUM, Lawyers and Brokers, First street, between Morrison and Yamhill.

AUCTION AND CO

A. B. RICHAR

AUCTION

COR. OF FRONT AND

Auction

OF REAL ESTATE, GRO
CHANDISE AND

Days—Wedn

At Private

Large [illegible] of GRO

To parties [illegible] that I will

A. B.

Furniture, Groc

Merchan

SATURDAY,

BEDROOM, FURNITURE.

100 cases
50 kegs TOMATO CA
75 c
100 bxs CANDY
200 bxs C. O. SOAP
50 bxs Peach CA
40 bxs OLIVE OIL
25 bxs
30 bxs FANCY

A. B. R

Phœnix In

Home In

GEO.

Fire In

Invest

Cash Assets,

FRANK DONAHUE

This C
surance co
the Low

OREGON

MUTUAL

HAMILTON

Office, 72 F

FIRE, MARINE

J. F. HOUGHTON
GEO. H. HOWARD
CHAS. R. STORY
N. B. EDDY
M. B COX
H. H. BIGELOW
R. H. MAGILL

Still A

CURRI

Will now

entire Sto

oring Goods

AT CO

Does

Cassimeres

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RUMELIN &

56 First Street, betwe

MANUFACTURERS &

FUR

We offer this

Large Stock

AT

VERY LOW

Our Assortment is com
down to the cheap qualities.
We respectfully invite the
generally to give us a call.

REPAIRING NEATLY

JUST ISSUED

MANHOO

Revised and

E. DE F. CURTIS, M.

A Medical Essay on the
mature decline in man, show
and how regained. It gives
impediments to marriage, the
ous and physical debility,
all other diseases appertaining
of twenty years successful pra

OPINIONS OF THE

CURTIS ON "MANHOOD."—
ber of society by whom this book
useful, whether he be
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CURTIS ON "MANHOOD"—This book
be read by the young for
afflicted for relief; it will injure
Times and Gazette.

Price—One Dollar, by mail
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W. J.

OAK STREET

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Auction Sales
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Grocery and Hardware, General Merchandise, Etc.
INSURANCE.
Insurance Company
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British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Company
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
EDWARD HALL,
MANAGER, OREGON BRANCH
THE STATE
Investment & Insurance
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, - - $420,000
OREGON BRANCH
HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
HAMILTON BOYD, Manager.
Office, 72 First St., Portland
MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE.
Still Ahead!
CURRIER & CO.
will now sell their entire Stock of Tailoring Goods
AT COST!
Consisting of Doeskins, Beavers, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, etc.
UMMELIN & GUTMAN,
First Street, between Stark and Oak
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
FURS!
EVERY LOW PRICES!
JUST ISSUED.
200th EDITION,
MANHOOD,
W. J. Q.

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING DEC 11 1875

CITY.

CASE OF CHINESE PERSECUTION.—Sam Duck, a Chinaman recently from Baker City, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of larceny preferred by some of his countrymen of this city. The circumstances of the arrest are as follows: Some time ago a Chinaman named Ah Gee, who resided in Baker City, was arrested on a charge of selling liquor without a license. Sam Duck, it seems, had purchased liquors of Ah Gee, and knew therefore that he was engaged in the traffic. When Ah Gee was arrested, Sam Duck was retained as one of the principal witnesses in the case. About a week ago Sam Duck arrived here from Baker City in obedience to a summons from the U. S. District Court, to appear as a witness in the case, the case of U S vs. Ah Gee came up for trial, which resulted in the acquittal of the defendant. It seems that Ah Gee is a man of considerable means and considerable influence among his countrymen both in Baker City and here. Sam Duck, by being the principal witness in the case, naturally incurred the displeasure and hatred of the numerous friends of Ah Gee. Ever since his arrival here they have been conspiring against him, and seeking to procure his arrest in one way or another. They first tried to have him arrested on a charge of perjury, alleging that he had testified falsely in the case of Ah Gee, but were unsuccessful. Several days since Sam Duck purchased a suit of clothes of a certain Chinese firm here for which he was to pay the sum of $55 85. As he failed to pay for the goods at the time agreed, owing to circumstances over which he had no control, his enemies went off immediately and procured his arrest, alleging that his intention was to steal the goods. From all the circumstances, this appears to be a case of pure malicious persecution on the part of a number of Chinamen who are the friends of Ah Gee. Sam Duck is about the brightest Celestial with whom we have ever conversed. He is remarkably intelligent, speaks English fluently, and tells a straight, straight-forward story of the matter. This morning the case will come up in the Police Court for examination.

POUND PARTY.—Last night the Unitarian church was densely crowded, it being the occasion of a pound party held under the auspices of the "Active Circle," a young ladies society connected therewith, and as the affair was a novel and rather mysterious the enjoyment was much enhanced, and the audience. Mr. O. Kilbourn disposed at auction articles put up in pound packages, and the purchasers were never disappointed in the contents of their parcels, and considerable merriment was frequently caused by the [illegible] when the highest bidder examined his dearly bought "pound." A handsome sum was netted by this plan of operation, and added to the door receipts and stand money, quite an amount must have been realized, which, we believe, is to assist in the building of a new church building. Music was furnished by Mr Bivon, Master H. McGill, Mrs. Spaulding, Miss Peters and others, and nothing necessary to the pleasure of the guests was omitted.

DAMAGED FLOUR.—Messrs. Bavier & Burnside, of this city, had on board the steamer *Gussie Telfair* at the time that vessel sunk, 315 sacks of flour all of which was completely soaked. Since the accident, that firm have had a number of men employed in getting the flour out of the vessel, sorting it over and putting such portions as have escaped injury from the water into barrels. Yesterday the work was completed. Out of the 315 sacks 175 have been saved which are wholly free from damage. Considering all the circumstances, it is quite fortunate that so large a quantity was saved. The total loss will be about $1,600. This will prove a loss, as there was no insurance on the flour.

INFORMATION WANTED. — Information is wanted concerning the whereabouts of Joanna Mahoney, daughter of Amos Mahoney, who removed from Missouri to Texas about 1852 with her uncle, Hale Hathaway. Joan was at that time about 14 or 15 years old. From Texas she removed to Los Angeles, California, where she married Wm. Maddux, by whom she had two children. Maddux lived but a short time and after his death she married a man named Morgan, with whom she removed to the State of Oregon since which time her friends have never heard from her.

THE BRITISH STATESMAN.—In tow of the tug *Occident*, this large and handsome ship reached port during Thursday night, and came to anchor opposite the O. S N Co's dock. As soon as the schooner *Oregonian* moves down to Weidler's mill, and thus affords a berth, the *British Statesman* will be hauled alongside the wharf. The *British Statesman* is a beautiful iron ship of 1,262 tons measurement. She is consigned to Allen & Lewis, and will load with grain for Europe.

DEATH OF STEPHEN MEAD.—Wm S. Ladd, Esq., received a telegram yesterday from New London, Conn., containing the sad announcement of the death of Mr Stephen Mead. He departed this life, Thursday, at his home in New London, at the age of 63 years. Mr Mead was an uncle of W S Ladd and for years has been a silent partner in the banking house of Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, of this city. In respect to the memory of the deceased the bank was closed yesterday, and a wreath of black crape hung on the door.

ARRIVED BELOW.—The steamship *Oriflamme* which sailed from this port last Sunday morning, and was delayed at Astoria until Tuesday afternoon, when she crossed the bar arrived at San Francisco on Friday morning. The *Ajax*, which sailed from this port on Tuesday the 30th instant, and was delayed, owing to the fog at Astoria, until 10 A. M Wednesday, 8th instant, will arrive at San Francisco to-day, it is thought.

WILLAMETTE RIVER.—The water has fell above the city sufficiently to admit of boats on the basin. The steamer *Alice* came down into the basin Thursday evening but was unable to go out again yesterday morning as the current proved a little too strong for her. Another attempt was made early in the forenoon and it was hoped the steamer would be able to get out later in the day.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.—On a voluntary petition filed by himself, Mr W A Hart, the well known fruit, confectionery and cigar retail dealer, doing business at the corner of First and Washington streets, has been adjudged a bankrupt, and the store and its contents are in possession of the U S Marshal. His schedule of liabilities amount to $3,100 and assets to $2,700.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation Portland, Oregon, December 10 1875.

	7 A M	2 P M	9 P M
Thermometer	50°	59°	52°
Wind, direction	N W	N	C
Wind, velocity	4	4	
Weather	Fair	Fair	Fair
Mean temp			49°

OREGONIAN SUPPLEMENT.—Subscribers to the daily will receive this morning a supplement which contains a varied amount of reading matter. The pressure of matter upon the columns of our regular edition necessitates the issuance of a supplement. We trust our friends will appreciate the innovation.

SCHOONER OREGONIAN. Sailors were engaged yesterday in scraping the top masts and yards of the schooner *Oregonian*. The rigging of that vessel is also undergoing some slight repairs. To-day the *Oregonian* will go down to Weidler's mill and receive a deck load of lumber for San Francisco.

THE BARK RIVAL. The bark *Rival*, Captain Clements master, is now lying at Knapp's receiving a cargo of lumber for San Francisco. She will be loaded and ready to sail for her destination on the 13th inst.

PERSONAL

Judge L. L. McArthur, of the Fifth Judicial District of Oregon, is now in the city. He is on his way to Salem to attend the Supreme Court, which will convene next Monday.

Rev. S. H Marsh, President of the Pacific University, returned Wednesday evening from a five months' visit to the East. He came overland from San Francisco. Mr Marsh expects to return again next spring.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

The McGibeny concerts show no abatement of attraction.

An elegant affair was the Turners' ball last Monday night.

Miss Birdie Gibbs had a little folks surprise party yesterday evening.

Christmas and New Year parties and balls promise to be very numerous.

An excellent concert was held at the Methodist church last Sunday, and largely attended.

H H Northup, Esq., will deliver an address at the song service on Sunday evening at Masonic Hall.

The number of social events in the present week has been greater than during any week previous this year.

The first party of the series to be given this winter by the Progress Club will come off Monday Dec 13th.

The initial party given at Turners Halle Thursday evening, under the auspices of the Waverly Social Club, was a pleasant and successful affair.

The Hall street Mite Society which met last evening are taking steps towards holding an entertainment of a literary character some time this month.

Last week the M E Church in Webfoot near Dayton gave a festival of a very joyous character the receipts of which were to liquidate a church debt.

The sociable at the Hall street church last week was quite a success. About $80 was netted. The attendance was large, and genuine sociability prevailed.

The Plymouth Sunday school not to be outdone by others have decided to get up an entertainment before long, which will doubtless amply repay all who may attend.

The ladies connected with the Livermore Sunday school East Portland are making arrangements to give a musical and literary entertainment some time during the present month.

The Taylor Street Literary Society at a recent meeting elected the following officers: Wm M Simpson president, Miss M Dickinson vice president, W B Strible secretary, C Price, treasurer. They had an agreeable assembly last evening.

At the residence of Mr S Douglass last evening there assembled a good company of persons who came as a reminder that the time for a paper wedding had arrived. Eatables provided soon disappeared, and the occasion was such a happy one that the guests were loth soon to depart.

Wednesday evening Master C White was tendered a surprise party managed by C Anderson and a fair number of his intimate friends were present who were not slow to propose games. Everything passed off pleasantly (with considerable smack) and the hour for departure was witnessed regretfully.

The basement of the Congregational Church was crowded last night by an interested audience of folks who came to spend the hours socially, witness the praiseworthy tableaux and other interesting exercises performed and none were disappointed. The affair may be recorded as an eminent success. The receipts were quite substantial.

To night the ladies connected with the Baptist Church will give a literary and musical entertainment. Judging from those having it in hand we have no hesitancy in saying that it will be a decided treat to all attending. Some of the leading musical and literary talent of the city and abroad have volunteered to assist. An excellent programme has been arranged.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES.

Rev D J Pierce will preach at the Livermore Schoolhouse East Portland at 3 30 P M.

Preaching at the Baptist Church morning and evening by the pastor. Evening lecture on the Bible Doctrine of a Burning Hell. If it is what is it?

There will be religious services at the A. M E Zion Church on Third street, between B and C, by Rev A B Smith pastor. Services at 11 A M and 7 P M.

Services morning and evening at the Unitarian Church. The evening service will be responsive with a brief address by the pastor. Strangers are cordially invited.

Hall street Methodist Church corner Hall and Sixth streets, Rev J Flinn, pastor. Preaching by the pastor every Sunday at 11 A M and 7 P M. Sunday school at 2 30 P M. All are invited.

At the Presbyterian Church to morrow morning and evening public worship and the preaching of the gospel by the pastor Dr Lindsley. Subject in the evening: If any man is lost, whose fault will it be?

Rev A Kenter will preach in the German language in the Presbyterian Church of this city on Sabbath next at 3 o'clock. Rev Mr Fridrichsen will preach in the same place at 7 o'clock, P M in the Norwegian language.

The Lord's Supper will be administered in the Scandinavian E L Church, of East Portland, by Rev A E Fridrichsen, pastor, on Sabbath next at 12 o'clock. The usual preparation will be required of those wishing to commune.

Taylor street Methodist Church corner of Third and Taylor streets, Rev R Bentley pastor. Services at 11 A M and 7½ P M. Sunday school at 1 45 P M. Praise service at 6½ P M. Subject of the evening's discourse: The Man that had a *Purpose*. Strangers are always welcome.

The following are the revised list of appointments on the East Portland circuit M E Church—Rev W Hurlburt pastor, Rev J A Banks assistant. First Sunday in the month: Mt Tabor 11 A M, Love's 2½ P M, Columbia Chapel 11 A M, St Johns 7 P M. Second Sunday: Marshfield 11 A M, Union Schoolhouse 3 P M, Lent Schoolhouse 11 A M, Richey Schoolhouse 3 P M. Third Sunday: Fairview, 11 A M, Columbia Chapel 2½ P M, Orient 7 P M. Fourth Sunday: Fairview, 11 A M, Mt Tabor 7 P M, Lee Chapel 11 A M, Milwaukie 2½ P M.

"CARRYING THE BROOM."

Mr John W Ackerson, of Tacoma, sends the following note under date of the 7th in regard to the question of which vessel is entitled to the proud distinction of "carrying the broom"—the *Western Shore* or *Dashing Wave*. He says: Noticing an article in the OREGONIAN that the *Western Shore* was entitled to carry the broom, and having been carrying it a long time, I don't like to pull it down without cause. The *Western Shore* and *Dashing Wave* left San Francisco together on Sunday, Nov 28th. The tug let go of them side by side and they started abreast of each other, the *Wave* gradually drawing ahead. The *Western Shore* followed in the wake of the *Dashing Wave* for about two hours and then seemed to give it up, and stood in shore and at dark was six or eight miles astern. The *Dashing Wave* was sixty hours to Columbia river and Saturday morning was taking in lumber at Tacoma. She will leave Tacoma Saturday the 11th for San Francisco with 750 000 feet lumber and don't think the *Western Shore* will be able to get the broom away from the *Dashing Wave* of Tacoma. Our log book is open to inspection. We think we have the smartest ship on the coast. This makes nine round trips from San Francisco to Tacoma this year. Another ship of ours, the *Shirley*, left at the same time and got here one day later.

THE COURTS.

U S DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J

FRIDAY Dec 10 1875

In re *Oregon Bulletin* Printing and Publishing Co—cause passed.

U S vs Wm Thompson, demurrer to information argued and submitted.

U S vs Thos C Ellington, cause argued and submitted.

Busy as can be are everybody at the house of Fishel & Roberts filling holiday orders that have come in within the past few days. The sales at this house have been quite extensive this week.

Beck & Waldman offer the most special inducements to their new and old patrons. All in need of clothing will consult their own interest by calling at Beck & Waldman's, Front and Washington streets.

Don't fail to see the new holiday goods at Henrichsen's, the finest display ever shown in Portland.

The most stylish collar you can wear is the Warwick. Ask for it at the gents furnishing stores.

WHITE RUBBER STAMP warranted to print better work and last longer than the solid rubber stamp. Call at Hudson's, 1 First street and see for yourselves.

FOR THE LADIES.

Black velvet skirts are still much worn.

Gold, silver and steel are still used to adorn bonnets. Birds and wings and bronzed or velvet leaves also form part of the trimmings.

In addition to the felt hat with large brim, called Michel Ange, there is the capote shape. The first named, though very elegant, is a little exaggerated.

Jeanne d'Arc belts have been adopted by American ladies. A dog's chain placed over a black necklace is much worn in France by English and American ladies, but Parisians do not favor it.

Fashion inclines more than ever toward the use of guipure. For ordinary purposes Irish, Russian and Belgian guipures are most employed. The guipure d'art and guipure renaissance are often made by ladies themselves.

Suits and bonnets which are planned by the wearer or the dressmaker without regard to any given fashion are perfectly allowable, and when tastefully arranged often meet with more success than those copied from models.

Aumonieres will continue to be much worn this winter as the skirts tightly drawn over the hips cannot be made with pockets. Ornamental pockets are exceedingly useful, especially for ball dresses, in which case they are made of flowers.

It is rumored that sleeves differing from the waists are not to be as much in favor as they have been. Demi train skirts will be worn in the street. This is much to be regretted, they possessing no possible advantage for street wear, and becoming very easily soiled.

Black matelasse has again appeared this year. There are various kinds, such as matelasse cloth, woolen matelasse, a new tissue composed of silk and wool matelasse, and a handsome kind of silk matelasse. All these are in miscellaneous colors and shades.

There are numerous forms of bonnets and the variety is rendered still greater by the many different ways of trimming. Felt is at present more worn than any other material and possesses the advantage that it serves equally well for fall and for winter wear.

Polonaises, which were considered entirely out of date, are now, says a New York fashion writer, to be extensively worn. They will be slightly varied in cut. This style of garment requires a slender and stylish figure, and to wear it one must thoroughly understand the art of dressing, as it does not conceal the defects of the form, like the small paletot at present in use.

NEW BOOKS.

The following new books have just been received and added to the Portland Library:

The Bertram Family, by the author of Chronicles of Schonberg Cotta Family.

Sherman's Historical Record, W. H. Boynton.

St George and St Michael, by George Macdonald.

The Ship in the Desert, by Joaquin Miller.

The Voyages and Adventures of Captain Hatteras, translated from the French of Jules Verne, with 250 illustrations by Riou.

Johnny Ludlow, a novel.

The Mysterious Island, Dropped from the Clouds, by Jules Verne, translated from the French by W. G. H. Kingston.

From Jest to Earnest, by Rev E P Roe.

Bullets, a novel, by C. H. Doe.

Miss Rovel, a novel, by Victor Cherbuliez.

Personal Reminiscences of Moore and Jerdan.

Healey, a romance.

The Wages of Sin, a novel, by Edmund Yates.

The Lacy Diamonds, a novel.

Cattle Daly, a novel, by Annie Keary.

Brigadier Frederick, a novel, by Erckmann Chatrian.

Leah, a Woman of Fashion, by Mrs Annie Edwards.

Out of the Deep, a novel, by Mrs Henry Wood.

The Masque of Pandora, by H. W. Longfellow.

Tales of the Argonauts, by Bret Harte.

Family Theatricals, by C. W. Smith.

The Queen of Connaught, a novel.

Hugh Mellon, a novel, by Katherine King.

Sportsman's Club in the Saddle, by H. Castlemon.

Sportsman's Club Among Trappers, by the same.

Sportsman's Club Afloat, by the same.

Letters of Junius.

A Hero of the Pen, by E. Werner.

Beautiful Thoughts from French, Italian, Latin, Greek, German and Spanish Authors, by C. T. Ramage, 2 vols.

Joseph the Jew, a novel.

Tom Newcomb, or the Boy with Bad Habits, by H. Castelmon.

Go Ahead, or the Fisher Boy's Motto, by the same.

No Moss, or the Career of a Rolling Stone.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F.

THIRD SESSION

Third Day—Evening Session.

THURSDAY, Dec 9, 1875

Grand Encampment called to order at the appointed hour.

The Finance Committee reported on certain bills. Adopted.

The bonds of the Grand Secretary and Treasurer read and approved.

The Grand Commander then proceeded to appoint the following standing committees for the ensuing year:

Finance—Companions Casey, Wells and Lucas.

Correspondence—Houston, Dunbar and Deland.

Appeals and Petitions—Lafferty, D. A. Whitney and Lyle.

Good of the Order—Roberts, C. A. Whitney, and Turner.

Constitution and By Laws—Bacon, J. H. Johnson, and Munson.

The time of the next meeting of Grand Encampment was fixed for the second Tuesday in November 1876 and the place of such meeting, Olympia, W. T.

The Grand Secretary was directed to forward the thanks of the Grand Encampment to Canby Post G. A. R., for the use of hall.

The Grand Secretary was then authorized to have 200 copies of the proceedings of the Grand Encampment printed and a sufficient number of copies forwarded to each Sub Encampment.

The journal was then read and approved, after which the evening was spent in exemplification of the secret work, and at 11 P M the Grand Encampment of Oregon, Washington and Idaho closed its labors for the year 1875.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Ryan and Dougherty, charged with drunkenness, was each fined $5, and in default committed to jail for 5 days.

Peter Clancy, a sailor on board the ship *British Statesman*, was arrested yesterday morning charged with the larceny of a watch. The case will be inquired into this morning.

Go to Fabre & Barnes to day for a grand lunch. Don't forget this.

We are very much prepossessed in favor of those new Wheeler & Wilson machines. They do such a range of work and are so easily managed.

KOHN, and who don't know Kohn, the pioneer clothier, is opening every week something new for the inspection of his customers. His stock will compare with any, and as to prices—well everybody knows that he will do the handsome thing with those who call on him. You will find him ably assisted by clerks prepared to accommodate with anything in his line. Recollect the corner of First and Morrison streets. Look at the new style overcoats just opened.

The steamer *Ajax* brought another large invoice of goods for BECK & WALDMAN, which are intended to keep their stock supplied with the very latest styles as it is [illegible] market. It is really [illegible] the [illegible] that these are [illegible] naturally [illegible] the firm have made their [illegible]. Call and satisfy yourselves at [illegible] Front and Washington streets.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED.

Success in business is due to [illegible] to stand in [illegible] together. [illegible] regular trips through all parts of Oregon and Washington Territory. [illegible] work is [illegible] Music Store, where he has a regular engagement. Also by the celebrated Pianist Frank [illegible] ders from all parts of the country [illegible] Gray's Music Store and will receive prompt attention.

LEA & PERRINS'
is the only GENUINE
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

BOARD OF TRADE

PORTLAND, Ogn., Dec 10, 1875

To the Members of the Board of Trade of Portland:

GENTLEMEN—I was directed by the last meeting of the Board to publish in the OREGONIAN the undernoted rates of commission and brokerage recommended by a special committee to be adopted by the Board, and to intimate (which I now do) that members who have objections to the adoption of said rules in whole or in part will please state their objections at next meeting, to be held on Wednesday next, 15th inst, when said rules will be finally considered by the Board.

Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM REID
Secretary Board of Trade

RATES OF COMMISSIONS AND BROKERAGE

Proposed to be put in Operation as the Regular Rates at Portland, where no express agreement between parties to the contrary exists, for lesser or greater rates.

Recommended by Special Committee of the Portland Board of Trade subject to approval at next meeting on Dec 15th.

Commission on purchase of stocks, bonds and all kinds of securities, including the drawing of bills for payment of same	1 per ct
On sale of stocks, bonds and all kinds of securities with guarantee of sale and remittance in bill	1 per ct
(But in this and all other cases where no bill or charge is made for guarantee of Bill of Exchange the party shall remit in first class paper without guarantee, unless the bill be indorsed by him)	
On purchase or sale of specie, gold dust or bullion, on amounts not exceeding $20 000	1 per ct
On purchase or sale of specie, gold dust or bullion on any excess over $20 000	½ per ct
For drawing or endorsing bills of exchange	1½ per ct
On sale of bills of exchange without endorsement	1 per ct
On sale of merchandise from domestic Atlantic ports, with guarantee	5 per ct
On sale of merchandise from foreign ports with guarantee	7½ per ct
On goods received on consignment and afterwards withdrawn, or invoice lost	2½ per ct
(The receipt of the bill of lading to be considered equivalent to receipt of the goods)	
On purchase and shipment of merchandise with funds in hand on cost and charges when not exceeding $2 500	per ct
On purchase and shipment of merchandise with funds in hand on excess over $2,500	1½ per ct
On purchase and shipment of merchandise without funds in hand on cost and charges	5 per ct
For collecting and remitting delay or litigated accounts	10 per ct
For collecting general claims	2½ per ct
For collecting and paying or remitting money from which no other commission is derived	1 per ct
For collecting freight by vessels from domestic Atlantic ports on amount of freight list or charter party	2½ per ct
For collecting freight by vessels from foreign ports on amount collected	2½ per ct
For attending to general average matters and collecting contributions on the first $10 000 or any smaller amount	5 per ct
on any excess over $10 000 to $30 000	2½ per ct
on any excess over $30 000	1 per ct
(A deposit to cover probable amount of contribution, or security to the satisfaction of the merchant attending to the matter, to be furnished by the claimant of goods.)	
For landing and reshipping goods at this port from vessels in distress on market value	1½ per ct
(The merchant entitled to such commission being held in all cases to have assumed the responsibility of the safe keeping of the cargo except as to damage resulting from natural accidents.)	
For accepting and paying a bottomry or respondentia bond	2½ per ct
(Interest to be also allowed for the time used)	
On purchase or sale of vessels	2½ per ct
For entering, clearing and transacting ship's business on vessels with cargo or passengers on vessels under 500 tons register	$50
on vessels of from 500 to 1,000 tons register	$ 75
on vessels over 1 000 tons register	100
(If the vessel be chartered and cleared by different consignees the commission not to exceed one half of the above rates to each)	
For disbursements of vessels by consignees with funds in hand	2½ per ct
For disbursements of vessels by consignees without funds in hand	5 per ct
For procuring freight or passengers	5 per ct
For chartering vessels, on amount of freight, actual or estimated, to be considered as due when the charter is effected	5 per ct
(But no charter to be considered as effected or binding until a memorandum or one of the copies of the charter party has been signed)	
On giving bonds for vessels under attachment in litigated cases on an amount of liability	2½ per ct
For receiving and transhipping or otherwise forwarding goods on invoice amount on the first $3 000 or any smaller amount	2½ per ct
For receiving and transhipping or otherwise forwarding goods on invoice amount on any excess over $3 000	1 per ct
For effecting marine insurance when no commission for sale or purchase is charged, on amount of premium	5 per ct
The foregoing commissions to be exclusive of broker's and every charge actually incurred	
Brokerage on purchase or sale of merchandise	1 per ct

RATES OF STORAGE ON MERCHANDISE

Measurement goods per month 75 cents per ton of forty cubic feet; heavy ditto 75 cents per ton of 2,000 lbs; or in either case the amount actually paid. The consignees to have the option of charging by weight or measurement. A fraction of a month to be charged as a month.

Regulations

CONCERNING DELIVERY OF MERCHANDISE, PAYMENT OF FREIGHT, ETC

When no express stipulation exists per bill of lading, goods are to be considered as deliverable on shore.

Freight on all goods to be paid or secured to the satisfaction of the captain or consignee of the vessel prior to the delivery of goods.

After the delivery to the purchaser of merchandise sold, no claim for damages, deficiency or other cause shall be admissible unless made within three days, and no such claims shall be allowable after goods sold and delivered have once left the city.

When foreign bills of lading do not expressly stipulate the [illegible] the coin, foreign currency shall be reckoned according to the United States value thereof, and payment be made in any legal tender of the United States.

When foreign bills of lading expressly stipulate the payment of freight in a specific coin, then the same must be procured, if required, or its equivalent given—the rate to be determined by the current value at the time and [illegible].

For tare on China sugar four pounds is to be allowed for each mat containing four pockets of about 25 lbs each.

All the tares of [illegible] to be [illegible] as well as by custom in New York, except where otherwise provided.

K of P.—Excelsior Lodge No 1, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock in Castle Hall, corner First and Taylor streets. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. THEO BARKER, C C
LEE R SHAW, K OF R & S
o12dl m

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I O O F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N G

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N G

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows Temple)

[illegible]

For Coughs, Colds and Throat Disorders use *Brown's Bronchial Troches*, having proved their efficacy by a test of many years.

Before your lungs begin to fester, stop the cough in time, else it destroy you with HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

River slowly recedes.

State circuit court to day.

A lovely day was yesterday!

Coming up slowly out of the water—the submerged steamer *Calliope*.

Grangers and farmers busy laying in winter goods and storekeepers correspondingly happy.

The school exercises of the public schools of the city yesterday, show very encouraging improvement.

A note from Knappton states that the weather in that vicinity is quite stormy and the bar is very rough.

A small inflated rubber elephant swings to and fro under the Dollar Store's sign. It suggests no object of comparison.

Christmas preparations are briskly going on. The necessary committees to attend to trees, presents, etc. have been appointed.

The lower story of the O. S. N. Co's dock has been cleaned up and freight is being received and discharged from the wharf.

The net proceeds of the party given at the Progress Club rooms by the Ladies' Relief Society amounts to the very satisfactory sum of $546.

The Liberal Association will again discuss the doctrine of "Atonement" at their meeting to morrow. All are invited to attend and participate.

The bridges on Front, South First and Washington streets, on which repairs have been in progress recently, are finished and reported ready for travel.

It is definitely announced that Prof. Herrmann, the great prestidigitateur, will open at New Market Theater on Thursday evening next. He will also give a grand matinee on Saturday afternoon.

The fleet winged and handsome ship *Western Shore* completed discharging her cargo Tuesday and commenced at once to receive wheat and flour. This vessel will be ready for sea about the middle of next week.

We have heard of a runaway that occurred yesterday in the southern part of the city, which resulted in considerable damage to the vehicle, though the animal was uninjured, and the buggy occupant more frightened than hurt.

Mr A. D. Richmond, who was general repairer for the Western Union Telegraph Company in this division for several years, is at present at San Luis Obispo, California. He is engaged in repairing and building the lines of the company.

ALL SAFE.

THE MISSING STEAMER LOS ANGELES HAS REACHED VICTORIA SAFELY

Yesterday the welcome news flashed over the northern wires, that after seven days of weary suspension, the missing steamer *Los Angeles*, which sailed from San Francisco for Victoria and intermediate ports, on Monday, Nov 29th, had reached her destination but in a disabled condition. Grave concern had been felt for several days for the safety of the steamer, and as the time lengthened a conviction was steadily gaining ground in the public mind that she had gone down to an ocean grave, carrying with her the precious argosy of human lives. But her arrival has at once cleared away all doubts, surmises and forbodings, and the public mind which has been alternating between hope and fear, and working itself into a feverish state of suspense, is set at rest. The telegraphic details are very meagre, but sufficient is known that the missing steamer has come to light, and all on board are safe. The steamer *Rocket*, which was sent from Victoria to look for the *Los Angeles*, found her a short distance north of the mouth of the Columbia river in a disabled condition, one of the engines having given out, and drifting about helpless. The disabled steamer was taken in tow by the *Rocket* and taken to Victoria, where she arrived yesterday. No further particulars can be obtained, for the line north went down just while the gratifying intelligence was being transmitted.

The Evil Fruits of Weak Digestion.

There is no pathological fact more clearly ascertained than that the most formidable phases of nervous disease are directly traceable to imperfect digestion. Insomnia, with its train of direful consequences, proceeds more frequently from weakness of the stomach than from any other cause. Mere sedatives are powerless to cure nervousness and soon cease to palliate its symptoms. The true way to strengthen the nervous system is to invigorate the digestive and assimilative organs upon whose unobstructed action its equilibrium is absolutely dependent. The daily use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will do more to brace and soothe the weakened and irritated nerves and induce sound refreshing sleep—nature's grand catholicon—than all the so called nervines to be found in the pharmacopoeia or out of it. A wine glassful of the Bitters should be taken before each meal.

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

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T N Hibben & Co	Victoria

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M M Melvin	Gardiner	J S Davis	W. Chehalem
S V Hardesker	Goshen	C M Morris, P M	Weston
W L Hodgkin	Independence	West & Co	Westport
		Malloit Bros	Woodburn
		C E Treacy	Yoncalla

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RICH AND RARE
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
Real Laces & Ostrich Feathers
JUST RECEIVED FROM EUROPE
Black and White Shawls,
AND LACES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
These Goods must be sold in 60 days at any sacrifice, duties thrown in.
MRS. HIGGINS,
Eighth street bet. Main and Salmon.

J. W. MILLER & SON,
No 98 Front Street,
(Opposite McIlwain's old stand.)
WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND A general assortment of
STOVES AND TINWARE.
All JOBBING in the line of the above business will be promptly attended to by
OLD JOHN MILLER.
At Reasonable Rates.

J. B. ROBERTS,
GENERAL STOCK AND MONEY BROKER.
98 First Street.
Notes discounted. Bills negotiated. Currency and Gold Dust Bought and Sold.

Particular attention is desired to the card of B. I. Stone, who is exhibiting an immense stock. A word to the wise, etc.

Mr D H Hendee publishes a card elsewhere relative to "Smith's Fire Kindler," for which he has the State and Territorial right.

A E Miller & Co, of the Pacific candy manufactory, have issued their holiday card inviting the attention of those desirous of purchasing, wholesale or retail. They are busy making up orders. Send in yours.

W Jackson & Co, are opening late importations in French China, glass and silver plated ware, which has been selected expressly for the holiday season. Wholesale and retail dealers will govern themselves accordingly.

Oscar Kilbourn will sell at his auction room this morning, at 10 o'clock, a large number of books. The catalogue comprises a number of the standard works—historical, romance, poetical, scientific and miscellaneous—and will make handsome and valuable acquisitions to any library.

JUST OPENED!
And now on Exhibition at
ACKERMAN'S
GRAND
Central Establishment!
THE FINEST AND HANDSOMEST SELECTED Stock ever Imported to this Coast, not excluding San Francisco, consisting of the following Articles:
Plated Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Ice Pitchers, Casters, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Card Receivers, Goblets and Mugs; Bronze, Marble Top and Inlaid Center Tables, Walnut Brackets, Wallpockets, and Slipper Holders, Fancy Work Boxes, Baskets,
Ladies' & Gents' Dressing Cases
Port Folios, Writing Desks, Photographic, Cabinet and Musical Albums,
And an Elegant and Endless Variety of other Goods Suitable for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
Also a Splendid Assortment of
Bronze, Bohemian & Parisian
STATUES,
And Toilet & Mantel Sets.
OUR STOCK OF
ENGLISH & FRENCH
China, Glassware, &c
IS ALSO COMPLETE NOW.
ALL OF THE ABOVE HAVING BEEN PURCHASED from Manufacturers direct enables us to offer them at astonishing Low Figures. Give us a call.
ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE,
No. 94 FIRST ST. & 95 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON

OYSTERS, FISH AND GAME.
PUGET SOUND GIG HARBOR FISHING CO.
Cor. Ash and Second Streets.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Fresh Puget Sound Fish, Oysters & Clams
And Salt Fish of all kinds. Cash must come with the orders. P GOLDSMITH, Manager

Shoalwater Bay Oysters
SERVED DAILY AT THE
PIONEER
RESTAURANT & CHOP HOUSE.
Washington Street, bet. First and Front.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties.
Orders out of the house promptly attended to.
A. FOURNIER,
L. WILBRON

GEM
OYSTER ROOMS!
5,000 Eastern Oysters
Fresh Lot Shoalwater Bays
NOW ON HAND

UNION FISH MARKET,
Washington St. bet. First and Sec'd
MENDENHALL & MAGOON,
Successors to Jas Quinn,
DEALERS IN
Fish, Poultry & Game,
AND
SALT FISH
Of all kinds.
Goods Delivered Free of Charge

EASTERN AND SHOALWATER BAY
OYSTERS!
In Every Style at the
"OXFORD," Oak Street,
BRANCH SALOON in the Clarendon Hotel
WALLER & SON
Shoalwater Bay Oysters 50c per hundred

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.
NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,
Of all descriptions.
WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying Insects. Also Trellises, Flowerpots, stands etc.
Send for Catalogue.
HACHENEY & STEMMIC, Grocers,
First and Taylor sts. Portland, Or

$50 to $5,000 Invested in Stock Privileges pay large profits on limited liability. Special inducements; call or write for our pamphlet. Men and Millions of Wall street and weekly Review of Wall street. Address, JOHN **Sent Free**, HICKLING & CO. Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, N. Y. mdly

The Daily Oregonian.
Christmas & New Years
DISPLAY AT
'THE WHITE HOUSE'
OF BEAUTIFUL
Black and Colored Dress Silks.
Black and Colored Cashmeres,
In all qualities (with silks to match)
Irish and French Poplins,
Camels' Hair & Basket Plaids,
And Plain Goods to match.
ALL OF WHICH WE OFFER AT
Greatly Reduced Prices.
We also invite attention to our Choice Assortment of New [illegible]
Cashmere Poles,
[illegible]
Fichus, [illegible]
LADIES' AND GENTS'
Initial Handkerchiefs
In Every Letter of the Alphabet.
WORSTED EMBROIDERY
Slipper and Foot Rest Patterns
And an endless Variety of Fancy
SILK TIES, SCARFS, COLLARS & CUFFS,
And numerous other Goods suitable for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
Our Second Stock of
Beaver Cloaks [illegible]
Which has just been received, should be seen by every Lady before purchasing in that line.
OUR
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
Consisting of the very Latest Styles of
Trimmed & Untrimmed Hats,
Ribbons,
Flowers,
Feathers,
Velvets, etc.,
In which we offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS.
LEWIS & [illegible]
No. [illegible]
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING

This Week
JOHN O'NEILL,
Merchant Tailor,
WILL OPEN
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK
OF
Cloths & Furnishing Goods!
In Raleigh's Building!
FIRST & STARK [illegible]

CLOTHING AT COST!
WM. CHURCH & SON
OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF
MEN'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHING,
At Cost for the next Sixty Days
FOR CASH ONLY!
Call Early and [illegible] Bargains
[illegible]
Neat Fitting and Comfortable.
THE PATENT
Water Proof Coats,
AT
NEIMEYER & UALER'S,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
31 FIRST STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
C. M. WIBERG,
125 FRONT STREET,
IS OFFERING HIS STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES
At Greatly Reduced Prices,
For the Next Thirty Days.

GEO. W. WALLING & SON,
OF OSWEGO,
Can be found at the
GRANGERS' MARKET,
Where Orders will be taken for their Celebrated
Fruit Trees and Shrubbery.
n23d&wlm

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the firm name of Welch & Morgan has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. James Welch is alone authorized to receipt for debts due the late firm and will pay all demands against the same upon presentation.

JAMES WELCH,
A P MORGAN

Portland, Dec 1 1875

NOTICE.

LADIES AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY WILL look to their own interests and wait for the Grand Auction Sale of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods &c, to commence on or about December 15 1875.

MRS H. ACH

Due notice will be given of the sale.

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC 11, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office

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Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO. Portland Oregon

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial

FRIDAY EVENING Dec 10, 1875.

Gold in New York 11[illegible].

Legal Tenders in Portland buying 8[illegible], selling 87

Coin Exchange on San Francisco at par

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent premium

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent premium

Currency Exchange on New York ¾ per cent premium

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent premium

Gold Bars 750 par

The local monetary situation is not essentially changed since our former reports, and though there seems to be a good deal of complaint of a slow circulation of capital, prime paper is readily negotiated and favorable opportunities to secure loans at the usual rates are offered.

The San Francisco money market upon which ours in a goodly measure depends has for some [illegible] by an actual stringency but latest advices indicate rather more ease though the strong demand which is prevalent for stock speculating purposes absorbs the floating capital to such an enormous extent that legitimate trade is often made to suffer. A friend who has recently returned from that city and whose business judgment is quite reliable assures us that the one great curse of business in California to-day is the stock speculation.

An exchange says that the scheme for silver resumption, which was intended to be commenced this month is deferred until after the meeting of Congress next month, in order that the law may be modified by further legislation. With the present [illegible] difference between paper money and coin it is feared that the retiring of fractional paper currency would produce great annoyance to traders by the hoarding and melting of the silver given out to supply its place.

Price of Wheat in England

As Great Britain is the principal consumer of our surplus breadstuffs, the people here are deeply interested in all matters that tend to throw light on the future price of that cereal. A rise in Liverpool is apt to occasion a rise here, and a decline in that market produces a decline here. We find that several leading commercial journals differ widely in their views on this subject. We collate from some of those which are generally regarded as authority on such quotations. The London *Post* came out on the 23d of October with a statement taken from the Russian correspondence of several German papers announcing blighted crops in Russia and the consequent probability of a famine in eastern Europe. The devastation of the blight was depicted as something terrible, and, "in fact" the *Post* said "from the Oral to the Crimea and from Tambow to Podolsk, it is all the same. Now, it is very strange that on the strength of this startling intelligence the English market did not 'jump up a shilling or two,' as it is dependent on Russia for such a large proportion of its supply. It did not however and it has since declined slightly. On November 18th the New York *Herald* in its financial and commercial column said "The quantity of wheat in and en route to New York is nearly 2,800,000 bushels greater than one year ago, and the quantity at Chicago and Milwaukee, the principal Western points of shipment, are 610 000 bushels more." The *Herald* contradicts the London *Post*, and says

So much for the position on this side of the Atlantic [illegible] the weight of evidence seems to be greatly against a short supply in any country [illegible] Great Britain. English accounts speak of liberal importations from France while reports from Odessa, the principal port of southern Russia, show that the receipts and shipments from September 1st to October 23d were forty per cent. greater than for the same period in 1874 and from the Baltic ports the accounts show an increased export of about 3,000,000 bushels. The imports of wheat into the United Kingdom of Great Britain from September 1st to October 23d 1875 have been 11 210 351 against 7,301 615 in 1874 an increase of 3,875,000 cwt. in the first 55 days of the new crop year.

The *Herald's* statement while it contradicts the report of short crops in Russia announces that not only Russia has increased in her exportation since last year but that the United States has 2,416,000 bushels more surplus than 1874 at the principal points of shipment east of the Rocky mountains.

Other papers have also commented extensively on present and late prices paid for wheat in England and among them the London *Economist* comparing the present market rate with that of the same time last year, says

The effect of last year's abundance has been greater in counterbalancing the deficiency of a single bad harvest than it seemed reasonable at first to assume. The advance brought out stocks from all parts of the world and after a bad harvest we find a level of price established as low as it has often been after a moderately good harvest. The fact is a most important one for the future of trade. Wheat having now been very cheap for nearly fifteen months with a short interval of high price last June, and being likely to remain cheap for some months to come. The effect of this long period of cheap wheat will be felt, we believe for the next few years as a stimulus once given to trade by a cause like this continues long after the cause itself has disappeared.

It may be, and is rather likely, that the *Economist* is correct in its assignment of the cause for the present low rates current, but the argument inferred that because prices are low this year they must continue so for two or three years to come is a more difficult thing to have fully regarded as consequent.

Miscellaneous.

Our local wheat market is still in a somewhat excited condition and offers for fair lots buyers 30 days are quotable at $1 75 per cental. Offers to sell are becoming more frequent since the advance from $1 65 that [illegible] place.

The maritime disasters for September as just reported by the Bureau of the Bureau Veritas, were as follows, Sailing vessels lost—53 English 9 German 8 French 5 Norwegian 4 American 4 Italian, 3 Danish 3 Russian 3 Swedish 2 Dutch 1 Spanish and 2 of which the nationality is unknown—total 96 in this number are included 4 sailing vessels reported missing. Steamers reported lost—6 English, 2 Swedish, 1 American and 1 Spanish—total 10, in this number is included 1 steamer reported missing.

The increase of the drawback on refined sugars from 3 cents gold less 10 per cent., to 3¼ cents less 1 per cent., has caused a wonderful increase in the export trade in refined sugars. The New York *Shipping List* publishing the following comparison of exports for two months

	1875	1874	1873
September	lbs 3,511 388	251 [illegible]	313 136
October	4,439 779	238 106	88 479
Totals	lbs 7,951,5[illegible]	589,852	401 615

Drawback allowed in 1873-4 3¼ gold less 1[illegible] ct 1875 3¾

Owing to a scarcity in the Victoria flour market, prices there are reported somewhat advanced and a few fair sized orders are at hand from that place but they can not be filled until the California arrives and is ready to sail for that port.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—For fair average lots $1 70@1 75 per cental sacked

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands $[illegible] ₩ bbl good [illegible] and country brands $[illegible] and [illegible] per [illegible]

OATS—Choice white 60c per bushel common do [illegible]

BARLEY Choice brewing $[illegible] feed $1 30 [illegible]

MILL FEED—Bran, $[illegible] shorts $[illegible] [illegible]

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter solid 25@30c [illegible] roll 28@[illegible] fancy dairy [illegible] cheese [illegible] quotable at 17@18 ₩ [illegible]

EGGS—Quotable at [illegible] ₩ [illegible]

CHICKENS—Full grown $2@[illegible] ₩ doz

FRESH MEATS Beef dressed [illegible] dressed hogs [illegible] mutton [illegible] ₩ [illegible] and [illegible]

HIDES AND FURS—[illegible] Best selected [illegible] green 6c [illegible] for dried, and 50@75c each green [illegible] skins $1 [illegible] each otter $[illegible]

POTATOES [illegible] 70 ₩ [illegible]

ONIONS As to quality $[illegible] ₩ 100 lbs

HAY Choice timothy baled $[illegible] loose $18 [illegible] wild $10 [illegible] 12

DRIED APPLES—In sacks [illegible] in kegs [illegible]

DRIED PLUMS—With pits [illegible] pitless [illegible]

[illegible] FRUITS—Apples [illegible] ₩ box pears 50[illegible]

BACON—Hams choice [illegible] common to good [illegible] ₩ lb sides [illegible] shoulders 9c

LARD—Oregon made fresh, in tins 17c ₩ lb in kegs, 16@[illegible]c.

Shipping Intelligence

The steamship Oriflamme it is reported will leave San Francisco for this port to-morrow

The brig Ben Wolf has most of her cargo discharged

The steamship California is about due from northern ports

The schooner Oregonian cleared for San Francisco to-day with a full freight.

The ships Carmarthen Castle and Clenen[illegible] have cleared for Europe with wheat cargoes.

The ship British Statesman arrived last night and is anchored in the stream. Messrs A [illegible] & Lewis will load her with about [illegible] tons of wheat for Europe

The ship John Rennie which arrived off San Francisco Nov 26th in ballast was ordered to this port to load wheat for Europe on owner's account

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO Dec 10 Sailed German bark H Upman, Mazatlan schr W H Stevens Tahiti via Humboldt bark J W Seaver Coos Bay bark Antisel Departure Bay Br ship Mikado Sydney [illegible] brig Polar Mazatlan str City of San Francisco Sydney

Arrived Bark Harvest Queen Seattle str Oriflamme Portland bark [illegible] bark Cornmula Newcastle England

EXPORTS.

Per Am schooner Oregonian for San Francisco dispatched [illegible] by Capt [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] bbls flour [illegible] bbls [illegible] beef 240 bbls salmon 40 hf bbls do [illegible] staves [illegible] feet ash lumber at [illegible] miscellaneous pkgs

Per Br ship Glencoe to Cork dispatched Dec 10th by the Salem Flouring Mills Co [illegible] bushels wheat, valued at $14,389 70

Per Br ship Carmarthen Castle for Liverpool dispatched Dec 10th by Rogers, Meyer & Co. [illegible] bushels wheat valued at $61 400

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO Dec 10—Flour—Extra jobbing at $5 75@6 25

Wheat—Shipping lots in demand $1 90@1 9[illegible]

Barley, $1 [illegible] brewing $1 [illegible]

Oats—Medium $1 8[illegible] choice, $1 95

Corn—Large $1 [illegible] small $1 40

Potatoes—Petaluma $1 37½@1 40

Hay—$13 to $20

ADVERTISED LETTERS

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN POST office at Portland county of Multnomah, Oregon Dec. 11, 1875 Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised

Ladies' List.

Anderson Mrs A E
Aldrich Miss Susie 2
Abbott, Mrs M V

Blackwood, Miss O I
Bryant Miss Clara E
Band, Miss Augusta

Clark Miss Maria
Clark Miss Etta
Clark Mrs James
Cash Miss Daisy
Cook Miss Lottie
Conklin Miss Ada

Dobson Mrs Mary Ann

Ellison Miss Florence

Fay Mrs Richard
Farrell, Miss Ann Eliza
Flynn Miss Minnie
Frost, Mrs Eliza
Fonchim Louisa

Galligher Miss Adelia
Gordon, Miss Ella
Gorn Miss Alice

Handson, Miss Bell
Harrington Mrs Celia
Harney, Mrs Jas F
Hall, Miss Mary E
Hankins Miss L A
Hankins, Mrs Susannah
Harney, Mrs Anne
Hall Miss Nannie
Helgele Mrs Mary
Henrice Mrs M E
Healy, Mrs E
Hill Mrs S A
Horner Mrs Alice
Holland Miss Hattie
Holmes Mrs Huldah

Jean, Minnie
Jowett Mrs H M

Kellogg, Mrs Ellen

Kennedy Mrs Maggie
Kiernan Mrs Jno
Kellen Mrs Kade 2
Kelly Mrs Mollie

Lewis Miss Maria J
Leach, Mrs Nancy
Lery, Mrs Fannie
Littlepage, Miss Era
Lorien Miss Ella
Lockwood Mrs C M
Lorien Mrs Dr A M

Michaelec, Mrs John
Miller Miss Annie H 2
Mooney, Mrs Barton
Moran Mrs Annie
Morgan Miss F
Mohlen Miss Caroline

Neff, Mrs M
Nesmith Mrs
Neill Mrs Ellen

O Brien Mrs Ann
O Hara Mrs Charlotte M
O Brien Miss Mary

Parker Mrs Isabel
Pullen, Mrs S J
Pullen, Mrs G W

Richey Mrs Stewart
Robinson Mrs Susanna

Smith Mrs Ella
Smith Mrs Ann
Shardn Miss Alice
Sands Cynthia
Shepard Mrs John
Strong, Mrs Emma
Sutherland Mary A

Thurman Miss May
Tong Miss Aggie

Van Dusen Miss Linda
Vickars Miss Susan

Gentlemen's List.

Allen Louis A
Arnold Louie
Adams Edward

Blanchard J A
Bingman, Jas
Baciglalupi G B
Bassett, Amadore
Baker W H
Barber, C M
Barker R A
Benson Geo
Bogart, O H
Brown Wm
Bromley Mr

Cary S D
Corbett, A J
Coffin, Stephen
Collins John W
Clement D B
Clark Geo W
Clark Chas L
Chance, A
Chamberlin, Geo

Dyer Mr
Durr H C
Darlan L J S
Durgan J O

Erikson Ole

Falcking Walter

Gleobetlolt A
Gaylord G
Gallagher Jas
Goodwin Jas C
Griswold Chas A
Grant, Robt

Hagan J
Hawkins, Arthur

Herald
Hopson L R
Hodes Charlie
Hardley W
Henderson B K

Jacob Isaac
Jones A T
Johnston Theo

King Sydney
Kelly Hugh
Kellogg, Cyrus

Lake H H
Lewelling Seth
Landers Thos

Mann John
Matshus Fred
Mason Jens
Mitchell Jas P
Millen H C
Moller, E
Montgomery J H
Morse F F
Morgan Arthur C
Munson S P
Marshall Henry
Marshall I D
McCalf Barney
McCabe Barnard
McConnal F
McIntire Alonzo
McQuinn Jno A

Nelson Peter
Nilson Peder

O'Connell Denis
O Donald W H

Phelps C W
Prior, Joseph

Raynor Harris
Randall F D
Risley John
Roe Rev G C
Rochill A R
Rogers H W

Sopher Oliver
Souls, Harry
Sorenson Chris
Sielson John
Schmale Wm
Shogreen Lewis
Smith Jas C
Smith A M
Smith Jos E
Stone J L
Storan Capt Jno
Stevens Lorens
Stephens F M

Turnbull Thos R
Terwilliger Wm
Taylor, Alanson

Underwood J C

Vanney J
Vandersell Wes

Webber Wm I
Wearylck, S C
Wilcox Jas M
Warren Wm
Warner John S
Waterman Judge
White R S
Whitley Clement
White H
Walker Jas I
Wilson, I M
Williams J M

GEORGE E COLE P M

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLE,

S. W Corner of Second and Stark Street

Until further notice our Carriage Rates will be as follows

Calling and Riding in City Limits $1 00 an hour

To or from Trains and Steamboats 50 cents each person

To and from Concerts Theaters, Balls and Parties $1 00 a couple.

Funerals each Hack $1 00 an hour

All orders given to the Drivers or left at the office will be promptly attended to day or night.

E. CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS

Reasonable Charges for Hire Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses

OBSERVE PRICES IN THE HACK DEPARTMENT

Riding $1 00 per hour

Calling, $1 50 first hour 50 each additional hour

To boats 50 cents each passenger

Funerals, $2 per Hack

To and from Balls and Parties $1 50 a couple

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS promptly attended to at any hour

People without means will be furnished Hacks free to funerals for the next thirty days

RAILROAD LANDS.

LIBERAL TERMS!

LOW PRICES!

LONG TIME!

LOW INTEREST

THE OREGON & CALIFORNIA RAILROAD CO offer their lands for sale [illegible] the following liberal terms one tenth of the price in cash. Interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent [illegible] one year after sale and one tenth [illegible] tenth of the principal and interest [illegible] at the rate of seven per cent per annum. Both principal and interest payable in U. S. Currency.

A discount of [illegible] per cent will be allowed for cash.

All [illegible] letters and [illegible] Land Department of the O. & C. R. R. Portland Oregon [illegible]

TO WOOLEN MILLS.

ARMORY OF THE WASHINGTON GUARD
Portland Or Nov [illegible]

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT Portland Oregon until the 28th day of December 1875 at 8 o clock P. M. for

350 Yds, or more, of Gray Woolen Cloth.

Sample of Cloth will be furnished on application to

A J SUTHERLAND
Sec of Uniform Committee

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

n[illegible]

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Come Early! Come Often!

J. K. GILL & CO.

75 FIRST STREET,

Have received their Stock of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

For the Holidays!

And are now prepared to show to their customers the most Elegant Stock in their line ever imported to this State.

Their line of Holiday Goods this season is mainly BOOKS, STATIONERY PARLOR GAMES, and such Fancy Goods as are usually kept in a

First Class Bookstore.

MORE ANON

HOLIDAY NOTICE.

Books, Fancy Goods, Toys

CHAS. HIRSTEL & CO.,

77 Front Street,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE LINE OF Goods suitable for the [illegible] consisting in part of

- Juvenile and Toy Books,
- Fancy Stationery,
- Backgammon and Chess Boards,
- Russia Wallets,
- Card and Cigar Cases,
- Photographic and Musical Albums,
- Gold Pencils and Pens,
- Scrap Books & Postage Stamp Albums,
- Fancy and Work Baskets,
- Writing and Dressing Cases,
- Albums, Prang's Illuminated Cards,
- Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views,
- Porte Monnaies, Pocket Cutlery,
- Yankee Notions, and a full and complete assortment of TOYS, etc., etc.

n24d1m

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS INFLUENZA

Sore Throat Colds Whooping Cough Croup Liver Complaint Bronchitis Asthma Bleeding of the Lungs and every affection of the Throat Lungs and Chest are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This well known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I BUTTS. SETH W FOWLE & SONS Proprietors, Boston Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & Co, San Francisco and by dealers generally

Chief of Police Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland dated Nov 11th 1875 commanding me to levy upon south ½ lot No six in block one (1) in the City of Portland and collect assessment thereon amounting to seventy six 31/100 ($76 31) dollars for the improvement of First street between Ash and Alder streets I have this day levied upon said south ½ of lot six in block one and on Monday the 20th day of December 1875 at 10 o clock A. M of said day in front of the court house door in said city of Portland Multnomah county State of Oregon will sell said south ½ of lot six to the highest bidder therefor, to pay said assessments costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U S gold and silver coin

J H LAPPEUS Chief of Police

Portland Nov 27 1875 n27d[illegible]

Chief of Police Sale

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland dated Nov 11th 1875 commanding me to levy upon lot Number six in block 27 in the City of Portland and collect assessment thereon amounting to one hundred and eighty six 14/100 ($186 14) dollars for the improvement of First street between Ash and Alder streets I have this day levied upon said lot six in block 27 and on Monday the 20th day of December 1875 at 10 o clock A M of said day in front of the court house door in said City of Portland Multnomah county State of Oregon will sell said lot six to the highest bidder therefor to pay said assessments costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U S Gold and silver coin

J H LAPPEUS Chief of Police

Portland Nov 27 1875 n27d[illegible]

Chief of Police Sale

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRTUE of a Warrant issued by the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland dated Nov 11th 1875 commanding me to levy upon lots Number 2 and 7 in block 200 in the city of Portland and collect assessment thereon amounting to twelve 47/100 ($12 47) dollars for the improvement of Montgomery street between Fourth and Fifth streets I have this day levied upon said lots 2 and 7 in block 200 and on Wednesday the 29th day of December 1875 at 10 o clock A M of said day in front of the court house door in said city of Portland Multnomah county, State of Oregon will sell said lots 2 and 7, to the highest bidder therefor to pay said assessments costs and expenses of sale. Said sale to be for U S gold and silver coin

J H LAPPEUS Chief of Police

Portland Nov 30 1875 d1[illegible]

STORAGE & TRANSPORTATION

The undersigned having leased the

PACIFIC WHARF

Cor. Front and Salmon Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT THE above property is ready for occupancy

Storage and Wharfage at the Usual Rates

Unrivaled Facilities for the Discharging, Storing and Shipping of all kinds of Freight. Will also be the Landing for the well known light draft boats OHIO and CITY OF SALEM and shippers and Freighters are assured of a cheap and reliable means of transportation to all points on the Willamette river to the head of navigation at all seasons of the year

I. B. SCOTT & CO.

N INGERSOLL Supt.

SUMMONS—In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Multnomah [illegible] Gustave Strube plaintiff vs Joseph Burkhard and W Stark defendants. Suit in equity to foreclose a mortgage. To W Stark defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants [illegible]

THAYER & WILLIAMS
Plaintiff's Attorneys

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE OF J. E. Lake deceased by Note Book Account or otherwise will save costs by paying the same within 30 days to D. O. Redner at the Dexter Stove Foundry on east side of Front street, between Madison and Main

C E BACON Administrator

Portland Nov 30 1875 n30d[illegible]

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO NEW YORK
ST LOUIS, CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

LONDON HONG KONG,
PARIS BERLIN
FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President HENRY FAILING.
Cashier JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST LOUIS.

[illegible] DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals

FREDK. TOWNSEND,
Acting Manager

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. W. ALDRICH, M. D.,

Office—127 & 129 First Street.

Specialty—Diseases of Women and Children

n22d&wim

T. L. NICKLIN, Dentist,

With Hatch & Thompson,

No 109 First Street, Portland Oregon

REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets (double house) where he can be found at any time

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Cor. Morrison and Front Sts.,

PERKINS, COGGAN & CO., Proprietors

C H Perkins, late of the American Ex. Hotel

Free Coach to and from the House

CLARENDON HOTEL,

ZIEBER & KNOWLES,

Proprietors.

Opposite the Railroad and Steamship Offices. Street Cars pass the House every five minutes

Free Coach to and from the House.

COLUMBIA HOTEL,

EDWARD STILLER, - PROPRIETOR.

Second and A Streets, Portland

Hands seeking employment will be furnished information free of charge

Parties wishing hands placed [illegible]

BOARDING & LODGING

Reduced to 75 Cents per Day, at

THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE.

The THOMPSON HOUSE is the cheapest house in Oregon for married or single. No Bar on the premises.

Employers in want of Help will please call as there are always good steady men around. No charge made

LAND FOR IMMIGRANTS.

Choice Farms for Sale.

4,000 ACRES, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURCHASERS

230 ACRES DUE SOUTH AND ADJOINING the Railroad Depot at Salem all under cultivation and suitable for grain or vegetables

940 ACRES four miles south east of Salem on the railroad with Mill creek running through it. This is the choicest farming land in Marion county with fine springs consisting in part of the old [illegible] land claim on which [illegible] raised the present year fifty bushels of wheat and three tons of timothy [illegible] per acre [illegible] part of this land [illegible] four bushels per acre grain weighed and ground chained by Mr Alfred Stanton of Salem

2,700 ACRES of prairie and light brush land with timber for farming purposes, lying on the Willamette river for four miles [illegible] the east boat landings all along the river commencing four miles North of Salem—all choice grain land the largest and most suitable body of land [illegible] in the Willamette valley to be [illegible] by a colony [illegible] from $[illegible] to $[illegible] per acre. This land will be immediately [illegible] [illegible] in larger or smaller parcels [illegible] purchasers [illegible] to the best [illegible] [illegible] purchase [illegible] in the best part of the Willamette valley near the city of Salem and within [illegible] of the best [illegible] [illegible] most favorably located with respect to markets greater advantages on [illegible] than they ever expect to receive [illegible]

THOMAS CROSS

Salem Nov 9 1875

PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET

SORENSEN & TAYLOR.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

Sawed and unsawed constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City

HUDSON,
MAKER OF
STENCILS
SEALS
RUBBER STAMPS
DIES ETC
TALBOT

15 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

RAILROADS.

NOTICE.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND PASSENGER OFFICE.

FROM AND AFTER DATE AND UNTIL further notice the Rates on General Merchandise South will be as follows

Portland to Salem	15 cts. per 100 lbs.
Portland to Albany	25 cts. per 100 lbs.

E P ROGERS
G F & P Agent

Portland Ogn Nov 13 1875 n15d1m

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7 30 A M	Roseburg	7.10 P
Roseburg	5 00 A M	Portland	4.15 P

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	3 50 P. M.	Albany	8 25 P. M.
Albany	5 30 A. M.	Portland	10 05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	6 15 A. M	Junction	6 00 P. M
Junction	5 45 A M	Portland	5 15 P M

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr, Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and P[illegible] Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11 20 A. M.	Tacoma	5 30 P M
Tacoma	6 30 A. M.	Kalama	12 40 P M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S N Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P M with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine Mines

And on the 6th 16th and 26th of each Month with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers for San Francisco.

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O S N Co, Portland, Or

J W SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H W FAIRWEATHER
General Ticket Agent.

Kalama W T Nov 15 1875

MARKETS.

Centennial Sausage Market!

BY

SPILLMANN & HAUGG,

N. W cor. Third and Ash Sts.

EVERY VARIETY of FRESH SAUSAGES

d4d2w

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 25, 27 and 28 Central Market,

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city

J. S. KELLER,

Cor. Madison and First Streets,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also KOSHER BEEF VEAL AND MUTTON

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA OREGON

ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,

For the Storage of Goods and a large experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to

Consignments solicited Mark goods Care J. R. F.

Always on hand, a full assortment of

Groceries, Provisions & Clothing, Mechanics, Miners & Blacksmiths' Tools,

And a Large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

MILLER, MARSHALL & CO.,

OF

"OREGON CITY MILLS,"

ANNOUNCE TO THE TRADE THAT THEY ARE now manufacturing Flour with the aid of the best

MIDDLINGS PURIFIERS,

and [illegible] warranted in asserting that our hitherto Extra [illegible] is much improved by the NEW PROCESS which [illegible] a fair trial will demonstrate. Also SUPERFINE FLOUR and MILL OFFALS [illegible] on hand at the lowest market rates.

All [illegible] orders as above

Oregon City Or Oct 1st 1875

BLUE LICK WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey I am in receipt of an Invoice of the same, in barrels half barrels and cases which I am prepared to offer to the trade at jobbing rates

H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT

Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,

No 1[illegible] First near Taylor street

P GOLDSMITH
247 & 249 Water st New York

J LOEWENBERG
Portland.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

33 and 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block.

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

TINMEN'S AND PLUMBERS' STOCK,

Bird Cages, Fancy Wire Goods, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,

And a Complete Assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE,

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

ORIFLAMME,

FRANCIS CONNOR - Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1875,

At 6 o clock A M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets.

GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES - Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports,

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1875,

At 4 o clock P M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER SEPT 17TH until further notice the Steamer E. N. COOKE will leave her dock, foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P M for Oregon City

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at Portland, at 7:30 connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight Greatly Reduced.

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch

J. D. BILES, Agent.

THE

Willamette River Trans. Co.'s

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows

WILLAMETTE RIVER ROUTE.

Around the Falls by Locks and Canal!

No detention or re-handling of freight at Oregon City!

FOR DAYTON—Str GOV GROVER, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A M

FOR ALBANY—Str, CHAMPION, Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M

FOR CORVALLIS—Str WILLAMETTE CHIEF, Monday and Thursday, at 6 A M,

COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE.

FOR ASTORIA and WAY LANDINGS, connecting at KALAMA with N. P. Railroad, for the SOUND and VICTORIA—Str, BEAVER, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A M

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES

FRANK T. DODGE Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A.M,

For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M

For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M

J. C AINSWORTH President.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS T GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver at 2.30 P. M

Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board

Towing done between 10 30 A M and 2 P M., daily except Sundays.

LAW CARDS.

ELLIS G. HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Room 1 Ankeny's Building Portland

A C GIBBS W B GILBERT

GIBBS & GILBERT,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

Office—Rooms Nos. 6 and 7 over First National Bank Portland, Ogn 3m
65

SYL. C. SIMPSON JNO B WALDO

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No 12 Dekum's Building

HUELAT & EASTHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

PORTLAND—In Opitz's new Brick 30 First street.
OREGON CITY—Charman's Brick up stairs)

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building corner First and Ash Streets Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

City Assessment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll of the City of Portland has been duly filed and will remain open in the Auditor's office until January 1, 1876, prior to which time all applications for corrections of errors must be filed

Particular attention is directed to the following section of Ordinance No 1[illegible]

Section 3. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by the assessment, valuation, or listing of property may apply to the Common Council for a revision of the same.

Such application shall contain a list of all the property subject to taxation for city purposes owned by the applicant or in the hands of, or under the control of the applicant and a concise statement of the particular item or items claimed to be erroneously assessed, which said application shall in all cases be verified by oath or affirmation of the applicant and must be filed with the Auditor before the 1st day of January following the date of the filing of the Assessment Roll

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Dec [illegible] 1875 [illegible]

HURD'S RAZOR BLADE

Axes and Hatchets!

Any [illegible] of above just received and

FOR SALE LOW

Shelf and Builders' Hardware,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c &c at

JOHN R. FOSTER'S,

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

SCHOOL TAXES.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT No 1 Multnomah county, Oregon You are hereby notified that the School Taxes for the year 1875 are now due and collectible and I am by virtue of a warrant from the Board of Directors of said District dated November 18 1875 commanded to collect the same within sixty days.

GEO W MURRAY,
Clerk of School District No 1

Office at 62 Front street. Office hours from 9 A M to [illegible] P M

Portland, Nov 18 1875

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W. SPAULDING'S

[illegible]

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT [illegible] inserted in circular saws. REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as [illegible] Re-Toothing Straightening, etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes also [illegible] Mulay, Gang Buck Butcher, and [illegible] kinds together with a good [illegible] hours at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand or made at short notice.

N. B.—KNAPP, BURRELL & CO, Commission Merchants Portland, Oregon, are authorized Agents for Oregon, [illegible]

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise filled at same rates as if sent to [illegible]

Expectorant

Stubborn Coughs and Colds [illegible] promptly to the healing and [illegible] properties of Dr. [illegible] [illegible] It loosens [illegible] the expectoration of [illegible] matter,—mitigates much [illegible] tress, and checks [illegible]

Asthma, Bronchitis, and Throat Troubles are at once [illegible] Dr. Jayne's [illegible] removes constriction of the [illegible] tubes, loosens phlegm, heals the mucous [illegible] any feverish tendency [illegible] forward a gradual cure.

Consumption, Pleurisy and Lung Affections also [illegible] and ameliorated by [illegible] much irritation and [illegible] lieving them of the [illegible] by which they are [illegible] suppressed [illegible] the affected parts [illegible]

Whooping Cough, Croup [illegible] ness are efficiently [illegible] Jayne's [illegible] difficulty of breathing [illegible] sion in the throat or [illegible] the ejection of mucus [illegible] the violence of [illegible] the outset. It is a safe [illegible] tive, of long-established [illegible] and where promptly [illegible] has enabled many to [illegible] Lung Affections.

T A DAVIS & CO, Whol[illegible] Oregon

YOUNG MEN

Who may be suffering from the [illegible] ful follies or indiscretion, will [illegible] themselves of this, the greatest [illegible] at the altar of suffering humanity. [illegible] NEY will guarantee to [illegible] case of seminal weakness, or [illegible] any kind or character which [illegible] and fails to cure. He would [illegible] the unfortunate sufferer who [illegible] tice, that you are treading [illegible] ground when you longer delay in [illegible] proper remedy for your complaint [illegible] be in the first stage. [illegible] proaching the last. If you are [illegible] the last and are suffering [illegible] fects remember that if [illegible] nation, the time must come [illegible] skillful physician can render [illegible] when the door of hope will be [illegible] you when no angel of mercy [illegible] lief. In no case has the [illegible] cess. Then let not [illegible] imagination but avail yourself of the [illegible] results of his treatment before [illegible] yond the reach of medical skill [illegible] death hurries you to a premature [illegible] course of treatment $25.00 [illegible] Post Office order or Express with [illegible] tion of the case. Call, or address

DR. A. [illegible]
No 11 Kearny Street, [illegible]

To the Unfortunate

DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY

623 Kearny [illegible]

Established [illegible] in [illegible] ment of Sexual and [illegible] eases such as [illegible] Stricture, Syphilis [illegible] Seminal Weakness [illegible] Skin Diseases etc., [illegible] cured or no [illegible]

SEMINAL WEAKNESS

Seminal Emissions, the consequence [illegible] This solitary vice, or depraved [illegible] practiced by the youth of both sexes [illegible] unlimited extent, producing with [illegible] ty, the following train of morbid [illegible] combatted by scientific medical [illegible] low countenance, dark spots under the [illegible] the head ringing in the ears, noise like [illegible] of leaves and rattling of chariots, [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs, [illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confidence [illegible] approaching strangers, a dislike to [illegible] quaintances disposition to shun [illegible] memory hectic flushes, pimples and [illegible] tions about the face, furred [illegible] coughs consumption nightsweats, [illegible] frequent insanity

CURED AT HOME.

Persons at a distance may be CURED by addressing a letter to Dr. [illegible] symptoms, length of time the [illegible] and have medicines promptly forwarded [illegible] damage and curiosity, to any part [illegible] with full and plain directions. [illegible] Dollars coin in registered letter [illegible] office or through Wells, Fargo & Co.'s [illegible] medicine will be forwarded [illegible] Union. Address

DR. J. F. [illegible]
Box 1,957, San [illegible]

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION

MARRIAGE GUIDE

[illegible]

North First Street [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE assessment made by Ordinance No. [illegible] for the improvement of North First street [illegible] F streets in the manner provided [illegible] No 1[illegible] on each of the following described lots fronting on said street as well as those [illegible] for a proportionate share of improving the [illegible] sections of said street with streets running at right angles therewith is due and payable in gold [illegible] of the City Treasury in United States gold [illegible] silver coin and unless paid within [illegible] from the date hereof the Common Council will order warrants issued for the collection [illegible]

Block	Lot	Owner	
11	1	H C Leonard	[illegible]
	5	A E Wait	[illegible]
	8	W Condon	[illegible]
15	2	D F Harrington	[illegible]
	5	Norris	[illegible]
	3	D F Leahy	[illegible]
	1	G W Weidler	[illegible]
			$1,[illegible]

By order of the Common Council,

W S CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Dec 10 1875.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, THAT ON THE [illegible] eighth day of December A D, 1875 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of William A Hart of Portland in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Room No 8 in Dekum's Building corner of First and Washington streets Portland, Oregon, before H H Northup Register on the 22d day of December A D 1875 at 10 o clock A M

DAN'L J MALARKEY
U S Marshal as Messenger

d10d17

DR. MING

THE WELL KNOWN CHINESE Physician takes pleasure in informing his old patients and the public generally that he has just received a supply of new Drugs and Medicines and is now prepared to cure all diseases to which the human family is liable. The Doctor has been a resident of Portland for all his [illegible] years and has given satisfaction to all his patients. [illegible] Give him a call. Consultations free. Office 46 First street between Oak and Pine

FRANCISCO

SPAULDING
& Repairing
HMENT,
ant street be-
nd Battery
1860

NG'S PATENT FALSE TEETH
ircular saws,
all its branches such as Gum
Straightening etc
[illegible] of all sizes also Cross-cut Mill,
Butcher and Hand saws of all
h a good assortment of Saw Ar
rket rates.
LANER KNIVES and MOULD-
nyson hand or made to order on

P, BURRELL & CO., Com
Portland Oregon are my duly
for Or [illegible] Washington & Idaho
ugh them by telegraph or other-
rates as if sent to me direct,

pectorant

oughs and Colds yield
to the healing and cura-
rties of Dr. Jayne's Ex-
. It loosens and promotes
toration of irritating mat-
gates much pain and dis-
checks inflammation.

ronchitis, and Throat
are at once relieved by
e's Expectorant. It re-
striction of the Bronchial
sens phlegm, soothes and
mucous membrane, arrests
sh tendency, and helps to
gradual cure.

n, Pleurisy, and Lung
S are generally controlled
orated by Dr. Jayne's Ex-
. It saves the lungs from
tation and distress, by re-
om of the irritating matters
they are clogged, it also
s inflammation and gives
ed parts a chance to heal,

ough, Croup and Hoarse-
efficaciously treated by Dr.
Expectorant. It removes
of breathing and oppres-
e throat or lungs, promotes
on of mucus and subdues
nce of these complaints at
. It is a Safe Family Cura-
ong-established reputation,
re promptly administered,
ed many to escape serious
ections.
CO Wholesale Agents Portland
[illegible]

UNG MEN
uffering from the effects of youth
discretion will do well to avail
is the greatest boon ever laid
suffering humanity Dr SPIN-
rantee to forfeit $500 for every
weakness or private disease of
character which he undertakes
e He would therefore say to
sufferer who may read this no-
are treading upon dangerous
you longer delay in seeking the
for your complaint. You may
stage remember you are ap-
last. If you are bordering upon
e suffering some or all its ill ef-
r that if you persist in procrasti-
me must come when the most
an can render you no assistance
of hope will be closed against
angel of mercy can bring you re-
se has the Doctor failed of suc-
t not despair work upon your
t avail yourself of the beneficial
reatment before your case is be-
of medical skill, or before grim
you to a premature grave. Full
tment $5 00 Send money by
er or Express with full descrip-
Call or address
DR. A. B. SPINNEY,
11 Kearny Street San Francisco

Unfortunate!
DR. GIBBON'S
DISPENSARY,
623 Kearny Street, S. F
Established in 1854 for the treat
ment of Sexual and Seminal Di
seases such as Gonorrhea, Gleet,
Stricture Syphilis in all its forms,
Seminal Weakness Impotency
Skin Diseases etc permanently
cured or no charge
INAL WEAKNESS.
nons the consequence of self abuse,
or depraved sexual indulgence is
youth of both sexes to an almost
, producing with unerring certain
train of morbid symptoms, unless
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, dark spots under the eyes, pain in
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position to shun society loss of
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RED AT HOME.
stance may be CURED AT HOME
letter to Dr Gibbon stating case
h of time the disease has continued
ines promptly forwarded free from
riosity, to any part of the country
plain directions By including Ten
registered letter through the Post-
Wells Fargo & Co a package of
be forwarded to any part [illegible]
DR J F GIBBON,
Box 1957 San Francisco

OK FOR THE MILLION!
RRIAGE
IDE.

orth First Street.
EREBY GIVEN THAT THE A
made by Ordinance No 1760 for the
North First street [illegible]

CE IN BANKRUPTCY

The Daily Oregonian.

SUPPLEMENT.

SATURDAY MORNING DEC [illegible] 187

DARLING DOREL

[Dorel was a daughter of [illegible] Margrave and [illegible] Duke of Brieg [illegible] a pattern of goodness [illegible] on account [illegible] ially below [illegible] children were her especial delight, and when [illegible] through the town of Brieg they [illegible] full [illegible] Duchess of Brieg came to be called the Darling Dorel.]

She came with [illegible]
An angel in heart [illegible]
As quaintly the old German chronicles tell
The picturesque story of Darling Dorel

Some faces are bright like [illegible]
Wherever they shine [illegible]
While sorrow's pale phantom glides back to its cell
And such was the face of the Darling Dorel

Some hearts are so full of the treasures of [illegible]
The beautiful gifts of the [illegible]
Their riches [illegible] as well
And such was the heart of the Darling Dorel

Some lives are like chords under music's control
Each incident harmony blends with the whole
Until on the ear in full concord they swell
And such was the life of the Darling Dorel

Whenever she passed through the streets of the town
No story book queen with a sceptre and crown,
But gifted with graces that none could excel
The natural guards of the Darling Dorel

Her ladies would bring with them [illegible] toys
For the bright little maids and the brave little boys
While the children would [illegible] with joy [illegible]
And hasten to welcome the Darling Dorel

The Duchess knew not of her pretty new name
Though far it was spread by the herald of fame
Till at length, as it happened one day it befell
That she learned they called her the Darling Dorel

'Twas breathed by a child [illegible] lips
Which often the wisdom of sages eclipse
The Princess had asked if her [illegible]
"Your name," said the child, "is the Darling Dorel"

The courtiers all stared, half in wonder half [illegible]
Such a name savored more of the [illegible] than the court
But their mistress said smiling, though [illegible]
[illegible] as well:
Henceforth let them call me the Darling Dorel

The proudest of titles that monarchs can show
Are those which the love of their people bestow
And not for an Emperor's crown would I sell
The title mine give me of Darling Dorel
—*Chambers' Journal*

RESPECT THE BURDEN

AN INCIDENT

Great Garibaldi through the streets one day
Passing triumphant while admiring throngs
With acclamations and exultant songs
For the uncrowned kingly man made way
Mocked a poor knave 'neath heavy burden bowed
Indifferent to the hero and the crowd

His zealous followers would have driven aside
The sorry creature but the good man said
Stretching a kind hand o'er the suffering head,
"Respect the burden." Then majestic-eyed
He passed and passed on no one saying him nay
The heavy laden also went his way

Thou happy soul, who travelest like a king
Along the rose strewn pathway of thy lot
Respect the burden. Thou may'st see it or not
For one heart is to another a sealed thing
Laughter there is that hideth sobs or moans
Firm footsteps can leave blood prints on the stones

Respect the burden whatsoe'er it be
Whether loud outcries vex the startled air
Or in dumb agony of [illegible] despair
Like her still face, so like tranquility—
Though each strained heartstring quivers never shrinks,
"Let this cup pass from me"—then stoops and drinks.

O heavy burden! Why be borne and how
None know save those who bear and Him whose hand
Has laid it on the shoulder and said "Stand—
Stand upright. Take this chrism upon thy brow,
By pain anointed. Sore thy load may be
But know—beneath it thou art carrying Me."
—*Author of "John Halifax Gentleman," in Good Words*

MA'S OLD BEAU

Clara and Mary Merwin sisters and orphans were in the drawing room of their pleasant home on the edge of a village near the Mississippi. Their mother had been dead several years, their father had lately died, leaving them an estate, as they supposed of the value of some $40,000, but they had learned quite recently the property was encumbered to such an extent that they were very likely to be deprived of it all. This discovery as may be supposed filled them with sadness and anxiety and they were seated in silence unable to read, to converse, to work, to do anything but brood over their great misfortune.

While they were thus occupied with their thoughts, a buggy drove up in front of the house, and a man alighted and the buggy drove away.

The man must have been on the shady side of fifty, to judge from his gray hairs, although his face was indeed fresh and unwrinkled. He was dressed with remarkable neatness and his step indicated briskness as well as precision. In one hand he carried a small valise and in the other an umbrella, and he stepped quickly to the door and rung the bell. In a few minutes he was ushered into the presence of the young ladies

"I'm obliged to introduce myself," he said smiling and bowing in a courtly manner—"Abner Pierce. Here is my card—professional card. You will perceive that I am a lawyer of St. Louis, and presumably a respectable man. Don't be afraid! I'm not here to hurt you, but to help you. I have the honor to call myself a friend of your family—that is to say, although it is many years since I have seen any member of our family—I always had the highest possible regard for your now [illegible] mother, and nothing would please me better than to be of some service to her children."

"We are happy to meet you," murmured Clara.

"Thank you. I happened to hear—no matter how—that you are in trouble and have come up here in the belief that I can assist you. I hope that you will feel that you [illegible] trust me. I am actually an honest man although a lawyer, and I mean well, although I may express myself clumsily."

"I am free to admit," said Clara, "that we need assistance and advice, and that we have not known to whom to look for it."

"Very well. It is a good thing no doubt that I have come. Now sit down and tell me all about it."

Clara Merwin, who was the elder of the orphans, and leader in everything told how she and her sister had taken out letters of administration upon their father's estate when a man of whom they never before heard put in an appearance and presented a mortgage, with bond included, executed by the late Mr Merwin, upon all his real estate for the sum of $40 000. Not content with prohibiting them from attempting to sell everything he had tied up their money in bank leaving them absolutely penniless. They had used their credit, but tradesmen were becoming impatient and some had refused to supply them any further without pay.

"That's a bad case," said Mr Pierce. "You need money—that is the first thing to be attended to. You must let me act as your [illegible] until I get you out of this scrape and that won't be long, I hope. How much do you owe?"

"More than one hundred dollars," answered Clara.

The old gentleman counted out two hundred dollars from a well filled pocket book and handed it to her.

"For your mother's sake," he said when she refused to receive it and he forced it upon her in such a way that she could not help taking it. He then accepted the young lady's invitation to make their house his home during his stay, and went into dinner with them.

"Is there any place where I can smoke?" he asked, when they had returned to the sitting room.

"You can smoke here," said the impulsive Mary. "Pa always smoked here and we are used to it."

So he took a meerschaum from his valise, and was [illegible] puffing away with an air of great contentment.

"I can think better when I smoke," he said. "Did you have [illegible] [illegible] the matter of the mortgage, Miss Merwin?"

"Yes, sir," replied Clara. "Our lawyer said it was a plain case against us although it was strange that we had never heard of the mortgage before."

"Very strange. What is the name of the man who holds it?"

"Alexander Campbell."

"Hum. A [illegible] name [illegible] I am afraid [illegible] him."

"He will be here this afternoon," answered Clara. "He proposes to [illegible] up the good deed of the real estate [illegible] bond and mortgage [illegible] bank and the rest [illegible]"

"Very liberal. Introduce [illegible] when he comes as an old friend [illegible] not as a lawyer."

Mr. Alexander Campbell called in the course of the afternoon and was made acquainted with Abner Pierce at whom he looked suspiciously. But his eyes fell when he met the old gentleman's intent gaze. Mr Pierce glanced but slightly at the deed that was offered for the consideration of the ladies being occupied in studying the countenance of the man in whose favor it was drawn.

"I can't decide upon it just now," he said at last. "As a friend of these young ladies standing, as I may say, *in loco parentis*, I must make a few inquiries concerning the value of this property. Suppose you come after supper, Mr Campbell and suppose you bring that mortgage with you. I have no doubt it is all correct but I would like to see it."

Mr Campbell assented to this and withdrew. Abner Pierce filled his pipe with nervous haste but also with tobacco and Mary brought him a light.

"I know that you have some good news for us," she said. "I can see it in your face."

"Not bad, my child. I hope and trust that it is very good. A good name but a bad man, I said, and that is true. I think I see my way out of this difficulty and the money that I lent you is safe. But you mustn't interfere with me, young ladies or be surprised at anything I may say or do or object to it. You must trust me, and let me work in my own way."

After supper when Abner Pierce had enjoyed another comfortable pipe and conversed with the girls concerning their mother as he had known her in her youth, a subject upon which he grew quite eloquent, Mr Alexander Campbell came in bringing the deed and mortgage both of which he handed to Mr Pierce for examination.

"I have made inquiries concerning the property," said the old gentleman, "and am satisfied that it is not worth more than the amount of the mortgage and would probably bring much less if sold at foreclosure. Your offer is a liberal one but I must first look at the mortgage. This appears to be correct," he continued when he had examined the instrument. "It is all properly acknowledged and the signature is undoubtedly that of Philip Merwin. I suppose the young ladies will have to go to the county seat to execute the deed."

The girls' countenance fell at this sudden surrender on the part of their champion.

"This reminds me," said the lawyer, picking up the mortgage again, "of an occurrence that fell under my observation in Tennessee. Not that the two cases are alike as the Tennessee case was undoubtedly a fraudulent affair but there was a similarity in the circumstances. Don't look so down hearted young ladies. What will be must be, and it is useless to cry about what can't be helped. As I was about to say, a man died in Tennessee leaving a widow and one daughter. The widow was about to administer upon the estate when a man who was unknown, came forward and presented a mortgage similar to this, and for exactly the same amount. It was examined by lawyers who were familiar with the signature of the deceased and pronounced correct. Although there was something strange about the affair they could find no flaw in the instrument. It was particularly puzzling to one of them who thought he had transacted all the law business of the deceased. He got hold of the mortgage and brought it to me when I was in Nashville. I happened to have in my possession a very powerful magnifying glass that had been presented to me—the most powerful lens that I had ever seen. With this I examined the mortgage, and soon discovered that 'forty' had been raised from 'four.' There was no mistake about it. I could easily see the marks of chemical erasure and the difference in pen and ink, between the raised and the rest of the instrument. How the rascal got into the register's office I don't know but the record there had been altered in the same manner. He ran away and it was not considered worth while to follow him. Strange circumstance wasn't it Mr Campbell?"

Mr Campbell was fidgeting uneasily in his chair, and made no reply.

"Here is the glass," continued the old gentleman taking it from his pocket, "you can see for yourself how well it magnifies. Now, as I look at this 'forty'—why bless me the same signs are visible that I saw in the Tennessee mortgage! I think you will be obliged to drop this, Mr Campbell. My Tennessee man's name was Alexander Bell and he has added a Camp to it since he came to Missouri."

Campbell, his face red as flame reached out his hand for the document.

"I believe I will keep this Mr Campbell for fear of accident. What, do you think you could take it by force? Here is something that shoots five times. Going are you? Very well. I don't think you will be molested if you will leave this part of the country and never return to it. It is barely possible that the estate of Philip Merwin may really owe you four thousand dollars. If so, I advise you not to try to collect the debt as such an attempt would land you in the penitentiary. Good night Mr Campbell and farewell."

"What is it? What does this mean?" asked Clara, as Mr Pierce, rubbing his hands and smiling, bustled to fill his pipe.

"Are you so dull, my child? Why the fellow is a swindler, and has been found out. I guessed as much when I first heard of the affair, and was sure of it when you told me his name. You will soon be able to pay me my $200, and then we will straighten up matters. Thank you, Mary, you are very kind to give me a light."

"Don't you mean to punish him?" asked Mary.

"It would hardly pay. We could put him in the penitentiary but you might lose four thousand dollars by the job. By trying for forty thousand he has lost the four that may have been justly his due. He will be far from here by morning, I have no doubt, and good riddance to him. Ah! this is comfortable. I know that I feel better and I hope that you do."

The girls were sure that a great weight had been lifted from their minds and hearts. Alexander Campbell, *alias* Bell decamped and Abner Pierce staid a week with the orphans during which time he arranged all their affairs satisfactorily and won their lasting gratitude and love.

"How can we ever thank you for all you have done for us?" said Clara when he was about to leave.

"It was for your mother's sake my child. And for her sake if I can ever help you all I have is at your service."

Abner Pierce has made visits to the orphans frequently since the event above narrated and they have always had a cordial welcome for ma's old beau.

A MILK STORY

The other day a Westchester milk producer and a New York milk-dealer engaged in a lawsuit in the course of which they revealed a variety of interesting facts. When they disagreed it was in respect to the way in which the honest farmer adulterated his milk. The milkman asserted that on one occasion he left two milk-cans in his store for a few hours and they spontaneously exploded blowing the lids off and flooding the apartment with milk. The milkman was a man of liberal views in respect to water but he shrank from supplying his customers with explosive milk. Doubtless he pictured to himself the misery of the unhappy mother who, having given her infant a supper of pure Westchester county milk should be awakened in the dead of night by a sharp report and find her exploded darling distributed about the room. Perhaps too he had an eye to his own safety and did not wish to run the risk of driving about the city with a dozen gallons of milk in his cart which might explode at any moment and blow him into that unblessed county where milkmen will find a total deficiency of water. At any rate he determined to draw the line at explosive milk and he hastened to Westchester county by the early morning train to learn whether the honest farmer had adulterated his milk with nitro-glycerine or some equally violent explosive. It turned out that the explosive actually used was baking soda with which the farmer had hoped to make old milk as good as new by keeping it from turning sour. There was also reason for supposing that he had added a little sulphur to the baking powder with the probable intention of bleaching the milk. At all events the milk in question had a strong odor of sulphur and the milkman explaining that he could not conscientiously attempt to sell under the name of milk an explosive [illegible] smelling strongly of sulphur quarreled with the honest farmer and eventually went to law with him.—*N Y Times*

The theory that the aborigines of this country are wanderers from the Orient would seem to have received additional proof of its correctness by the recent discovery mentioned by a correspondent of the New York *Times* that several tribes of the southern portion of Alaska preserve their dead according to the method used by the ancient Egyptians the only difference between both processes being the material used.

THE CARNIVAL IN ROME

Carnevale [Farewell flesh] sighs the Italian and turns to the [illegible] which is embodied in the well known chorus

"Tonight we'll merry merry be
Tomorrow we'll get sober."

He prepares for the gloom and privations of the long black Lent by indulging in that mad dissipation and frolic which has made the name of Carnival all over the world synonymous with jest, witty gay movements and genial revelry. Such is the sense which Carnival is applied to the magnificent fête and bal masque which came off last night in the colossal building of the Mechanics' Fair. The Carnival of the Golden State has no more relation to Lent than it has to Christmas or the Greek kalends.

THE CARNIVAL AT ROME

Is par excellence that Carnival so accompany in the Eternal City. It is the last day of the festival and "boom" goes the cannon which, about 2 P M announces that stores are to be closed that palaces houses and hovels are to be deserted that all Rome and the stranger within its gates is privileged to become mad pro tempore and flock to the Corso. The fun has already commenced. Mirth and frolic are depicted on every unmasked face for all know this is the last of the feast. We will don a domino and vizard, sling a haversack of flowers confetti and sugar plums over our shoulder and mingle with the crowd. Look out or you will have your eyes whisked out by the tail of the great Beelzebub who comes dancing down the thoroughfare. Let us push through the long street. Every house is decked out with the gayest streamers all colors of the rainbow while every window and balcony is thronged with the fairest of Italy's daughters who pelt down on all indiscriminately flowers sugarplums and confetti. Ah some of you say those are pretty good to be pelted with. Not so. The flowers and sugar plums are well enough but a handful of peas dashed smartly into your face is not nearly so painful as a handful of those same confetti. Here a man clad as a harlequin armed with an inflated bladder at the end of a stick, lustily thumps every passer by. Another an enormous bear, seizes on every woman in male attire and squeezes her with clumsy grotesqueness. Here is a cardinal in his red skull cap, there a shaven crown of a monk all a mad world here by masters. Here an Englishman is recognized through his ruddy Saxon face and is greeted with the salutation of "beefsteak, goddam," by an awful mask such as could only have been conceived after a heavy supper of pork chops. To a balcony filled with laughing brunettes some young men are reaching up bouquets on a framework of wooden slats and their recompense is a shower of sugar plums hurled down con amore amid a general burst of laughter. One continuous line of carriages is moving down the center of the Corso and on either side of it, passing in opposite directions. In those carriages we may safely say are visitors from all parts of the world. There goes an English duke, close beside him an American merchant prince Spanish grandees, Polish counts German barons, French marquesses, and successful London tradesmen rub wheels and exchange salutes with the usual artillery of flowers. But we now have a lock of carriages, and now comes one of the most amusing of encounters. A carriage filled with gay young maskers of the male sex is stopped close alongside one filled with the privileged *pandora*. Immediately a heavy cannonade is opened, and the sky is darkened with the beautiful and fragrant missiles. But lower down the street just as we come to the range of seats which is being erected in the Piazza del Popolo, a combat of confetti is going on and a sudden discharge makes one of the combatants clap his hands to his eyes and see more stars than the universe contains and cut more capers than all the dancing masters in France. But suddenly troops of dragoons appear all, one by one, file the carriages into the bye streets, and the masters with them, parting salutes of flowers are fired with rapidity and precision. Up to the departing carriages run the more hilarious of the masks and discharge their unexploded ammunition at point blank range into the faces of the male occupants. In one of the carriages sits a man dressed as the Grand Sultan his hands folded his eyes blinded with lime his face unmasked. But the course is cleared for the horses and such racing! What a spectacle! Off they start without riders the unfortunate horses having leaden balls into which sharp points are inserted so hung upon their backs as to pierce their sides at every movement. A gaudily dressed groom leads them up to the confining rope and stands at [illegible] the confining rope, and amid the shouts screams and plaudits of the people of all ranks away down the Corso madly plunge the affrighted and bewildered animals down through the long ranks of spectators who crowd back from the spirited animals goaded to desperation by the infernal spikes on their backs. Accidents very rarely occur. Some of our readers may be astonished at the idea of horse racing without jockeys but so they have it in Rome at the Carnival and horses racing in Rome must do as Roman horses do. With the races the out door of the amusements of the Carnival terminate. But not so the nocturnal amusements. At nearly every theater is a bal masque and so, amid the lights, the music and the wine those gay Italians spend the last fleeting hours of the Carnival, until the midnight salvo of artillery peals from the Castle of St Angelo and informs Rome that Lent has begun. Such is the Roman Carnival.

A WALK FOR LIFE

[From the Montana Massoulian]

During the winter of 1861 a party headed by Bacon the Elk county expressman, started from Lewiston Nez Perces county Indian Territory, for Elk City a spur of the Rocky Mountains, whose altitude is not less than 12 000 feet through dense timber.

Leaving Silverwood's Mountain House, no stopping place existed until twenty-six miles were made over mountains to Newsome creek. In the party of some seven or eight was one Richard Wildan a Norwegian, well known to the writer of this article. He had the ill luck to break a snow shoe and was advised to take it back to Silverwood's, as the party could not stop in the snow. Believing he could go back by the plainly marked trail in the snow and blazes on the trees for a guide, the others pushed on and safely arrived at Elk City and no fears were expressed regarding the fate of Wildan till seven days later a new party crossed the mountain and then it was ascertained that Wildan had not gone back.

Immediately a party was mustered and on snow shoes started to find the lost man. His trail was at last found and followed by the hardy pioneers in search of him. On the ninth day he was found still on foot walking in a circle on the hard beaten trail of his own making his feet badly frozen yet enclosed in the sleeves of his coat, which he had wrapped about them.

The thermometer showed [illegible] degrees below zero a great part of the time he was struggling on his feet for life. The party had [illegible] first saw that he was thoroughly crazy. On accosting him and asking if he was not hungry he at once replied [illegible] He was fed on pork and beans at a house not far [illegible] Not a trace could be found where he had sat down not a sign of where he could have taken a rest—in fact with the [illegible] less than four degrees below zero he never had walked again had he rested. He was brought to Newsome creek station on the ninth night of this wild [illegible], cheerless walk in the deep snow—tenderly cared for by Wall & Beard keepers of that station and eventually recovered. [illegible] a good season's work with a pick and shovel in a mining camp called [illegible] Water station sixteen miles below Elk City camp. Mr Wildan was a man of about 180 pounds weight short and stout.

That this article is true in every respect is easily to be proven. [illegible] Brown Deputy U S tax collector now of Mount Idaho or Mr Charles Frush, a clerk now in the land office of the interior department can vouch for the general truthfulness of this slight sketch. Here is a case where seven [illegible] of real walking took place without any refreshments or selection of apparel without clothes of any kind and all for life. [illegible] on boards stages etc. Dick Wildan's feat will overshadow anything they can do.

Mr John Haller of Cedar creek so Mr Morgan informs the Hillsboro *Independent* has sown [illegible] full in beaver dam land as an experiment. The water is now about seven feet deep over the entire patch. We shall look with interest to the termination of this experiment. If it shall turn out that grain sown in the fall will yield as well as when sown in the spring, it will be of great advantage to those who devote their time to the grain business as it will obviate the trouble of seeding when the ground is wet and the weather disagreeable.

THE LUCK OF THE LAST BISCUIT

[Rural New Yorker]

Prudence Holmes sat alone in the wide shady kitchen busily engaged in picking over whortleberries. Without the golden sunshine of an August afternoon lit all the green fields and dusty road that wound away to the village and touched with a richer color the nasturtiums sweet peas geraniums, and zinnias in the tiny garden, and the heavy Virginia creeper that climbed and hung somewhat above the door. Prudence made a pretty picture as she sat on a low cricket with a big calico apron spread over her blue-sprigged muslin so as to defend it from the stains that had spoiled her little brown hands. She was a petite daintily rounded maiden of 18 with great dark eyes and glossy curls shadowing a brow and cheeks that had a touch of wild rose bloom upon them. The kitchen too such a pretty picture with its well scoured floor and dresser its asparagus-topped clock, its shining stove with bunches of herbs hung behind and the great bouquet of vivid cardinal flowers set on the snowy table. The kitchen was perfectly still, save the buzz of the flies and the click of the clock and outside the cricket and the locusts alone disturbed the silence. Prudence believed that every one in the house was asleep but herself and yawned somewhat as she tossed over the berries finishing the yawn with a bit of a soliloquy uttered half aloud.

"Oh dear! this having summer boarders isn't very nice!"

"Miss Prudence," said a voice in the doorway so suddenly that Prudence nearly upset her berries in her surprise.

"Oh Mr Wentworth is it you?" she said bashfully bending down to pick up a few berries that had rolled from her apron.

"I'll pick 'em up," exclaimed the new comer—a tall and rather aristocratic looking youth of 21, with merry blue eyes short auburn hair curling closely under a straw hat diving for the missing berries with ungraceful dexterity. "Yes it is I of course. Have you forgotten your promise to go after lilies with me this afternoon?"

"Oh but I didn't say this afternoon you know only some afternoon this week," responded Prudence, demurely.

"Well, we'll call it this afternoon won't we?" was the persuasive rejoinder as the straw hat was tossed on a chair.

"I can't. I've got these berries to pick over."

"I'll help you. Lend me half that apron, and we'll have them done in a trice."

"But I shall have supper to get. Mother's away and there are biscuit to make," insisted Prudence, turning her face away to hide a smile that would curve her lips.

"Never mind that," responded Mr Abbot Wentworth, bringing a chair to her side. "Tea's at six, isn't it? and it's only half past two. We'll be back by five without fail and have time to get half the lilies in the river." And he began to assort a handful of berries with much earnestness.

"Well!" assented Prudence, after a pause for consideration and a glance at the clock. "I can go for a while, perhaps. Oh don't stain your coat, Mr Wentworth."

But Mr Wentworth was sublimely indifferent to his coat, and worked with such a good will that the berries were soon picked over and Prudence and himself on their way to the river. Five minutes later Prudence with her draperies daintily bestowed around her, was seated in the stern of a little boat which, propelled by Mr Wentworth's practiced hands, shot swiftly down stream. Although Mr Wentworth said to Prudence five times within an hour that it was a lovely day, and although Prudence assented every time I hardly think they appreciated the beauty around them for Prudence was quite absorbed with the lilies and the reflections in the water and Mr Wentworth looked more at his companion than at the aspect of nature. They had gathered enough lilies to satisfy them, and Prudence was leaning backward and idly trailing one hand in the water when she suddenly uttered a little scream and sat erect with white cheeks from which the color had been frightened.

"Oh I almost lost it! How careless I am," she exclaimed replacing an old fashioned ring set with a tiny circle of rubies on her finger.

"Did the water sweep it off your hand?"

"I suppose so. It's too large for me. I'm always losing it and finding it again. I wouldn't lose it entirely for the world because it used to be grandmother's. She gave it to me."

"What a curious old ring it is," said Mr Wentworth, with interest. "May I look at it? Don't trouble yourself to take it off," he said as his companion, Prudence allowed her tiny brown hand to lie in his aristocratic white one one moment, then coquettishly withdrew it.

"Isn't it pretty?" she inquired archly.

"Very pretty. Shall I tell you how to guard against losing it in the future?"

"O yes, if you please."

"Wear this little ring of mine to guard it or, better yet exchange with me. Give me yours and take this instead," said the young man, daringly. Provoking Prudence looked at the heavily-chased gold ring he held out to her, and then looked back at the water with an innocent "Oh, I don't think it would fit."

"Try it," suggested her companion softly.

Prudence shook her head but finally agreed, blushingly, that it would do no harm to try, and slipped the ring on her forefinger.

"It's a perfect fit!" cried Mr Wentworth, delightedly. "Nothing could be better. Why, Miss Prudence, you surely don't mean to give it back?"

"Of course I do," was the saucy rejoinder. "Why not?"

"Because," said Mr Wentworth speaking very earnestly and disregarding his oars altogether while he tried to get a glimpse of the face hidden by the flat hat, "because I meant to ask you to wear it always, for my sake. I meant to ask you."

"Oh, Mr Wentworth," cried his listener here, "do you see that lily on your left—won't you get it for me?"

"I'll get you that and twenty others, if you'll listen to me first. Do you care for me, Prudence? Will you marry me?"

Prudence's face was turned away and her head bent lower. A crimson flush stole over ears neck and chin.

"Prudence!"

No answer. Her companion leaned over and took her hand, again venturously.

"Prudence, will you wear the ring?" he questioned, softly.

But the hand was hastily drawn away, a pair of saucy black eyes flashed into his own, and Prudence's merry laugh rang over the water.

"I'd rather have grandma's, please. I ought to go home Mr Wentworth. I know it's almost tea time."

Mr Wentworth put his ring in his pocket and took up the oars again energetically without a word. He was fresh from college and had held the stroke oar in many a race but he never made better time than he made that afternoon, in rowing up the river. The light boat shot along with the rower's brows knitted and his teeth set. Not once did he look at Prudence who sat in half puzzled, half alarmed silence now and then stealing side wise glances at the offended young Hercules from under her hat. Mr Wentworth drew a breath of relief when the boat at last grated on the sand and having assisted Prudence to land and curtly offering to carry her lilies he shouldered the oars and marched grimly toward home by her side. Prudence somewhat bewildered and uneasy made no effort to break the silence and studiously endeavored to keep from crying. When he at last left her at the door with a cool "Thank you Miss Prudence" and departed to carry the oars to the barn it was well he did not look back for Miss Prudence tossed the lilies aside with a petulant gesture and had a fit of crying with her head in the laundry table.

When Mr Wentworth returned from the barn half an hour later he [illegible] a picture that [illegible] him a little [illegible] the [illegible] wreathed pantry window. It was Prudence with her sleeves pinned up making biscuits with desperate haste while the great blue [illegible] on her [illegible] apron. The picture so amazed Mr Wentworth that he turned hastily behind a lilac bush to observe and long enough that he was late for tea. It was a model supper. There was the great dish of berries with snowy cream beside flanked by cheese and raspberry jam. There were two mountains of plates of snowy biscuit [illegible] tasting with the gold sponge cake and the richer gold of the butter. Mr Wentworth who had supposed he should never have an appetite again felt it revived by the sight of this table and the [illegible]. The rest of the boarders [illegible] the sensation of the [illegible] was very [illegible] and the boarders [illegible] [illegible] Prudence [illegible] the pots seemed rather out of spirits. But more [illegible] doings atoned for her silence by unusual jollity.

When the biscuits were passed a second time to Mr Wentworth he saw that only one was left and would have refused decorously, but the hospitable farmer pressed it upon him. "Don't be afraid of it. There's plenty more in the kitchen, ain't they, Prudence?" Thus pressed, Mr Wentworth accepted the biscuit and Prudence started to replenish the plate. Mr Wentworth divided the biscuit then dropped it suddenly with an exclamation that brought every eye upon him. There imbedded in the light white bread lay Prudence's ruby ring.

Such a shout of laughter arose that it brought Prudence back from the kitchen in haste just in time to see Mr Wentworth coolly remove the ring from the biscuit amidst the merry chorus and drop it in his waistcoat pocket "to be kept until called for" he said, with a significant glance at the scarlet face. Poor Prudence there was no peace for her after that. An army of jokes quite overwhelmed her protestations and disclaimings and she was thankful to beat a retreat to the kitchen when the meal was over. But even there she was pursued by a laughing trio of the ladies harassed, with questions and wonderment and merriment until the last dish was set away and she had seized her hat with the excuse that she must go to the village for letters. Instead of going to the village however, she stole along the hedge climbed the wall and ran to the furthest end of the orchard where she flung herself on the ground and cried as if her heart would break. She had perhaps, cried half an hour when a step crushing the dry grass at her side roused her, and the very voice she most dreaded to hear, said

"I've come to return your ring, Miss Prudence."

Poor little Prudence sat up hastily and took the unfortunate ring with a faltering "Thank you," and then immediately hid her face again.

"You needn't thank me. I should have brought it before but I couldn't find you. I hope you're not troubled about these ridiculous jokes," he added dignifiedly.

"No," responded Prudence miserably, between her sobs. "I—I thought you'd think I did it on purpose."

"How could I have thought so? It was a mere accident my getting that particular biscuit. I'm very sorry you've been so annoyed in this way. I'm going away to-morrow Miss Prudence."

The sobs partially ceased and Miss Prudence said surprisingly "Are you?"

"Won't you bid me good by?"

Prudence said "Yes," unsteadily, but did not raise her head.

"You will shake hands, won't you, Miss Prudence?"

No answer.

"I can't go away while you are offended with me. Won't you at least tell me why you are crying?"

"Because I—I lost my grandmother's ring," sobbed Prudence making a great effort for composure.

Mr Wentworth laughed in spite of himself. "Why it's safe on your finger and not a whit the worse for its baking. Is there no other reason?"

"N no."

"But there is. I shall never have another happy moment if I've offended you," said Mr Wentworth tragically. "I was a brute to treat you as I did this afternoon; but I'm going away and I shan't annoy you again. Won't you forgive me now, and shake hands?"

Another long silence. Mr Wentworth turned away in despair but was detained by a faltering voice "I—I'll forgive you if——"

"Well?" was the breathless interposition.

"You—won't go—away."

The more observant boarders noticed at breakfast next morning, that Mr Abbott Wentworth wore the ring he had found in the biscuit on the little finger of his left hand and that Prudence wore a heavily chased gold circle in the place of her lost ornament. To use the words of one of the before named boarders, "That tells the whole story."

A COLORADO COURT

THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE IN BLUE LIZZARD GULCH

[From the Rocky Mountain News]

Jim Barker a well known character of the mountains, whose latchstring hangs out at the head of Blue Lizzard Gulch was duly elected a Justice of the Peace for that section of El Paso county, at the September election, and Mike Irving a comrade of Jim's, was empowered as the executive officer of the court. Last week Jim convened his first court to hear the complaint of Elder Slater, a traveling missionary who had caused the arrest of Zimri Bowles a resident of the foot hills upon a charge of stealing the Elder's one eyed mule. Zimri had been arrested by Irving the constable [illegible] lariat fastened to the tail of the animal. The proof against Zimri was conclusive. Accordingly the Justice after much legal perplexity of mind proceeded to sentence Zimri to one year's confinement in the Territorial penitentiary which sentence he concluded as follows:

"An' now, Jim, seein' as I'm about out of things to eat an' as you will have the cost to pay, I reckon you'd better take a turn among the foot hills with your rifle an' see if you can't pick up some meat before night, as you can't start for the Big Canyon before mornin'." Which marketing duty was performed by Zim bringing in one black tail fawn and a rabbit within the time prescribed as a postscript to the sentence. On the following morning the constable, mounted on his broncho accompanied by the prisoner astride of the mule which the elder had kindly loaned him, started through the mountains for the penitentiary, where they arrived the second day out their animals loaded with deer, antelope and a small cinnamon bear which they sold to the warden of the prison. After dividing the money the constable proceeded to hand over Zimri on the following *mittimus*, which is carefully preserved and may be seen in the possession of the warden:

"To the hed man of the Colorado prison, down at the foot of the Big Canyon on the Arkansas—Take notice—Zimri Bowles, who comes with this here, Stole Elder Slater's one eyed mule, an it was all the mule the Elder had and I sentenced Zim officially to one year in the Colorado prison and hated to do it seeing as Zim once stood by me like a man when the Injuns had me in a tight place, an arter I sentenced Zim to one year for stealing the Elder's mule my wife, Lizzy, who is a kind o' tender hearted critter come and leaned her arm on my shoulder an says she, 'Father don't forget the time when Zim, with his rifle, covered our cabin from Granite Mountain, an saved us from the Arapahoes, an Father I have heard you tell that after you was wounded at Sand Creek an helpless it was Zimri's rifle that halted the Indian that was creeping in the grass to scalp you.' An then there was a tear splash fell upon the sentence and I changed my mind suddenly as follows:—bein' that the mule had but one eye and werent more'n half a mule at that you can let Zim go at about six months an sooner if the Injuns should get ugly an furthermore if the Elder shud quiet down an give in any times I will pardon Zim out instanter.

Witness my offical hand and seal
JAMES BARKER J P

In Blue Lizzard Gulch El Paso county in the Territory."

The warden after informing the constable that he could not receive the prisoner upon commitment offered proceeded to explain that he should have given a bond in the sum of about $300 to appear at the district court. Accordingly the constable withdrew with his prisoner when it was agreed between them that Zimri should give the one idle bond for the amount mentioned by the warden. This was accomplished by Zimri subscribing his name to an old [illegible] bond calling for $300 found among the papers transmitted to the constable by his predecessor. The constable intended returning by way of [illegible] Mountain [illegible] where he had seen a couple of [illegible] but spring he gave the bond to Zimri to take back to the Justice. But Zimri [illegible] in turn traded the $300 bond [illegible] squatter just in from Missouri for a horse saddle and bridle and the prisoner is believed to be at this time a dashing hunter on the plains.

The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children has just performed a most commendable action in causing the arrest of a brute by the name of Leonard who made a livelihood by compelling an adopted infant—put down in the bills as "Prince Leo"—to play the role of an acrobat at the Tivoli Gardens. Leonard had obtained the boy from a charitable institution on the pretense to the managers that he and his wife would adopt him and bring him up with every possible comfort. Instead of that, however the boy was compelled by a course of severe beatings and cruelties to learn all the difficult feats of the acrobat, and was finally brought out into the theatrical world as a financial speculation. Among other pleasant things that this baby of seven summers was forced to do was to walk upon a rope of smaller diameter than a clothes line stretched from the stage to the ceiling at an angle of 60 degrees with no net of any sort below to catch him if he fell. It is likely, we are sorry to say, that this wretch of a guardian will go unwhipt of justice but the boy will be provided with friends and a home. It occurs to us that some of our own variety theater managers are not over-scrupulous about exhibiting babies of the Prince Leo description and such will find in this chronicle a very good sized moral.—*Philadelphia Times*

HISTORY OF THE CUBAN INSURRECTION

[From the Washington Chronicle]

Brigadier Gen Francisco Acosta y Albear of the Spanish army in Cuba now on leave of absence in Europe has published a pamphlet reviewing at length the course of events in that island since 1868 when the present revolutionary war for independence was inaugurated. His plain language and independence in the course of his report have provoked the royal displeasure of King Alfonso, and a general order from the secretary of war has been issued, to the effect that such infractions of military statutes will be severely punished hereafter. General Albear says

"In 1868 because of the democratic atmosphere enveloping the Island of Cuba—its close contiguity to a great nucleus of republics having its most important commercial relations with that of the United States tending to divorce it from the mother country—was inaugurated the present revolution. The events occurring in Spain at that time diverted government attention from the colony, and the national exchequer was in great penury from the attempts previously made against Mexico, Santo Domingo and Chili. The feeling was intensified by the relentless warfare waged upon them at the instigation of the resident Spanish population who gave vent to their proverbial hatred of all natives thus strengthening the revolution, which in 1872 numbered 5 000 to 6,000 men of all arms under Agramonte, Villamil, Diaz and Gomez."

Here follows a recapitulation of the military operations. "Unfortunate in the administration of the Island we had not been less so in the field. May 8th took place the battle of Principe resulting in the death of Colonel Abril two captains and sixty men. June 3d, the battle of Bermeja took place, in which Colonel Montaner was defeated, with a loss of eighty men. Colonels Campillo and Carmiquo lost the battle of *Zerzal*, with a lieutenant colonel and ninety men killed. In July following, Colonel Romani was defeated at the head of two columns of guerrillas. Col Romani, five captains and 110 men being killed only two officers and forty men surviving. On September 27th the column under Colonel Diegnez was defeated—470 men strong—and 250 officers and men were killed and wounded. On the 28th, the town of Santa Cruz was taken by the enemy who fired part of it, capturing a considerable amount of military supplies. Fort Zuuja fell into the enemy's hands in October, with the loss of a very important depot of provisions arms, and ammunition, and the whole garrison were taken prisoners. On November 9th Brigadier General Bascones was severely repulsed, with 1 000 men, losing 100 killed and wounded. The counties of Yeguas, Cascorro, and Sibanicu were successfully invaded by the enemy, who, if not successful in capturing the forts, surprised and sacked the city of Nuevitas for over one hour. Several other minor encounters took place in which our forces met with reverses of more or less magnitude, losing sundry trains of immense value. During this interval, the army, badly provisioned and unpaid, remained undaunted and in good *morale*.

This series of successes increased the revolutionary army, which was concentrated under command of General Gomez, a plucky and able officer. On December 2, Colonel Vilches with 1,000 men, was defeated by Gen Gomez, and Vilches and 20 other officers and 300 men were killed. Col. Martitegui and 50 men were made prisoners. In January, 1874, Gen Portillo ordered Col. Bascones and Armiñan, with 2 000 men, to attack the enemy at Naranjo. The battle was fierce, bloody and protracted. The enemy's cavalry made three charges on our infantry were repulsed with coolness and bore the well directed and deadly crossfire of its infantry posted in the woods, which as a last resource, set fire to the tall grass, with grave danger to our forces, the high wind prevailing fanning the flames directly into their faces. At this juncture we were short of cartridges and had 80 men killed and 125 wounded. The masterly tactics of our commanders saved our forces from total destruction, and we effected a retreat, being hotly pursued by the enemy on rear guard flank and afterwards on the vanguard. Frantic efforts were made to capture our artillery, but [illegible] wounded, but we suffered an additional loss of several officers and 60 or 70 men.

Brigadier General Armiñan, with 2 000 regulars, 600 guerrillas, and four field pieces, started on a reconnoissance toward Jimaguayu on March 3d, 1874 where he met the enemy and repulsed them, with a loss of 14 killed and 50 wounded. On the 15th he reached Guasimas where our advanced skirmishers overtook the enemy in a strong advantageous position. The line of battle being immediately formed, three squadrons of cavalry made a feint to check the enemy's cavalry, while our infantry was placed in position. Unfortunately the previous disaster to this arm of the service had weakened its strength, and the imprudence of the leader, who went beyond instructions in effecting the dash too far, led the men into a murderous cross-fire from the enemy, their cavalry yielding the ground purposely, and our cavalry had to retreat in confusion, and would have been utterly destroyed by that of the enemy had not Armiñan pushed forward to the rescue covering and protecting their flight. He found himself taken at a disadvantage and prematurely engaged with their vanguard, whilst the balance of our army was attacked on both flanks and rear. The reconcentration of our forces became inevitable upon the center of the field, and over four hundred wounded, and our dead and prisoners were abandoned to the enemy. The latter, emboldened, kept up a furious attack pouring murderous volleys into our ranks and taking advantage of all the accidents of the field. Col Dominguez was mortally wounded, but owing to all the staff vieing with each other, seconded by the good discipline of the file, the situation was hardly retrieved. The enemy surrendered the position, and Armiñan decided to send the cavalry and guerrilla to break their line, and demand reinforcement from General Portillo at Principe. The attack was successfully accomplished by surprise, and a few days afterward 2,000 men under Brigadier General Bascones arrived on the field but not until they had experienced fierce encounters with the enemy. Our final retreat to Principe with 600 additional wounded was accomplished, but the suffering of the forces was terrible. Gen Gomez surprised a train, guarded by 60 men and allowed them to proceed, after fraternizing with them.

At this time Gen Gomez detached Jimenez and Carillo to cross the Trocha and invade the Cinco Villas. Two parties of flying guerrillas, 370 strong were cut to pieces at Arroyo Blanco on the 12th, and on the 16th the combined forces surprised the City of Sancti Spiritus. During their few hours stay they respected lives and property. It was at this juncture that in three different encounters our troops obtained considerable victories upon detached forces of the enemy notably in Remedios county.

The enemy attacked the posts of Mayari, Rio Grande, Cora [illegible] La Estrella, El Pavial and Los Pasos with indifferent success. Several light skirmishes occurred in and around [illegible] favorable to our arms. Despite our efforts the enemy overran Sancti Spiritus, Remedios, Sagua, Cienfuegos and Trinidad counties. General Gomez who up to this date had ordered that the lives and property of our people be respected inaugurated a fearful retaliation effecting the passage across the Trocha with 800 men by Fort No [illegible] and established his headquarters westward [illegible]. This movement was quickly followed by the advance of all the forces of the rebellion to form a junction with him under Roloff, Sanguily, Suarez and Gonzales the whole preceded by [illegible] in command of strong scouting parties. Subsequently the evacuation of the Central and Cinco Villas territory to protect Colon became an absolute military necessity.

Many important encounters took place in Cinco Villas favorable in the main to the rebels. Meanwhile the rebels in the Eastern Department were active and on the 23d surprised and captured a train of 34 wagons and 200 pack horses and mules under Major Marinagues. In this encounter 100 men were killed wounded or made prisoners and $[illegible] in money was captured.

This campaign terminated in the withdrawal of all our forces from the interior and a reconcentration was ordered around Colon to guard the bulk of sugar plantations a source of wealth and revenue to the government and while awaiting promised reinforcements from Spain it was deemed prudent to adopt the defensive so as to recruit our forces and elevate their low *morale*.

LETTER FROM MICHIGAN.

ANN ARBOR Nov 18[illegible]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Michigan sometimes called the Lake State of the Union is about nine days ride from Oregon per O S S Co's steamer, C P and U P railroads, and the Michigan Central from Chicago the traveler passing through from the latter place, as fine agricultural country perhaps as any in the United States. Large fields of corn at this time of the year attract the attention of the stranger especially if he is from the Pacific coast where maize culture is not generally successful. Trees also appear at regular intervals (called *forests* here but a Webfoot would not apply so grand a name to such small clusters and of such stunted growth and would simply use the plural), and beautiful streams of fresh running water. It is truly a beautiful country but the scenery lacks the variety of the Pacific coast and it is just undulating enough not to be called prairie land. The cereals grow well and corn in abundance.

The history of this State is well known to almost every reader and the scenes around Detroit in Tecumseh's war and in the war of 1812 are familiar to every school boy. So I will not repeat anything which has become stereotyped in our nation's history, but will proceed immediately to events more "within the memory of man," and, perhaps, of some interest to general readers.

ANN ARBOR.

Is the literary center of the State and is situated about 246 miles northeast of Chicago and 38 miles west of Detroit. It has a population of about 10,000 and depends greatly upon the university for support. Its commerce is limited being an inland town and so contiguous to such great commercial centers as Chicago and Detroit. The town is built on a natural site, and the streets laid out with considerable taste. Rows of shade trees line each side of the street, outside of the business portion, and the dwellings of the wealthy here [illegible] are built according to the latest styles of architecture, adding greatly to the appearance of the city. Like every other civilized place, it has its quota of churches and school houses all built of solid masonry, and the former, generally, in Gothic style.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY

Is the principal building in the city, and the largest in the State. It comprises three immense structures, one for the literary department, and the others for the law and medical departments. The university is amply endowed from the State legislature, and stands high in all parts of the West among literary men and here gathered together around one common center, and aiming at one common object, may be seen citizens of almost every State in the Union and some from the sunny climes of Africa, Sandwich Islands and Japan, while the fair faces of ladies (on equal footing with gentlemen—demand the gallantry of the opposite sex. No distinction is made in regard to sect, sex, or color. The president and faculties stand high as educators.

THE LITERARY DEPARTMENT

Is in the largest building, constructed of stone, four stories high 400 or 500 feet long, surmounted by a high dome, and has a very commanding appearance. At present about 500 students are in attendance in the four classes—Freshmen, Sophomore, Junior and Senior. They are a crowd of very gentlemanly young men, and will compare favorably with the literary department of any institution in the country. The requisites for admission to the Freshmen class are not as high as at Harvard or Yale, but are equal to those required in any other university in the country. The department is under strict moral discipline, and the faculty (of which President Angell is the head) is not disliked on account of the strict surveillance of the conduct of the young men and women under their charge. This building contains the general museum and library, free to the lovers of science, art and literature in every department. Parents cannot choose a better institution for a thorough education of their children in the arts, sciences and languages, than the Michigan State University, situated in this beautiful little city.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Is in the rear of the literary, and consists of two buildings on a single story in hight (the chemical laboratory) and the other of three stories—the lecture room, the clinical room, and the dissecting room [illegible] attendance in this department has fallen off, on account of the Board of Regents admitting a homeopathic school of medicine this year, but, nevertheless, will number 350. The medics as they are called for brevity, are a set of young gentlemen, who, on account of their constant practice with *cold* humanity, and their daily associations with the fatality of man, are not prone to look upon the sensitive feelings of men in general, and are considered a gay crowd of young Lotharios, but, nevertheless, Ann Arbor has as respectable a set of medics as any institution in the country. The faculty in this department consists of some of the most skillful physicians and surgeons in the country. The principles of the theory and practice of medicine and surgery are imparted by the lecture method each student "taking notes" on the discourse. The dissecting room is where practical knowledge in anatomy and physiology is demonstrated. They seem to have a bountiful supply of subjects, and as yet no complaints are made of grave-lifting. For the development of a science which has so much to do in alleviating human misery, we think the authorities of every State ought to allow the bodies of convicts, or persons dying with diseases, the diagnosis of which modern medical science has not ascertained to be placed in the hands of some medical faculty. In connection with this department is a medical museum and library, which rank with any in the country.

THE PHARMACEUTICAL DEPARTMENT

Has 100 students. Analytical chemistry and the proper compounding of medicines are taught the object being to make the students thorough pharmacists.

The homeopathic school of medicine has about 22 students, and meets with considerable opposition from the regular school.

The dental school numbers about 20 students, and a thorough knowledge of tooth pulling is taught.

THE LAW DEPARTMENT

Occupies the first building on the northwest corner of the Campus, is three stories high and about 200x180 feet. Over 300 students are in attendance and these are equally divided between the Senior and Junior classes. Of course these students are *young gentlemen*. It would be impolitic to say otherwise. The reading of Blackstone Kent Chitty and Greenleaf may have the effect of causing these young limbs of the law to look upon the world in general as a court room, and the people who inhabit it as plaintiffs and defendants, but they manage to keep clear of the violation of the social, civil, and criminal law (we say nothing of the moral code), at least their reading of decisions ought to be sufficient to keep them out of the clutches of the manipulators of precedents. The system of teaching is similar to that of the medical department. The faculty consists of Judge Cooley author of Cooley's Blackstone, Cooley's Constitutional Limitations and Cooley's Reports. Judge Campbell, a well known jurist and one of the best lecturers in the faculty. Hon William P Wells, M A a splendid lecturer, and one of the leading lawyers of the State and at present resides in Detroit. Hon Chas A Kent M A a thorough jurist though his faculty of expounding law is not equal to the other lecturers. Every morning the Seniors are quizzed on previous lectures. Club courts are managed by the Juniors and moot courts by the Seniors in the hearing of a member of the faculty. A large library is in connection with this department open between the hours of 8 and 10½ A M, 2 and 5 and 7 and [illegible] P M and is very generally patronized by the Seniors and Juniors.

THE CAMPUS

Is the name applied to the grounds around the University, and comprises about three or four acres. Several graveled or cement walks lead through them in different directions and in front of the buildings are beautiful shade trees among which we notice pine and fir. Beautiful grass plats fill up the space between the walks offering delightful places for games of amusement in summer foot ball base ball etc.

THE WEATHER

Is generally the first or last thing to write about and in order to complete this letter I will end by saying that the fall has been delightful with cool nipping frosty nights but to-day snow has fallen to the depth of six inches and we are looking forward to the jingle of sleigh bells and dreaming of pretty faces and loving smiles. More anon. OPT

THE BLESSING OF TO-DAY

[illegible] the m[illegible]
Till the sweet [illegible] birds have flown
[illegible] [illegible] the violets
Till [illegible] [illegible]
Stranger [illegible] skies and sunshine
Never [illegible] half so fair
As when [illegible]
Shake the white down in the air

Lips from which the seal of silence
[illegible]
[illegible] of such beauty
As adorns the mouth to day
And sweet words that freight our memory
With their beautiful perfume
Come to us in sweeter accents
Through the portals of the tomb

Let us gather up the sunbeams
Lying all around our path
Let us keep the wheat and roses
Casting out the thorns and chaff
Let us find our sweetest comfort
In the blessings of the day
With a patient hand removing
All the briers from our way

HUMOROUS

Blunt men are generally sharp.

Carpets are bought by the yard and worn by the foot

Consolation for old maids—"Misfortunes never come singly

Parisian ladies are said to "look like pencils covered with raiment"

"You'll build the bros or I'll be a widow" is the way the Fat Contributor's wife talks

An Irish doctor lately sent his bill to a lady as follows "To curing your husband till he died

What is the difference between a belle and a burglar? The belle carries false locks, and the burglar false keys

Why is coal the most contradictory article known to commerce? Because when purchased it goes to the cellar

An old lady in Detroit hearing that American Girl was dead remarked "I've allus said that this tight lacing would lay em out some day"

When a stranger asked a Detroit girl, whom he met at a party, if she was married, she promptly replied "Not quite but I've sued three or four chaps for breach of promise"

"I never get mad at a fool,' was the cutting remark of a man who fancied himself affronted by another "That accounts for your always being on such amicable terms with yourself," was the rejoinder

Somebody advertises in the London *Times* for a servant girl that fears the Lord and can carry one cwt Hand maidens that can successfully wrestle with a hundred pound weight are not usually that sort o' females that fear the Lord or anybody else for that matter—*Hartford Post*

An old lady residing in Ohio lost the companion with whom she had jogged for many years She neglected to mark the spot of his burial by even a stone Not long after coming into possession of a small legacy, a sister of the deceased said to her "I suppose you will now put up stones for Daniel?" Her answer was a settler "If the Lord wants anything of Daniel at the resurrection, I guess he can find him without a guideboard

Among the jokes in Eli Perkins' new book is the best one ever perpetrated upon the late James Fisk, Jr. That gentleman was showing a witty stammerer his new boat, the *Plymouth Rock*, and called attention to the portraits of Jay Gould and himself, hanging a little way apart The visitor said "They're very good, Colonel—you hanging on one side and Gould on the other—f-f-r-s-t rate But, Colonel," continued the wicked Mr Travers, buried in thought, "*w-w where's our Savior?*"

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Silverware may be kept bright and clean by coating the articles (warmed) with a solution of colodion diluted with alcohol

Brass ornaments should be first washed with a strong lye made of rock alum, in the proportion of one ounce of alum to a pint [illegible]

To clean gold Powder some whiting, and make it into a moist paste with some sal volatile. Cover over the gold ornaments and surface with a soft brush, let it dry, and then brush it off with a moderately hard brush

Vegetables do not ordinarily form as large a part of the ordinary subsistence of an American as they should. Whether cooked alone, or jointly with the cheaper pieces of meat in the form of a ragout, they will always serve as a substantial means of nutrition and tend to diminish the cost of household consumption

Eating too often is unhealthy. It is weakening and injurious to mix fresh food with that which is partly digested, and the stomach also needs rest after the labor of digesting a meal In grown persons four or five hours should intervene between each meal Children who are growing fast need a simple luncheon of bread between meals.

Coffee should be browned at least twice a week, and kept in air-tight canisters, and only ground just immediately before using Pick the green coffee carefully over, shake it in a colander to free it from dust, and rub it in a cloth While roasting stir it constantly; the moment the berry crackles and becomes crisp enough to pulverize, it is sufficiently roasted. Stir in a small piece of butter the size of a walnut, and put the coffee steaming hot into an air-tight canister For making put your ground coffee into a bowl with just sufficient cold water to moisten it, beat in an egg shell and all, mix it well through the coffee Rinse your coffee boiler out with boiling water, put in the coffee, and pour over it the required amount of boiling water Let it boil fifteen minutes. When it begins to boil stir it frequently, and never leave it until the grounds sink Pour a little from the spout, in order to remove the grounds that may have boiled into it, and pour it back into the pot It is very much better if served without decanting it Allow one tablespoonful of ground coffee for each person, and one for the pot, and add three pints of boiling water to seven spoonfuls of coffee

Infants are sometimes very restless at night, and it is generally owing either to cramming them with a heavy supper tight night clothes or being overheated by too many blankets It may result from putting them to sleep too early They should be kept awake until the family are going to rest and the house free from noise Undressing and bathing will weary and dispose them for sleep, and the universal stillness will promote it This habit, and all others, depend on the course pursued at first. Accustom them to regular hours If they have a good sleep in the forenoon and afternoon it will be easy to keep them awake during the evening It is right to offer them drink on going to bed when young infants and more solid though simple food after they are two or three months old but they should never be forced to receive it Never let anything but the prescription of a physician in sickness, tempt the nurses to give them wine, spirits, or any drug to make them sleep Milk and water when [illegible] is the only fit liquor for little ones [illegible] when they can run about The more simple and light their food and drink the more they will thrive

A HORRIBLE STORY We find the following almost incredible story related to the Middleport (Ohio) *News* We have heard of a very distressing accident occurring in Jackson county West Virginia It was a house raising As is customary on such occasions chickens had been killed by chopping off their heads Two little sons of the owner of the house to be raised saw the chickens thus guillotined and during the day concluded to repeat the operation It was just at a time when the men were lifting the heavy log into its place The father who was holding one end of the log casting his eyes toward the little fellows one of whom had the ax raised to sever the neck of his brother let go of the log to save the boy and it fell killing six men, two instantly the others living only a few hours The ax fell before the father could reach the scene severing the neck of the son

THE BRIDAL TOWER.

HOW PETER WHITE MADE THE ACQUAINTANCE OF HIS MOTHER IN LAW

[From the Detroit Free Press]

There were three of them One was a bride the other a groom with red ears and maiden whiskers, and the third was the bride's mother They were at the Grand Trunk depot yesterday morning to take the train west The young man clasped his young wife's fat hand rolled up his eyes and they seemed happy while the mother in law paraded up and down the sitting room with lordly air and seemed well satisfied Pretty soon the groom went out and when he returned he threw two pop corn balls and a bar of peanut candy into the bride's lap and handed the old lady another She turned up her nose raised her spectacles and thus addressed the young man with red ears

See here Peter White, you are married to Sabintha ain't you?

"Why, of course

And I have a right to feel an interest in you!

Of course

And we are now on your bridal tower, ain't we?

Yes

Well now you've been squandering money all along, Peter You took a hack you bought oysters, you bought a jack knife and you've just thrown money away I feel that it is my duty to tell you to hold up before you make a fool of yourself"

Whose money is this? he asked, growing very red in the face

It is yours and what is yours is Sabintha's and it is my duty, as her mother to speak out when I see you fooling your money away

I guess I can take care of my money he retorted

Perhaps you can Peter White but there are those in your family who can't

He struggled with his feelings as the bride shook her head at him and then asked

'Did I marry you?'

'No, sir you didn't you little bow legged apology for a man, but I have a right to speak for my daughter"

You can speak all you want to, but I want you to understand that I can manage my own affairs, and I don't care for your advice

'Peter White' she slowly responded waving the peanut candy close to his nose, I see we've got to have a fuss, and we might as well have it now"

'Ma! Ma!' whispered the bride, pulling at the old lady's shawl

You needn't ma me, Sabintha! This Peter White has deceived us both about his temper and I'm going to tell him just what I think of him he commenced this fuss and we'll see who'll end it'

You mind your business, and I'll attend to mine!' growled Peter

'Oh! you hump backed hypocrite!' she hissed, jabbing at his eye with the peanut bar Only a month ago you called me Mother Hull, and was going to give me the best room in the new house'

You'll never have a room in a house of mine! he exclaimed

'And I don't want one, you red eared hypocrite'

Don't Peter—don't ma' sobbed the bride It's my duty, Sabintha, it's your mother's ——'

Don't cry Sabby he interrupted don't mind what she says!'

Try to set my daughter up agin me will you?" hissed the old lady, as she brought the peanut-bar down on his nose

Oh! ma! yelled the bride

"You old wretch!' hissed Peter, as he clawed at her

"None of the Whites will ever run over me! exclaimed the mother in law as she got hold of his shirt-collar and banged him around

I'll knock your old ——'

You can't knock nothing! she interrupted, backing him against the table

'Ma! Oh h h! ma!' howled Sabintha

The dozen other passengers in the room, who had been interested and amused listeners, here interrupted, and Peter was released from the old lady's grasp, his collar having been torn off and his cheek scratched

[illegible] "This doesn't end it by any means This bridal tower will come to a stop to-morrow, and then we'll see whether I've got any business to speak up for Sabintha or not'

As the train moved away the old lady wore a grim smile, Sabintha was weeping, and Peter was struggling with another paper collar

THE HISTORY OF TAMMANY

[From the Evening Post]

We begin to-day the publication of a history of the Tammany Society The series of papers, of which this is the first, will attract attention, because of the large place the society has filled in local politics because of the overwhelming rebuke which its managers received in the late election, and because of the strong probability that a movement will be made at the next session of the Legislature to repeal the charter which it is believed to have fairly forfeited The history of Tammany will show what was its original purpose and how far it has departed therefrom

It was formed, we are told, to promote 'attachment to the political rights of human nature and the liberties of the country" It has been used in later years to give Wm M Tweed an opportunity to plunder the public treasury at will and to send John Kelly to exercise an autocratic power in this city which the citizens do not desire to intrust to him Another object of its formation was "the work of conciliating the savage tribes of Indians" The projectors of this innocent and aboriginal scheme did not imagine that the sole industry of their society by the time it had attained the age of four score years would be the naming of the officers who by a political fiction represent a million of inhabitants

As long ago as the beginning of the century the society incurred popular distrust and dislike President Washington's denunciation of secret societies in general'—which of course included Tammany—almost killed it,' we learn Alexander Hamilton opposed it and applied to it the warning contained in the "Farewell Address The death of Hamilton at first was celebrated with feasting in the Wigwam but when the current of popular feeling became apparent Tammany formally joined the procession of mourners for the victim of Burr's bullet Recently Tammany has been less obedient to public opinion

Undoubtedly the best thing to do with Tammany Hall is to abolish it In the course of the sketches which we begin to day it will be seen clearly that the society has long survived its usefulness

THE MAELSTROM AS IT IS—Nearly midway in Lofoden strait a huge naked rock which might fairly be called an island lifts itself above the waters breasting the conflicting currents caused by the winds and tides Between this rock and the cape on Musken is the famous maelstrom which fertile imaginations have clothed with many terrors Its geographical position is such as to expose it to fierce tidal currents and when these are assisted by high western winds they are no doubt terrific The bottom of the strait is strewn with immense bowlders, which are so arranged as to give the current a spiral motion, directed toward the isolated rock from the northern side, which is much increased in times of high tides and storms when it whirls quite around the island rock Then it is that it becomes really difficult for boats and vessels, without steam power to keep clear of the rocks against which the wayward currents would dash them

While there are at times vast and powerful eddies which give objects floating upon them a fearful spiral motion there is nothing like a vortex produced by a subterranean discharge of the water although the tumbling and boiling character of the spiral currents may submerge temporarily objects drifting on the surface No doubt in the course of time the action of the waters has tended to level down the bed rocks some of which we may presume showed themselves above the surface This may have made the maelstrom much more terrific than it is now and better justified the ancient fables As it is in ordinary times and favorable weather the fishermen do not hesitate to seek for fares through out these waters which to strangers are suggestive of the most terrible dangers —*Summer in Norway by F D Caton*

The Japanese Government is having three iron clads built in Great Britain all under the superintendence of Mr Reed One is [illegible] tons and the others of [illegible] tons each

OPEN LETTER TO P T BARNUM

OAKLAND OR D[illegible] 187[illegible]

M[illegible] P T B[illegible] Dear Sir I have no doubt that you remember that one afternoon only thirty years ago last July I gave your door keeper 25 cents and went in your museum at New York You remember how the ushers tried to engage my attention by showing me the big mud turtle and the mermaid, but that I wasn't happy until they found out what boy I was and introduced P T Barnum to me I had heard so much about him that I would have parted with half my pile to meet him, and never gone out of the first room to see the other curiosities You kinder fancied me then and when I told you that father and you used to go to school you patted me on the head and called me a brick I suppose you remember how you gave me a season ticket and a glass of lemonade and how I went in and saw the Indians perform that night May be you remember that I was at Boston when Dodge paid $625 to see Jenny Lind and it didn't cost me a cent, and that Miss Lind gave me her picture because I wrote

Jenny Lind is the rage wherever we go
In the city the country the church and the show
With the rich and the poor the high and the low
If she stays much longer here below
It seems to me mankind will grow
Idolatrous more than ever

Tis certainly strange that men will be
So strangely foolish and stranger to me,
That the pretty stranger from over the sea
Is worshipped by people of every degree
As idols were worshipped never

And 30 other verses You remember how I talked three nights in front of the door and made up lots of little rhymes about the concert and that you got me boarded at No 9 Brattle Square and paid for it yourself and gave me a $20 bill that was as good as wheat I'll never forget that and I shan't forget Dodge either, who introduced me to Allen Vanderbilt's son in law, and he let me go to California for nothing

I made up my mind then to be a showman and when I got to California I got a chance right away to put beechnut burs under Hagree's horse's saddle to make him kick up in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' I did better after awhile, but I couldn't find any buffalo to race in Oakland and they had no ferry I looked around for a mermaid but couldn't find any, All maids were scarce then I would have got a sea lion but they were too common altogether A good many families were traveling then viz The Robinson Family Sager Family Graves Family, Blogett Family McGinley's Family etc I started the Taylor Family—only one of us I was that one My shows have been very varied and multitudinous Success has crowned my efforts The family has increased It now consists of myself a boy and his mother The Centennial is close at hand The black haired curly headed boy of former days is a man—at least in size He has had more experience than money He still emulates P T can out-talk the Pacific coast, knows all about Oregon the Modocs Washington Territory grizzley bears, Port Townsend, the salmon fisheries Polk county Ben Holladay the Grangers last election returns Coos bay and the curious [illegible] besides he is sole proprietor of the celebrated performing dog Andrew Jackson Am I or am I not wanted? An open letter addressed to the boss paper (the OREGONIAN) of the boss State (Oregon) will receive immediate attention

Respectfully, MART TAYLOR

THE CATTLE DISEASE

The following is from a report made by James Law of an examination of a herd of cattle affected with the cattle disease known as anthrax epizootic Speaking of those suffering from the effects of the disease he says

From a condition of apparent health they would suddenly drop behind the herd and after laying dull and panting for some time would die in convulsions not more than an hour after the seizure The other victims dropped out of the herd, moved stiffly and listlessly cropped the grass rarely and as if from habit rather than appetite, arched the back dropped head and ears, and showed an inclination to lie down The eyes became dull, the horns usually hot at the roots the muzzle variously moist or dry and the breathing, pulse, and temperature natural or only slightly increased The visible mucous membranes showed a dusky [illegible] the urine or from the nose In some carcasses immediately after death the blood oozed from the skin especially along the lower part of the trunk and inner sides of the limbs It invariably escaped from the dark red and tumid rectum The blood coagulated loosely and imperfectly, the mucous folds of the rectum were of a deep port wine hue and the spleen engorged almost to rupture with a dark diffluent blood The dusky hue of the mucous membranes pervaded the adipose tissues as well, and petechiae were abundant throughout the body Cadaverous rigidity was little marked, and lasted but a short time, Flies collected on the body in immense numbers, even before death, evidently attracted by the odor of decomposition,

The most universally acknowledged causes of the malady in animals are Plethora, or a state of the blood highly charged with organic elements an impervious soil or subsoil a very rich surface soil, inundations a period of heat and dryness calculated to foster the decomposition of organic matters to a great depth in the ground, and a great contrast between the day and night temperatures and in this case all coincided to produce one of the most malignant types of the disease It may be added that while this affection is communicable to all animals by inoculation it can scarcely be said to spread in any other way and is therefore to be looked upon as essentially an enzootic disease We must go to such places as the inundated margins and deltas of large rivers, dried up lakes and marshes, or the rich and pestilential Russian steppes to find any approximation to the disastrous outbreaks in man and beast which blackens the history of past ages

It only remains to be noted what was done to check the disorder One hundred of the best steers were turned on a higher pasture with a gravelly subsoil The remainder were of necessity left in the higher of the two meadows formerly occupied, but were fenced out from the swamp and lower meadow where the clay approached nearer to the surface All of both herds were fed with hay and watered with a solution of carbolic acid and bichromate of potassa The fifty sick bullocks took small doses of nitro muriatic acid and bichromate of potassa by the mouth and a solution of sulphate of quinia, iodide of potassium and bisulphite of soda hypodermically each repeated twice daily The result was that of the fifty animals seriously ill on the 14th only two died and the rest made a prompt and perfect recovery Only two new cases occurred on the 15th and these were the last

The Scientists are laboring to rob poor Christopher Columbus of his laurels M d'Hervey de Saint Denis is of opinion that the actual discovery of America took place as early as the third century before the Christian era He has unearthed some old Chinese documents which treat more fully of Fu Sang or the land upon the great ocean and leave no doubt that the Chinese knew all about the land of the free and the home of the brave before Christ was born The Chinese give the continent which lies between the Pacific on one side and the immense blue sea on the other a width of a thousand leagues which agrees with the distance between the Pacific and the Atlantic on the parallel of San Francisco The information given of the [illegible] agrees with what is known of the ancient Peruvians But as the Peruvian civilization had been established when Pizarro found it [illegible] than three or four hundred years it is probable that the Chinese navigators encountered the race which occupied the pueblos now ruined which formerly [illegible] the valleys of Arizona and New Mexico It is quite possible that some valuable information relating to the former occupants of our continent the mound builders, the Toltecs and those strange vanished races may be unearthed in the future by the venerable [illegible] of Chinese discovery —*Chicago Times*

A CHINESE PAPER The Pekin *Gazette* has been published several thousand years and [illegible] exclusively [illegible] The Chinese, slow proud and [illegible] have made no progress in a thousand years

A LECTURE,

DELIVERED BEFORE CASCADE GRANGE No 170 AND PUBLISHED BY REQUEST OF THE GRANGE

We live in an age of progress and refinement The rays of knowledge penetrate more and more into hidden mysteries Science draws from off the face of visionary fancies and shows us the bare truth We can say with right that we grow older faster than our ancestors did by seeing the transactions events circumstances, discoveries and advantages pass within our reach and power in rapid succession. The achievements of the present age are really surprising and keep us in a constant state of excitement We are so enticed on and still onward by the success of others that we do not take notice nor stop to investigate certain affairs which at a shallow observation seem unimportant but at a thorough investigation we will find that it is not sound

We in many cases neglect to take an example of other nations or the experience of the past and also the circumstance that has brought them forth we hurry onward to increase advantages we imagine we have gained or the deed we have accomplished

By the most careful management we are liable to make mistakes The wisest government has allowed disadvantageous circumstances to creep into it, which may injure the family the community the nation, though a considerable space of time may pass between the original causes and the final result of those circumstances, it may appear so indirect that the cause may not be perceived by many but in the course of time the evil may grow so serious that a calamity is unavoidable It is discouraging to see a government allowing an evil to hang on knowing the injury it creates be it in family, social or public life They know not how to overcome the difficulty but, so to say they work against the good intentions of Providence

One of these questions is now agitating the minds of the greatest mass of the people and a worthiest class, the *laborer* And while this is a government wherein the majority (ought to) rules, and free for everyone to express his opinion the question before us is so pressing that it wants to be acted upon immediately, then the longer we remain inactive, the worse will be our situation

Now let us candidly and sincerely lay the questions before those that are in favor of Chinese labor Was it a pressing necessity to bring foreign labor to this country? Was there a want of a sufficient laboring force of white men? will this country profit by this foreign element? will those dollars of our hard cash these Chinese take out of the country ever find their way back? Every sound thinking true, free patriotic American citizen who wishes at heart the welfare of the people, will answer these questions with no! and thrice no!! They are questions worth considering yet we find the greedy hand of the Mongolian race thrusting itself into every corner and craving of industry and they find employment just because they work cheap but is this not making our poor more wretched? will it not drive those that cannot get away to the utmost to crime? will it not encourage immigration of industrious people which this coast is so in need of? more Chinaman will come but not white men

Let me call attention to one instance only a consequence of this cheap labor, and then reflect a little and see if this is beneficial to the prosperity of our country While statistics are constantly being published with regard to, and congratulations being passed upon the immense number of foreigners who annually reach these shores, but little is said about another equally decided movement and one which is rapidly gaining force Alludes to the return of immigrants to Europe from this country (Speaking here of one sea port only) Our custom house returns show a loss from this source within the last decade of [illegible] It is clear on the face of it that those persons who have returned are of the most worthy class, or they would not have been able to get away

'The last English census shows an unaccountable excess in the population beyond the legitimate and natural increase according to the usual and exact computations of the Registrar It might have been expected to be 22 122 080, but the enumeration was found to be 22 710 266 or 590 186 in excess, and which was to be accounted for Allowing half of this excess to have been from a more perfect [illegible] 300 000 which can only be accounted for on the supposition that it is the reflux of emigration and as the major part of the English immigration is to this country It follows that the major is also therefrom It is also instructive to note that in the decade of 1850-60 this reflux amounted only to 7,450 per annum, while in the last decade it approached 30,000 per annum The reflux to Germany and other European countries is doubtless considerable, that to Ireland is comparatively insignificant.

We want immigration to this coast to develop our resources, they will not come as long as the Mongolian curse is permitted to watch our prosperity as its prey Slavery is abolished, but this is meaner then, direct slavery it is second handed slavery With such a situation and with such examples already existing, how much more will it increase if the Chinese are allowed to overrun the whole country Two or three or even four million of coolies are scarcely missed in China the vacancy hardly noticed but is sufficient to throw out of employment all of our own unskilled laborers, to take away the bread from thousands of our fellow citizens for whose well being our commonwealth depends upon The prosperity of the laborer, is also the prosperity of the country these are indisputable facts It is therefore time to investigate with energy and act immediately upon this important question before it is carried too far Individuals have already suffered let us check the evil before it might effect the nation and the country at large

Those that like to have servants around them, and to smell the odor of a Chinaman, (may) speak of cheap labor toleration of natural rights, of civil rights, and other nonsense To fairly sound the first it turns out to be dear labor in the end second toleration of another race is not natural we have proof of the fact in the Southern States third natural rights they have none, this they may enjoy to their keenest wish if they remain in Asia for all we care, and fourth civil rights—that is a question we will leave to every person of good sense to decide

It is to be wondered how our forefathers got along while they did not enjoy the good smell of a Mongol they must have been very unhappy Natural rights and civil rights considered every civil right has its foundation some natural right pre existing in the individual but to which his individual power is not in all cases sufficiently competent Of this kind are all those which relate to security protection and existence This last must then be enforced upon every sound thinking American citizen Let us not allow another race to drain our country of its wealth and make our poor more wretched let not the star of our glory set on the shore of China but let the labor to the enterprise and industry be performed by our laborer encourage him with fair wages to develop his genius and skill

It is worthy of remark that it does require much skill even to handle a spade or a pick properly and of a hundred men who are supposed to know nothing more than how to handle a pick there are not a dozen who know anything about it whatever. It is only to be wished that there were more of this class who had the ambition to be skilled workmen It is the skill which we must encourage There is no demand so pressing on the business world as is that of competent men to [illegible] on the enterprise, men of sound practical [illegible] which they are able to apply to the business of life it is not the man who has read [illegible] nor studied [illegible] who [illegible] the [illegible] of miners into the dark [illegible] of the earth nor the man who translated [illegible] and Latin who is able to build a stack [illegible] a level for a canal or build [illegible] for a railroad

But why are there so many young men who [illegible] to law medicine or the pulpit and counter [illegible] whereas if they had learned a useful mechanical trade might have raised to distinction and honor With proper encouragement they would have [illegible] one of the others Some would [illegible] their sons to stand behind a counter [illegible] more honorable [illegible] a work bench But it is a [illegible] We have means to educate [illegible] not that they may [illegible] and dashing [illegible] but that they [illegible] which have real results in them and are calculated to bless mankind

Let us above all avoid servitude from another nation it will habituate persons to luxury and indolence and this will lead to the ruin of a nation and to the downfall of a government I wish this coast may never be stricked by ragged [illegible] seventy or eighty years of age begging in the streets for bread The dying [illegible] will [illegible] from place to place to [illegible] the lands of the wretched will be known the offspring of poverty and distress will be [illegible] would the poor as well as the rich will then have a common interest in the support of the commonwealth and the prosperity of the country Hard times which is the common complaint now will disappear and money will be plenty and everybody will feel contented If this coast shall prosper draw away with Chinese labor encourage white immigration You will then create a home market and home manufactures More home consumption will bring lands in demand this will increase the value of your land Only one of the many advantages that home consumption gives us is the surplus, and enhances values in whatever they may consist It will lessen the rate of interest on money and cause it to flow in channels subservient to the general good

The capacity of keeping money at home and making it useful to all is the most complete economy yet attained The difference between the places or countries where they manufacture their products and those where those products are disposed of in the raw state are the same now as when natives first exchanged commodities with each other The balance of trade was always against those who sold in the raw states Year after year have they gone to the bosom of mother earth and there sought to replenish their exhausted resources Year after year the balance has increased against them The history of all manufacturing centers are alike to write the history of one is to write the duplicate of the rest In short, any community that fails to develop the two great industries—agriculture and manufactures—fails in its duties to the people, and deserves the poverty that is always its portion

"The money sent abroad in one season for articles which we should make at home would put in operation a factory in every important county in the State Great as we are in all natural resources we ought to assume a higher position But the resources are undeveloped, the lands lay wild and unbroken the white man must give way to the Chinaman, and he takes the spoils to China and laughs at our expense Let us take some figures to illustrate more clearly how we are drained by them in a financial respect Say there are 8 000 coolies in Oregon let each Chinaman clear 25 cents per day an average which is taken at a small figure this will amount to the small sum of $2,000 per day But at the end of a year it will amount to the enormous sum of $730 000 This goes out of the land besides what they steal Now if this sum would remain in our [illegible] it be greatly felt

In conclusion let us ask those that favor the Chinaman, who sit in ease and solace yourselves in plenty and who say to yourselves are we not well off? have ye thought of these things? when ye do ye will cease to speak and feel for yourselves alone Then let us avoid servitude and remain free and independent Providence has favored us in all respects has favored us with a mild and enlightened government, let us maintain it let us show the world how powerful we can be in upholding our principles as an independent and great nation

DROWNING OF THIRTEEN PERSONS—The Quebec *Mercury*, of November 2d has the following account of a sad drowning accident, which was briefly reported by telegraph While the ferry steamer *Montmorency* was off St Laurent, landing her passengers as usual in a scow, late on Saturday evening the storm which raged furiously, drove the frail craft full of passengers, forty five in number, and its load of freight, against the steamer and the boat overturned, throwing all into the rolling billows Capt Bloum leaped into the water and saved fourteen lives, and a young man named [illegible] acted boldly, saving many lives, but when the saved were called over thirteen passengers were discovered to be missing

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PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY

For 1876.

IN PRESS AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON OR about February 1 1876 the PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1876 embracing a General Directory of Residents a Directory of East Portland together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the City

This being the FOURTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work the publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE his aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city

The CANVASSING FOR NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail

A Competent Canvasser will call for Advertisements and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past twelve years

☞ Please report all alterations in Firms or Business Removals etc at the office of Publication

S J. McCORMICK, Publisher,
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Senatorial Contest

Damage to Ocean Cable

Fraudulent Of

Murder and

Jas. O. Broadhead A Counsel in the

Greco-Roman

Successful Engagement

Plymouth Chu

Defaulted and

Origin of the Riot at

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Money a

Meeting of the Rep

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SOUTH

The Peruvian Go

Skeletons Discover

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